INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

PRICE: ONE ANNA

REGD. NO. B. 1065

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXIII NO. 86 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

'C. R.' TO RETIRE FROM PUBLIC LIFE

Mr. Roosevelt Raises Price Of Silver

Sharp Increase In Industrial Demand

BOMBAY MARKET ELECTRIFIED

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW YORK, April 11.

President Roosevelt has lowered the seigniorage on newly minted domestic silver from 50/- to 45/- resulting in an advance in the purchase price from 64.50 to 71.11 cents per ounce.

Further advance is likely in the event of the world price of silver approaching the new level.

The U. S. Treasury will continue to buy foreign silver as the total amount of silver held now is valued at 1450 million dollars while the 25/75 ratio of silver and gold requires the acquisition of an additional 1416 million dollars worth of silver.

The Industrial demand of silver is sharply increasing chiefly in anticipation of higher prices

The Agricultural Committee of the Senate has reported unanimously to substitute the Wheeler Bill providing minimum monthly silver purchase of 50,000 million ounces until 25/75 ratio of silver and gold is reached or until the purchasing power of 16 ounces of silver is equal to that of one ounce of gold.

EFFECT ON BOMBAY SILVER

The U. S. silver announcement electrified the local silver market where the price of Chaitra delivery shot up from Rs. 76-10 the previous closing rate to Rs. 78-11. The closing rate at 12 mid-night was Rs. 78-6.

The London silver market was firm with a rise of 3/4 pence from 28-15/16d. to 29-11/16d.

TOWARDS METALLIC CURRENCY?

WASHINGTON, April 11.

The Senate Agriculture Committee has approved Wheeler's Silver Coinage Bill giving the silver ratio as 16 to 1 with gold.

The Bill is designed to inflate the currency and to speed up the attainment of metallic currency with a base of one part of silver and three parts of gold.

The Committee's action has spurred the silver advocates to fresh activity but it is admitted that the bill faces a doubtful future in the Senate.—Reuter's Special.

PUNJAB TOUR CANCELLED?

Sequel To Sudden Setback In Rajendra Babu's Health

WILL RETURN TO BEHAR

LAHORE, April 11.

Babu Rajendra Prasad was to have resumed the programme of his tour this afternoon as the doctors had given him a "clean bill of health" last night, but unexpectedly he again developed asthmatic trouble causing him to give up his new programme. It is very probable that Rajendra Prasad's entire programme in the Punjab will be cancelled and he will return to Bihar.

Babu Rajendra Prasad's entire tour programme of the Punjab has been cancelled and he will probably return to Bihar in a day or two.

Rajen Babu is suffering from an attack of asthma and has been advised by his doctors to cancel the tour.—A.P.

VENKAPPA BURUD WITHDRAWS

Gunga Declared Winner At Kolhapur Wrestling

(From A Correspondent).

KOLHAPUR, April 11.

The renowned wrestling match between Venkappa Burud and Gunga took place this evening in Khasbag arena.

After fifteen minutes fight, Venkappa Burud withdrew and the umpires declared Gunga as winner.

About 30,000 people assembled to witness the wrestling. The Maharaja of Kolhapur, Col. Tate, the Chiefs of Miraj (Junior and Senior) were also present.

STOP PRESS

INDIA BILL & BURMA

LONDON, April 11.

The Burma part of the India Bill was completed shortly after the resumption of consideration of the India Bill this afternoon. Eight drafting amendments by Sir S. Hoare were agreed to without discussion and clause 443 adopted.

Clauses 449 and 450 were adopted.

Sir Thomas Inskip moved Sir S. Hoare's amendment to clause 451 providing that nothing in the clause should affect the preamble to the Government of India Act of 1919.—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND GERMAN POLICY

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 11.

The current of criticisms abroad of the fact that the British Government has not yet come out with a "strong statement" on the German policy has not escaped notice in London. Reuter understands that grave anxiety apparent on the Continent is fully appreciated and is to some extent shared here. There is no disposition to go back upon the attitude adopted at the time of the Anglo-French discussions or to recede from the obligations already undertaken. On the other hand it appears to be thought that before this country considers the commitments which might go far beyond anything hitherto contemplated, the precise aims and objects of the German policy might well be further explored.

MAHARAJA ASSAULTED

Incident Outside Delhi Council House

NEW DELHI, April 11.

An incident occurred outside the Council House to-day when the Council of State adjourned for lunch.

The Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga had entered his car with Raja Charanjitsingh and was waiting for one of his staff to get in, an old Hindu, it is alleged, boarded the car and assaulted the Maharaja and abused him.

HANDED OVER TO POLICE.

The Maharaja's staff who had come to watch the proceedings of the Council immediately got hold of the man and handed him over to the police.

The Maharaja has filed a written complaint on which the police are taking further proceedings.—A. P.

Shillong, April 11. A mild shock of tarthquake was felt here at about 11 a.m. this morning.—United Press.

ITALY WILLING FOR ARBITRATION

LONDON, April 11.

The Italian Government is informing Abyssinia of her willingness to submit the frontier dispute to arbitration under the Italo-Abyssinian Treaty of 1928, according to a letter received by the League. The Italian Government denies the Abyssinian contention that this procedure was exhausted.—Reuter.

Gandhiji Fails To Dissuade

MADRAS, April 11.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, at a public meeting held at the High Court beach to congratulate Mrs. Lakshmipathi, announced his decision to shortly retire from all public activities. He said that he had taken this decision after great consideration and would yield to no persuasion to go back.

"I have worked hard for these 30 years and I can legitimately seek retirement," was his only explanation.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar refused to be interviewed, but it appears that there has been some correspondence on the subject between him and Mahatma Gandhi in which, it is reported, Mahatma Gandhi has failed to dissuade him from retirement.—A.P.

BELGIUM TO FOLLOW U. S.

(Special Cable)

BRUSSELS, April 11.

Following the United States' example, Belgium has ruled that the payments in respect of obligations containing "gold clause" will legally be met by payments in divalued currency.

The order operates from March 31 and does not affect the obligations in respect of loans raised or guaranteed by the State, colonies, provinces or communes.

Gloomy Outlook For Stresa Conference

Italy Seems To Pin Her Faith To 'War Weapons'

STRESA, April 11.

The first session of the Three-Power Conference opened this morning and continues till 1-30 p.m., when the delegates will attend a luncheon wherein forty guests will participate given at Palace by the Italian Government.

Thereafter the delegates go on an excursion to Palazza (? Palazzo) to visit the mausoleum.

General Cadorna, Italy's Commander-in-Chief during the War, will return from Isola Della at 5 p.m. in the afternoon when the talks will be resumed.—Reuter.

FATEFUL CONFERENCE

(Special Cable)

The Three-Power Conference, fateful in its bearing on European security, opened at eleven when Mr. MacDonald, Sir J. Simon, M. Laval, Sgr. Mussolini and M. Flandin gathered round a square ornately gilded table in the music room of Borromeo Palace. Lake Maggiore with fairy islands just discernible through sunpierced mist presented an inspiring picture for the pending peace talks when the French delegates formally habited and top-hatted and British delegates in lounge suits sped across the water to Isola Bella in fast motor launches.

While the Conference was in session, access to the Island was limited to officials, and therefore, no news is gleanable till the delegations' return to Stresa late in the afternoon.

The pre-lunch period, it is understood, was occupied with Sir J. Simon's ammount of Capt. Eden's tour. The Italian authorities are taking no chances for the safety of the delegates.

ROUTES HEAVILY GUARDED

Frontier's railway routes, roads along which they passed were heavily guarded by the troops and the police even by machine-gun posts. M. Laval abruptly ended the morning stroll outside his hotel this morning when he found himself accompanied by twenty plain clothes men. At 8-40 Sgr Mussolini met Mr. MacDonald and Sir J. Simon at the stations hailing the British Ministers in English while the Italian Military band played "God Save the King."

WAR WEAPONS TO GUARANTEE PEACE!

Italy's plan, whilst the horizon remains cloudy, to maintain 600,000 men under arms equipped with the most modern war weapons and hasten the construction of air fleets as an indispensable element to guarantee peace, is outlined in an article in "Popolo d'Italia."

The article also refers to the possibility of another meeting in the near future which will include Germany, Russia and Poland who are absent at present but whose affairs overshadowed the conference. The article aroused much interest in diplomatic circles, as it implies that Italy is concentrating once more on the idea of collaborating with Germany rather than establishing at Stresa and opposition camp to Germany.

The morning session lasted two and a half hours and was devoted to a long exposition by Sir J. Simon on his recent visits to Berlin, Moscow, Prague and Warsaw.

The French appeal to the League will be discussed in the afternoon.

MUSSOLINI'S ATTITUDE

Despite the report that the Duce will present a definite plan for European stability, it is now clear that he will confine himself for the time being to drafting the agenda containing most exhaustive examination of the European outlook consequent on the German conscription, British Minister's tour in Europe with its effect on London communique, possible armaments concessions in Hungary, Austria and Bulgaria.—Reuter.

U. S. Silver Policy Holds World's Attention

Further Jump In Internal Prices Likely

Chinese Currency Difficulties May Be Rendered More Acute

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 11.

The United States silver policy once again holds the centre of the stage.

Bullion merchants express the opinion that it is only a question of time before the world price again catches up with the increased internal American price when the administration will presumably further raise the internal price till ultimately the bi-metallists' dream of 1.29 dollars per ounce of silver or the ratio of 16 to 1 with gold may come true.

Strong Bull Point For Speculators

It is pointed out that the United States still has a considerable leeway to make with the silver purchase policy which constitutes a strong bull point for the metal encouraging speculators especially the Chinese.

Bullion merchants and bankers, while stressing that China is divorced from silver, depreciate the action of the United States as tending to render the Chinese currency difficulties acuter owing to the intensification of exports of the metal.

Ban On Nasik Procession

D. M. SERVES ORDER ON KALARAM TEMPLE PUJARIS

NASIK, April 11.

An order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. was issued by Mr. N. A. Faruqui, District Magistrate, Nasik, last night prohibiting the Kalaram Temple Rath procession. The order comes into effect to-night and remains in force till 30th April.

D. M. SERVES ORDER.

The District Magistrate accompanied by the District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, personally served the order on the temple Pujaris. The order states that the customary procession of the idol of Shrikalaram and Padukas in connection with the Ramnavami festival has in past caused disturbance of public tranquility on account of the dispute between caste Hindus and so-called "Untouchables" regarding participation in the procession and as this year also it is likely to cause disturbance the District Magistrate directs the Pujaris and the public to abstain from removing the idol and "Padukas" from the temple between the abovementioned dates in any Rath, Palanquin or any conveyance. The order further directs the Pujaris who are managers of the Rath to restore it to its original shed within 24 hours and not to remove it till after 6 a.m. on 30th April or to allow any one else to do so.

SANATANISTS DISAPPOINTED.

Great discontent prevails among a section of the Sanatanists, who, it is understood held a private meeting last night to consider the position. As the Rath procession has not been held since 1930 when a serious clash between the Sanatanists and the Harijans occurred, the former are credited with the intention to approach the higher authorities to secure the necessary permission. The depressed classes are holding a meeting to-morrow to consider the situation arising out of the order.

Meanwhile, the authorities are preparing to meet any eventualities. A large section of the District Police is being drafted to the City.—A. P.

18 TRIBESMEN KILLED

Advancing Lashkar Repulsed By Nowshera Column

R. A. F. MAINTAIN WATCH OVER AREA

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Further information has been received regarding the operations in Agra Salient of the Malakand protected area during which the military column moved from Kalangai to Agra and forced the tribal lashkar raised by the Faqir of Alingar and Faghfur Khan across the Swat River. The Faqir then lefte the Utmankhel country and on the first of March the column was withdrawn to its peace station.

During the march, the Faqir of Alingar made a determined effort to re-establish his influence over the tribes of Agra Salient and their neighbours. After his flight across the Swat on February 25, he carried out a vigorous recruiting tour in Bajaur and by March 2 he had succeeded in collecting a lashkar of the upper Shamozais and persuading Badshah Gul, son of the Hazi of Turungazai, to assist him in the campaign.

LASHKAR ADVANCES.

This lashkar moved towards the Swat river gaining a few recruits during its advance and reached the crossings of the Swat on March 4. Crossing the river by night, the lashkar in spite of the opposition by the Agra Jirga, seized Loe Agra. Two days later a flying column from Nowshera organised previously to meet any emergencies of this nature, arrived at Bargholai, five miles south of Loe Agra. The arrival of this column combined with retaliatory action by the R. A. F. against small parties of the enemy, stabilised the situation. The camp of the flying column was sniped on the night of the seventh but a successful ambush organised by the Punjab Regiment caused five casualties among the snipers and the sniping ceased.

On March 10 the Nowshera Column which had concentrated at Kot, entered Loe Agra and the hostiles again withdrew across the Swat, the bulk of them dispersing to their villages.

HOSTILES WITHDREW.

On March 16 the Nowshera Column returned to its peace station, leaving behind the 3/2 Punjab Regiment at Bargholai and the 1st Duke of Wellingtons Regiment at Kot together with some artillery. The R. A. F. also continued to maintain watch over the area. Once more the Faqir set out recruiting and by April 4 had managed to raise another lashkar which filtered across the Swat by craddle bridges and skin rafters and got into Agra Salient. On the night of April 5 a determined attack was made on a picket consisting of one company and a machine gun platoon of the 3/2 Punjab Regiment near Bargholai.

18 KILLED.

This attack was repulsed, the tribesmen losing at least 18 killed and 4 wounded, the picket lost one killed and six wounded. The Nowshera Column has again been concentrated at Bargholai preparatory to further action to safeguard the protected area.—A. P.

ANOTHER SIND M. L. C. RESIGNS

KARACHI, April 11.

It is understood that Mr. M. H. Gazdar, M.L.C., representing the Karachi City Muslim constituency, has resigned his membership of the Bombay Council as a protest against the Government's refusal to appoint a committe of enquiry into the Karachi firing.—A.P.

TABULATED ADLETS
1 Anna Per Word.
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Government Diplomaed Architectural Draftsman (Experienced) Planning. Designing Buildings required Up-country. Salary Rs. 60. And Qualified Gujarati Accountant, Rs. 40/45. Apply personally Royal Service Agency, 369-71, 3rd floor. Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (4033)

Wanted Underwriters to sell shares of a flourishing concern which has been steadily paying dividends. Apply to Box No. 4023, "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for (a) a temporary Lecturer in Mathematics on Rs. 120 p.m., for about one term commencing 17th June, and (b) a temporary Lecturer in English on Rs. 120 p.m. for one term commencing 15th June. Apply to the Principal, Baroda College Baroda. (3897).

Wanted—Experienced, Influential and capable organisers on liberal terms of salary or commission or both in the Life Department of the Free India General Insurance Company Limited with a strong Directorate and having attractive Policies to sell. Apply stating past insurance experience to N. K. Bhartiya & Sons, Managing Agents, P. B. 42, Cawnpore. (4026)

Wanted Thoroughly Experienced Salesmen and Agents by an old established Soap Factory in Calcutta, manufacturers of all kinds of soaps—toilet, household, washing, soft, bar, liquid, powder, etc; suitable for Bazar business, Mills, Railways and Govt. Dept. Fine position and opportunity for really first class men and firms. Only smart experienced and live-wire salesmen and firms need apply to Box No. 4024, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Lady Stenographer well-educated seeks position in established firm, or as Secretary to business or literary man. Efficiency, accuracy and neat work assured. Box No. 4019, "Bombay Chronicle."

27. HOTELS.

Hotel India, Connaught Place, New Delhi.—Home Comforts. Excellent Food. Efficient Service. Indian and European Catering, Sanitary Bath Rooms. Phone 2061. (9527).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Why Despair?—Get Sound Training and befit yourself for a brilliant billet. Apply Technological Institute, Civil Engineering, Rajkot. (3923).

Wanted Candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Prospectus No. "E" free:—British India Technical College Sukkur (Sind). (3960).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Gentleman desires to join with Rupees Twenty thousand well-established Film Producing concern on mutually suitable terms. Correspondence confidential. Apply Box 4038, "Bombay Chronicle".

73. AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golve	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders, offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorised Agents. Kass & Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Wanted People to know their future. Apply with Horoscope. Date of birth and time. Life reading Rs. 3. Detail life reading Rs. 10. Five questions Rs. 3. Apply with time of letter writing with Horoscope. Lilavathi Jyothishyanilaya, 1143, Bajrama's Line, Chamarajapuram, Mysore.

103. LIVE STOCK

Black Labrador Imported pups for sale. From best stock. Apply Mrs. I. V. Ferguson, Police Bungalow, Jaunpur. (4000).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A going and paying Concern is to be sold. Proprietor retiring owing to ill-health, for particulars write Box 4030, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per insertion.

1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, the undersigned have purchased as from the 1st day of January, 1935, the business of Caterer, confectioners and general merchants theretofore carried on by Messrs. Kaikhushru Jamshedji Commasariatwalla and Ruttonshaw Bomanji Cooper in the name, style and firm of Messrs. K. Cooper & Co. at Medows Street, Fort Bombay and in the name style and firm of Cooper's Bakery at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, together with the name and good-will thereof, and that as from the said 1st day of January, 1935 I have been carrying on and shall hereafter carry on the aforesaid business on my own account under the aforesaid name style and firm of Messrs. K. Cooper and Co. at Medows Street and in the name and style and firm of Cooper's Bakery at Bazar Gate Street, aforesaid.

Dated this 12th day of April, 1935.

PHIROZE HORMUSJI.
4034.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS

In accordance with section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs MENESSE and CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 16th April, 1935 at 2 p.m., in the Liquor Shed (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

Films, Auto parts, 350 Bags Arges, Spectacle glasses, Electric lamps, Toilet requisites, glass tubes.

MENESSE & CO.

THE CARLTON
TO-NIGHT AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAST THREE SHOWS OF
"THE CUCKOOS"
FROM TO-MORROW
Another KORDA Masterpiece!
DOUG. FAIRBANKS
in
London Films' Spectacular production
"THE PRIVATE LIFE OF DON JUAN"
Remember the name:
SWASTIK TALKIES
under which the Carlton will soon present brand new superlative
INDIAN TALKIES

WELLINGTON
TO-DAY MATINEE at 3-30 p.m.
Three shows to-day, at 3-30; 6-30; 10 p.m.
LAST DAY TO-DAY to see
The Most Stupendous Screen Musical Attraction
500 SINGING, DANCING GIRLS
ORCHESTRA OF 125 SYMPHONISTS
GREAT GABBO
GREAT GABBO
GLITTERING PAGEANT OF FEMININE PULCHRITUDE
ERICH VON STROHEIM
and the screen's fascinating beauty with gifted tune
BETTY COMPSON
SEVEN SMASHING SONG HITS
Plans Open—Book Early.

E.I.C.A. Ring Open For Business

Sir P. Thakurdas Gives Assurance Of Taking Strongest Steps To Obtain Satisfaction

The Ring Committee of the East India Cotton Association met on Thursday and decided to keep the Trading Ring open for business.

BOARD'S ASSURANCE TO MEMBERS

Expectation ran high at the East India Cotton Association at Sheikh Memon Street on Thursday when the cotton traders of Bombay thronged there, eagerly awaiting the verdict of the Ring Committee on the question of resumption of business in the trading ring.

Contrary to anticipations, the Ring Committee, at its meeting held yesterday resolved, after considering the notice issued over the signature of Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, President of the E. I. C. A. on behalf of the Board of Directors to resume business as usual.

The notice issued on behalf of the E.I.C.A. board, gave the assurance that they would take the strongest steps to obtain satisfaction regarding the incident of Tuesday. They expect to receive a full explanation from the police authorities together with a statement as to the action which the police proposed to take against those responsible for the incident.

Text Of Notice.

The following is the full text of the notice issued by the East India Cotton Association on Wednesday.

"The Board at its meeting today discussed the unfortunate incident which occurred in the trading ring yesterday when several persons were injured as a result of what the police admitted to have been a mistake much to be regretted.

"The Board are actively pursuing the matter with the police authorities and will take the strongest steps to obtain satisfaction. They expect to receive a full explanation from the police together with a statement as to the action which the police proposed to take against those responsible for the incident.

"Should it be necessary to approach the higher authorities in this matter, the Board will not fail to do so. The Board are aware of the sense of insecurity in the minds of those using the trading ring in view of the incident and assure the trade that they will do everything in their power to see that security is afforded against a repetition of an incident of this kind.

The Board, therefore, have resolved to request the trade to start trading as normal and not to keep the forward trading market closed any longer.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,
PURUSHOTTAMDAS THAKURDAS
President.

10th April, 1935.

Ring Committee's Decision.

The Ring Committee held a meeting in the morning and issued the following notification:

"The Ring Committee have considered the notice No. 426 dated 10th April, 1935 issued over the signature of the President of the Association on behalf of the Board of Directors in connection with the incident which took place on the 9th instant. In view of the assurance conveyed by the Board therein, particularly in para 3 thereof, the Ring Committee have resolved that the trading ring should resume business from 12-15 p.m. to-day."

WOUNDED PERSONS PROGRESSING.

Of the three Bhayyas injured in the lathi charge made by the police at the E.I.C.A. on Tuesday, one was in a serious condition on Wednesday night. The latest information, however, says that all the three are progressing.

JUBILEE MOTOR PARADE

Commercial Houses Realise Publicity Value

Enquiries show that entries for the Commercial Lorry Class for the Silver Jubilee Motor Parade on May 4th are coming in briskly. One or two firms have intimated that they wish to enter more than one lorry, one firm as many as eight vehicles. These big firms have generally many different departments and merely desire to reveal the extent of their business in varying activities, and not to "swamp" the Parade.

It has been decided that in order to encourage such firm with varied interests to advertise all their lines, the usual entry fee of Rs. 100 per vehicle will not apply. In the case of multiple entries of this nature, the following fees have been fixed.

First Lorry	Rs 100
2nd Lorry	Rs. 50
Every additional lorry	Rs. 25 each.

NOVEL PUBLICITY.

Bombay commercial houses are realising the great publicity value which this Motor Parade will afford at reasonable costs. The Chairman of the Sub-Committee (Mr. Sultan Chinoy) has circularised commercial houses and in the course of his letter puts forward the following arguments.

"A Motor Lorry suitably decorated so that you can display in a striking fashion samples of the articles you either manufacture or have for sale, and which will move through the streets of Bombay via the most thoroughly populated area is, you will admit, a novel, and incidentally the best, means of publicity for your products.

"Your advertisement and samples displayed on these lorries will reach the very door of the real buyers of your products. This advertising value cannot be obtained, I venture to submit, by any other means of publicty. The outlay involved for entering a lorry or a car in the Motor Parade is very insignificant compared to the expense incurred with other forms of publicity.

"Besides carrying your message through to a million people who will witness the Parade, your advertisement will be seen simultaneously by thousands of people who will gather to witness the magnificant Fireworks Display, which is being organised as a grand finale to the Motor Parade at Mahaluxmi."

A number of enquiries have been received by the organisers of the Parade from owners of very old cars, which they desire to enter in the class. These cars must be driven by their own power to the Race Course, but many of them stand idle unregistered. Arrangements have been made with the police to exempt these cars from registration for the special purpose of the Motor Parade. Application should be made to the Chairman of the Motor Parade Sub-Committee, who will strange for a special number to be attached to the old car and no further registration will be needed.

CHEATED TAXI DRIVER

Accused Sentenced To One Year's R. I.

For cheating a taxi driver in respect of Rs. 5 an Indian Christian, Victor Patrick Lazarus, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment, yesterday, by Sir H. P. Dastoor, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

The prosecution story was that the accused hired a taxi belonging to Sayad Jalaludin on March 14. He drove to Chowpatty and thence to the Taj. He borrowed a five-rupee note from the taxi driver promising that he would return the loan within a few minutes. The accused never returned.

The defence story was that both the taxi-driver and the accused got an amount of Rs. 2/8 from his employer. They went from Ballard Pier to Victoria Statue on Esplanade Road. The taxi-fare was paid to him from what the employer paid him, but it was only with difficulty that he recovered annas 8 from the complainant due to him.

He did not know what happened after the complainant drove away with some of his friends.

The accused pleaded "not guilty."

The Magistrate disbelieved the defence story and sentenced the accused as stated above.

SHREE SHANTA PRASANNA
SHORT STAY FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY!
SULOCHANA SANGIT MANDALI
at the Grant Road
BOMBAY THEATRE
will stage on RAMNAVMI DAY
TO-DAY, 12th April, 1935, at 3-30 p.m.
SATURDAY, 13th April, 1935, at 9 p.m.
SUNDAY, 14th April, 1935, at 3-30 p.m.
LADIES' REVOLT
alias
BAYAKANCHE BUND
a great Mythological play by the well-known author Mr. K. P. KHADILKAR.
PLANS OPEN: Tickets can be had at the threatre on the days of the drama and on the other days at the Congress House, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay 4.

A Highly Approved New Drama
Bombay Gujarati Natak Mandali
TARDEO—BALIWALLA THEATRE
ON FRIDAY, 12-4-'35 Day 3-30 p.m.
A totally new Sensational Drama
JANJIRNE ZANKARE
Ramsinh—ABDUL REHMAN (Kapudi).
Rupkumari—BAI MUNNIBAI (Songstress).
Joravarsinh—Mr. CHHAGANLAL Vira—Mr. PRANSUKH.
COMIC WAR BETWEEN MEN and WOMEN is worth seeing
Plans open at the Theatre Proprietor—BAPULAL B. NAIK

For OUR SOUTH INDIAN PATRONS!
PRABHAT'S TAMIL TALKIE
Sita Kalyanam
Only for 2 DAYS
TO-DAY (12th April) and on SUNDAY the 14th April
at 9 and 11-15 a. m. (MORNING SHOWS only)
KOHINOOR CINEMA: Dadar (B.B.)

SPECIAL MATINEE
TO-DAY at 2.30 p. m.
CHHATRAPATI SAMBHAJEE
SARASWATEE CINETONE'S Historical Talkie
Featuring:
Master VITHAL, SALVI SHAKUNTALA, VIJAYADEVI
Directed by: Mr. ALTEKAR
ROXY
Daily at 5-15 8, & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p. m.
To-day, Sat. & Sun.

6th Week:
All shall remember
RAMNAVMI if you take them to see—
SAGAR'S
"Vengeance Is Mine"
(VERNI-VASULAT)
SABITADEVI
in her best role
with
KUMAR, YAKUB, PADMA.
Directed by:—
SARVOTTAM BADAMI
from K. M. MUNSHI'S novel
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 2-30.
DAILY 5-15, 8 and 10-45
IMPERIAL CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD.

ELECTION PETITION AGAINST M. L. A.

Issues Framed: Allegations Repelled

LAHORE, April 11.

The election petition against Sardar Mangalsingh, M.L.A. on the ground that he is not entitled to have his nomination paper accepted from the constituency from which he was recently elected to the Assembly and other grounds including alleged corrupt practices and incomplete return of expenses was heard by election Commissioners yesterday.

The Commissioners framed issues, and adjourned the case to May 13.

Sardar Mangalsingh repelled the allegations and claimed compensatory costs.—A. P.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

"I have been surprised at the great value of Kalzana in toning up the nervous system in particular, as well as the functional activity in all respects and phases in general."

—B.A., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S

Colds are not a necessary evil

Nobody can protect themselves day and night against infection, but it is easy to fortify your system against those germs to which you have fallen a victim again and again.

People who used to suffer from colds regularly, now remain free from this troublesome complaint by taking Kalzana. Kalzana contains the vital minerals that give strength to the body cells and increase the activity of the white blood corpuscles. These are the policemen of the body, who devour the dangerous germs.

Kalzana, moreover, banishes all forms of illness resulting from lack of vital minerals in the body, such as *general weakness, frequent headaches, anæmia, bleeding of the nose, eczema, etc.*

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

Kalzana

228 The Mineral Food for Better Health

Post this Coupon for a free sample and booklet.

Name_____

Address_____

Send to Dept. B.C.30

MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Rowlette Building, Prinsep Street, CALCUTTA

SRI CHAMARAJENDRA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

MYSORE

THE BEST PLACE IN INDIA

For Furniture—Carved, Inlaid as well as Cane.

A LARGE STOCK OF ARTISTIC GOODS ARE PERMANENTLY EXHIBITED IN THE INSTITUTE SHOW ROOMS.

We also Stock in our Show Rooms

Oodabathies and scented Sandal tablet manufactured by:—

Messrs. M. A. Kareem, Mysore.
" Satyanarayana Parimala Factory, Mysore.
" Kuntalaranjini Works, Mysore.
" Abbajettappa & Sons, Mysore.
" Narayan Das Kanyalal, Bangalore.
Mr. S. A. Chingan, Ananda Rao Extension, Bangalore, G.P.O.

For further particulars apply to:—

THE SUPERINTENDENT,

CHAMARAJENDRA TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, MYSORE.

Non-Toxic—Non-Depressant—Not Habit-Forming

AN IDEAL PAIN-KILLER

BENGAL CHEMICAL::CALCUTTA.

Bombay Agents:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY

ANÆMIA

use **Deschiens' Syrup**

Already 30,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.

INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France)

Fireworks Factory Raided By C. I. D

Explosives Seized

Men Killed In Worli Explosion Alleged To Be Employees Of Haines Road Factory

Large quantities of dangerous explosives were seized by the Crime Branch of the City Police on Wednesday night during the course of investigations regarding the disastrous explosion at Worli on Sunday.

Potassium chlorate, arsenic sulphide; copper sulphate, gun powder, saltpetre and sulphur were found stored in a room belonging to the fireworks factory at Haines Road, Bombay.

Factory Not Licensed.

Rao Saheb Wagle, C.I.D. who carried out the raid, discovered it is alleged that the Fireworks Factory at Haines Road which was owned by Hussain Mia Fakir Mahomed was not licensed for the year 1935 to manufacture fireworks. Acting on certain information the owner was taken into custody.

On searching the factory on Thursday night, the police found and seized large quantities of dangerous explosives.

Absconder Arrested.

Later Enoos one of the accused who was absconding was also apprehended and arrested.

A very interesting fact was brought to light when the register of employees of the factory was peruaed by the Police. It is alleged that a large number of those who were killed in the explosion were employees of the Fireworks factory and their names were on the roll.

Further investigations are in progress.

DOYEN OF PLEADERS' BAR

Sir H. P. Dastur Pays Tribute To Late Mr. Vijayakar

Tributes to the abilities of the late Mr. Hari Narayan Vijayakar who passed away yesterday morning at his residence in Girgaum, were paid by Sir Hormazdiar Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

Rightly describing him as the doyen of the Pleaders' bar, the Magistrate said that Mr. Vijayakar had to his credit wide experience in the police courts and small causes court, being one of the oldest advocates practising.

Veteran Fighter

A likeable person, a veteran fighter, loved by all for his kindness and courtesy, he was commonly known in the legal circles as "Vijayakar-Kaka".

All those who had the honour of knowing him would feel the loss as an irreparable one.

Mr. P. N. Godinho speaking on behalf of the members of the bar said that with the exception of Dewan Bahadur G. S. Rao there was not another member with a wider experience in the legal profession.

Sincerity in advocacy was a virtue which was uppermost in the late Mr. Vijayakar.

KALYAN CHEATING CASE TO GO ON

Application For Stay Of Proceedings Rejected

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, April 10.

Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, has rejected the revision application preferred by G. S. Phatak of Poona against the order of Mr. M. G. Naik, the Resident Magistrate at Kalyan, refusing to stay the proceedings of the case in which the applicant is charged by Mr. D. K. Phadke with cheating.

It was stated that the trial had dragged on and had reached the stage of recording defence evidence, when the accused applied to the Kalyan Resident Magistrate for stay of proceedings pending the decision of a suit filed against the present accused by his uncle Mr. Lakshmanrao in the court of the first class, sub-judge at Poona in connection with a promissory note of the value of Rs. 5,000 on which the present case was based.

The Magistrate refused on February 22 last the application on the ground that the civil suit matter was not relevant to the case and that the intention of the accused, it appeared, was to prolong the trial.

The Sessions Judge, in confirming the lower court's order, observed that it was not a fit case to recommend to the High Court to stay the proceedings at that stage.

U. S. FILM BANNED IN BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

The following notification appears in to-day's Bombay Government Gazette:

Whereas the Bombay Board of Film Censors has, under sub-section (4) of section 7 of the Cinematograph Act, 1918, as amended by Act XXIII of 1919, suspended the certificate granted by the Bengal Board of Film Censors in respect of the film entitled "We live again (syn.)";

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (6) of the said section, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the said film as certified by the Bengal Board of Film Censors shall be deemed to be an uncertified film in the whole of the Bombay Presidency.

INDIAN ENGINEER IN AUSTRALIA

Mr. R. K. Nariman Studying Problems Of Dam And Canal Construction

Professor R. K. Nariman, M.I.C.R. A.C.H., who left Bombay some time ago is now in Australia, having attended there the Conference of the Institution of Engineers arranged in connertion with the Centenary Celebrations.

Mr. R. K. Nariman was the only Indian Delegate to the World Engineering Conference at Tokio in 1929 and the International Dam Congress in Scandinavia. In 1933. He was formerly in Government of India's Service and retired from the Punjab. Since his retirement from Government service, he held the position of Professor of Constructional Engineering in the University of Osmania, Hyderabad. Having had a hand in the construction of one of the biggest dams in the country, Mr R. K. Nariman will inspect some of the very fine dams in Australia and also study such problems as silting up of canals and dams, soil deterioration arising from the presence of alkali and general drainage questions.

After his Australian visit, Mr. Nariman will tour New Zealand and return to India after one more trip to Japan.

Mr. R. K. Nariman is one of the four brilliant sons of the late Lt.-Col. Nariman, who was a pioneer Indian member of the Indian Medical Service and who served in Bombay District appointments in the eighties and nineties of the last century. Another brothr of Mr Nariman is Major J. K. Nariman who has since retired from the Indian Medical Service and who held various appointments.

Dr. B. K. Nariman, MRCP, (Lon.) who has also retired held the appointment of Chief Medical Officer of M. and S. M. Railway. The youngest of the Nariman brothers was the late Mr G. K. Nariman, well-known in Bombay as a brilliant Oriental Scholar, linguist and journalist.

FATAL ASSAULT ON MILL WORKER

Story Of Ill-feeling Between Deceased And Suspect Told At Inquest

The City Coroner opened yesterday the inquiry into the death of Mahadeo Raghoo (30) a mill-operative, who was fatally stabbed on Wednesday night at Tulsi Pipe Road.

Shivram Ragho, a mill-operative, in giving evidence, stated that there was some ill-feeling between the deceased and Dainoo, the suspect, who was his boarder. Dainoo, witness continued, used to take liberties with the deceased's wife and was turned out some two months ago.

On Wednesday, night witness was told that Dainoo and another man had assaulted the deceased.

The alleged assailants are absconding.

Pending police investigations, the inquiry was adjourned to April 23.

Her dhobi uses Sunlight Soap now

—and clothes last longer

"Here's another heap of dirty clothes. I do wish washing didn't harm the clothes so much, and they never seem to be really clean."

"Take my advice and insist on your dhobi using Sunlight Soap. Sunlight's 'extra soapiness' gets out the dirt without the need for harmful beating and rubbing."

A MONTH LATER

"How smart your children look to-day. Did you take my advice about Sunlight Soap?"

"Yes. I'm so glad I did. The clothes all look so fresh and clean now. And Sunlight must clean them gently because they last much longer."

Sunlight Soap makes it possible to clean clothes without harming them. Whether clothes are washed by a dhobi or at home always be certain that Sunlight is used; its "extra soapiness" gets dirt out so easily, and leaves white things dazzlingly white, washable colours bright. Always keep Sunlight in the home; there are many uses for it, and it costs so little now.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED I-S 1089-288A

MANAGER ARRESTED BY POLICE

Will Be Sent To Madras To Face Cheating Charge

Swigar James, a European (30), Manager of the Textile Corporation, wanted by the Joint Magistrate of Pollachi (Madras) on charges of cheating under Sections 420 and 120-B, I. P. Code, was arrested yesterday morning by Sergt. Burton of the Lamington Road Police Station and was later placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

He was ordered to be sent to the Court of the Jt. Magistrate of Pollachi.

DEATH FROM LATHI BLOWS

Story Of Assault On Tenant Revealed At Coroner's Inquest

The City Coroner concluded yesterday the inquest on Bobbankhan Hussein Khan (50) who died on Sunday night.

Ahmed Khan, son of the deceased in giving evidence stated that on Sunday last three Pathans and a "Pardeshi" who collected rents went to their room and demanded rent for the month. Witness' father said he would pay it in a day or two. One of the Pathans insisted on the immediate payment of the rent. The Pardeshi, however, instructed the Pathan to recover the rent and went away.

The three Pathans, witness stated, abused his father, rushed at him and assaulted both of them first with fists and thence with "lathis". They also threw away the belongings in the house. Bobbankhan fell down by this time and the Pathans ran away. Witness removed him to hospital but died on way.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to inflammation of the main artery in the trunk and heart failure. "But from the evidence," they added a rider, "We feel that the death was hastened by the assaults committed on him by suspects Shahbuz, Ajuri Gulab and Abdul Hamed, who had trespassed into his room and used violence on him. They ought to be prosecuted under Sections 451 and 328 I. P. C."

SENTRY SHOOTS HIMSELF

Maharaja Of Morvi's Residence Scene Of Tragedy

"Mohini Mahal," off Pedder Road, residence of the Maharajah of Morvi, was the scene of a tragedy on Wednesday night.

A sentry who used to meet their Highnesses at the Gate and escort them to the bungalow shot himself dead in the Servants' Quarters shortly after dusk.

His body was found lying in a crouching position with an Exfield rifle near his stomach. A bullet had entered the stomach and passed through the back.

Rama Okka, a police constable in the Morvi State Force, giving evidence yesterday at the inquest on Sultan Havildar stated that the deceased who was a police 'havaldar' in the Morvi State Force came to Bombay two months back and was a guard of his Highness. He guarded the gate at the Bungalow and met their Highnesses at the Gate and escorted them to the bungalow. At 6 p.m. on Wednesday when her Highness went out, the deceased was at his post.

The Rani was surprised at the absence of a man at the gate on her return home at nine in the night. Witness however acted as escort and subsequently made a search for the deceased.

He went to the Servants' Quarters and saw his room open. He peered in and discovered the deceased in a corner of the room lying a crouching position. The Police were informed. "Deceased was very quiet," concluded witness, "when I saw him at 6 p.m."

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death caused by a suicidal gun shot wound in the abdomen, and added that the bullet having injured his spinal chord had come out of the back.

KILLED BY TRAIN

A verdict of accidental death was recorded by the City Coroner yesterday at the inquest on an unidentified Muslim male aged about 65, who knocked down by an electric train between Sandhurst Road and Dockyard Road.

A burglary involving the theft of Rs. 1,500 is reported to have been committed in the shop of Messrs. Kahan Singh Mohan Singh in Amritsar.

'Ask only KARNIK'S for MALARIA'

THEFT FROM GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Lamp Cleaner Purloins Billiard Balls And Gives Them To Jaripuranawalla?

Charged with theft of eight billiard balls, valued at Rs. 80/- from Government House, Bombay, Umar Khan Saidullah Khan was placed before the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday by the Gamdevi Police.

The accused, who was employed as a lamp cleaner in Government House, is alleged to have committed the theft of the eight billiard balls from the Billiard Room on the night of April 8, and to have given them to a "Jaripuranawalla" for disposal on Wednesday. The "Jaripuranawalla" came to know of the theft and informed the Police.

The accused was remanded till April 18, pending further Police enquiries.

HOME MEMBER GOING ON LEAVE ON SATURDAY

Yesterday's Bombay Government Gazette states:

In supersession of Government Notifications in the Political and Reforms Department, No. 6583-A, dated the 19th February 1935, and No. 6583-A, dated the 2nd April 1935, the Governor in Council is pleased to grant, under sub-section (2) of section 86 of the Government of India Act, to the Honourable Mr. R. D. Bell, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., a Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay, leave of absence for reasons of health and private affairs for a period not exceeding four months with effect from the afternoon of the 13th April 1935.

Wanted Full-Time Law College

IMPROVING STANDARD OF LEGAL PROFESSION

Chief Justice Appoints A Committee

("Chronicle" Special)

Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, has appointed a Committee to examine the several problems about legal education in the Presidency and recommend a better system of education than is prevailing at present.

There has been a lot of agitation going on for sometime past among the members of the Bar, who urge that the present system of legal training and the admission of Advocates should be overhauled and a new system evolved.

It may be interesting to note that at present a person must either pass the LL.B. examination or the Advocate's examination held by the Bar Council if he is to be enrolled as an Advocate of the High Court. While candidates for the LL.B. degree must have obtained a degree of B.A., B.Sc., B. Com.; M.A. or M.Sc., the Bar Council examination does not require the candidate to hold any University degree. It is felt by several that both these systems could be improved a great deal. At present the LL.B. candidates are given an hour or two's training in the evening at the Law College. This, it is held is not enough. The legal education of the candidates who are to be the future advocates of the High Court should be taken up in a much more serious manner than at present. It is felt that the necessity of practical work for the candidates is overlooked in the present system of education. Those who criticise the present system say that side by side with the lectures on law, working under a Senior lawyer should be made compulsory before a person is enrolled as an Advocate.

NOT ENOUGH EDUCATION.

As regards the candidates who are required to pass the Bar Council examination before being enrolled as an Advocate, they are required to produce a certificate showing that they have passed the matriculation examination. In this case, it is held that the education that this class of advocates get before sitting for the Bar Council examination is not enough. "It is not to be understood that they could really understand the books they read, there is much scope for cram work" say those who want a overhauling of the present system. It is suggested by them that this class of Advocates should have at least two years' of University education before they sit for the Bar Council examination.—They must pass the Intermediate Arts Examination.

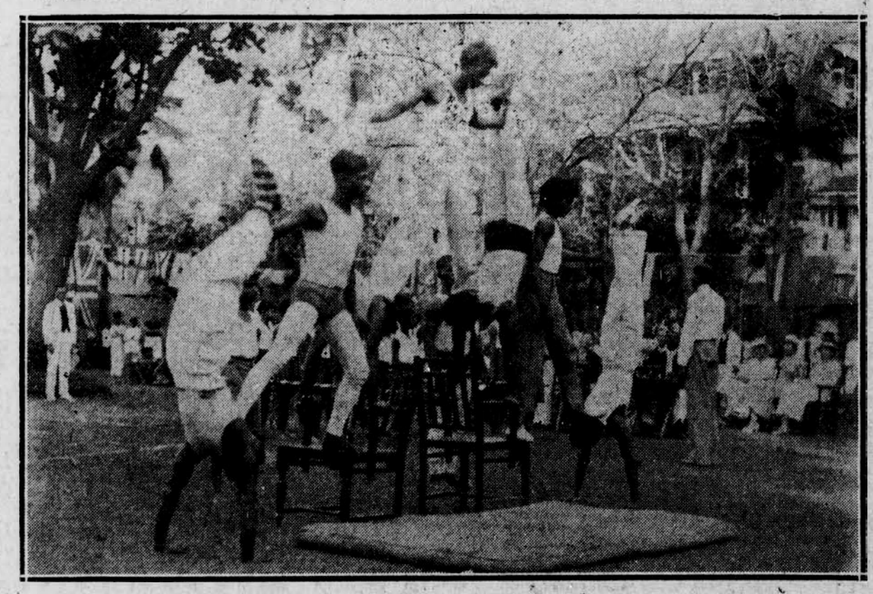
A full-time Law College in Bombay is one of the many demands of the reformists. They say that at present the study of law is made an evening pastime or side-line for those who serve in some school or office for a living. They contend that the study of law should be made a serious pursuit undertaken only by those who wish to take up law as a profession. There were many who attended the college and took the LL.B. degree because they did not know what else to do. Besides, due to the present system there was overcrowding of advocates in the Courts, which brought down the standard of the profession.

In view of the above agitation, the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court has appointed a Committee, the like of which has never been appointed before, to investigate into the several possibilities of improving the training given to law students and also to raise the standard of the profession. The Committee will be known as the "Legal Education Committee."

The Committee is, it is understood, to report on the possibility of starting a full-time Law College as well as improving the necessary qualifications of a candidate wanting to become an advocate either by obtaining the LL.B. Degree or by passing the Bar Council Examination.

The Committee consists of the Chief Justice (Chairman) Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia (High Court), Mr. V. G. Dalvi and Mr. V. N. Chandavarker (University), Rao Bahadur R. K. Chitale and Mr. B. G. Kher (Bar Council).

The Bombay Y. M. C. A. gave a Garden Party to Lord Brabourne on Wednesday on the occasion of their anniversary celebrations. The picture shows Lord Brabourne (third from right, facing the camera) at tea with other distinguished guests. Mr. Freke, President, is seated next to His Excellency.



A pyramid by the Y. M. C. A. boys at Wednesday's annual sports.

WATER-POLO TOURNAMENT

Parsis Win In First Round, By 8 Goals To Nil

It was a large and representative gathering that met, at the Victoria Swimming Bath, Bombay, on Thursday evening, to witness the first round of the First Quadrangular Water-polo Tournament, held to contest the Golwala Brothers' Water-polo Challenge Shield, in aid of "Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Fund." The Bath premises were beautifully illuminated.

In the first round the Parsis tried conclusions with the Hindus. As expected, the former gained a decisive victory over the latter, by eight goals to nil, though interest in the game never slackened, and the Hindus' remarkable tenacity saved them from a worse defeat, their goal-keeper, at the nick of time, averting probable goals, which elicited applause.

EUROPEANS' SUPERIOR GAME

Then the match between the Europeans and the Zionists proved less one-sided, and excited very keen interest. The Europeans proved their mettle, from the very beginning, the first goal being netted in a few minutes after the start, the second soon following. After the third goal, the Zionists showed superior skill and scored their first goal amidst cheers. A dour struggle then continued till the end, the Europeans proving themselves victorious by scoring six against their opponents' two goals.

FINAL MATCH TO-DAY

The Parsis will meet the Europeans to-day (Friday) and the struggle for Championship promises to be the hardest, as both sides seem to be almost evenly matched.

Among the other items on the programme, which were for exhibition purposes were (1) the blind-fold race. (2) ball-and-spoon race; for boys under 12, who acquitted themselves creditably, (3) 100-yard race, (4) tug-of-war, (5) weight lifting and (6) boxing. 'Diving feats' by 'old boys' comparatively—and youngsters ended the programme which enabled the spectators to enjoy a pleasant evening.

A SPECIAL PROGRAMME

At to-day's final performance, which comes off at 6 p.m., their Excellencies Lord and Lady Brabourne will attend, and a special programme of nine items is arranged.

"INDIAN PRESS IS OUR ONLY ESTATE"

Subedar Opens "Hindu's" Bombay Office

The new premises of the "Hindu" office in Bombay was opened by Mr. Manu Subedar, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Thursday amidst a gathering of journalists and businessmen. The hall was tastefully decorated and portraits of the old veterans, the late Mr. Kasturi Ranga Iyengar and Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar attracted notice.

Mr. S. Parthasarathi, the Bombay Office Manager, requesting Mr. Subedar to open the new office, traced the history of the "Hindu."

The guests were entertained to tea before the function came to a close.

Mr. Manu Subedar, in declaring the new premises open, said: "I am very much obliged to you for your invitation to me on this occasion, because it enables me in a small measure to pay my tribute to the founder of the "Hindu," who also laid the foundation of thirty years ago in my undergraduate days of economic doctrines. I acknowledge gratefuly that I gave in my mind no small place to Mr. G. Subramani Iyer in company with the three other founders of Indian economic thought viz. Dadabhoy, Dutt and Ranade, men, whose work I had the ambition to advance and to perpetuate in my life. I consider it a privilege and a rare coincidence that I should, in a small measure, assist in celebrating the progress of the great paper, which Mr. Subramani Iyer founded 57 years ago.

FROM STRUGGLE TO SUCCESS.

Like all enterprises in our country, the "Hindu" had not escaped early struggles, but, under the guidance of the late Mr. S. Kasturi Ranga Iyengar, there was a continuous period of progress, until the "Hindu" became one of the most outstanding organs of public opinion in India.

TRIBUTE TO A. R. IYENGAR.

Another circumstance, which makes me happy to-day, is the fact of long personal friendship with Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, the able editor of the "Hindu" for many years till he died. His death has left a void not merely in the editorial sanctum of the "Hindu," but in the public life of this country, which it will take us very long to fill.

I am, however, a businessman and as President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber I cannot ignore the business side of this venture. For one thing I am happy to give the lie to the malicious libel that South Indians whatever their other capacities were deficient in business matters. Very recently I had the pleasure of attending the opening of a branch of the Travancore National Bank, Ltd. and to-day we meet on an occasion when another great South Indian business is marking its progress and expansion by the establishment of a forward link with this city which for many purposes can claim rightly an eminence in business. I have met many from South India, whose business capacity I am much impressed with, and I feel that if we had a national government in this country the volume of business would be so large that the best talents from all over the country would be not merely attracted but completely absorbed in it.

I welcome the establishment of this office in Bombay as it will not only allay provincial jealousies and distrust, but enable Bombay to appreciate the great culture and genius of the people of South India and will be a vehicle for securing an understanding and appreciation of the practical business capacity of the people of this province at the hands of our countrymen further south.

"OUR ONLY ESTATE."

In the United Kingdom the press is regarded as the Fourth Estate but in India, in our life as it is to-day under an irresponsible bureaucracy the Indian press is our only Estate.

SECRETARY'S INTERVIEW WITH H. H.

Dhrangadhra Praja Mandal Executive Asks Him To Abandon

(From Our Correspondent).

WADHWAN CITY, April 9.

The meeting of the Working Committee of the Dhrangadhra Praja Mandal was held at Ahmedabad on Saturday last.

The meeting expressed their sense of gratitude by a resolution, to Kasalchand Manordas who in response to their request withdrew his resignation.

The meeting further considered the attitude of their Secretary, Mr. Dalpatram, who without any authority from the Mandal is seeking for an interview with His Highness of Dhrangadhra and declared in an unequivocal manner that he had no sanction and hence should cease doing so.

On the recommendation of the High Court, His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government are considering the appointment of two Additional Judges to the High Court temporarily for a period of two years, for dealing with the heavy arears of work.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice C P Blackwell, M B E, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Chief Justice of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Sir John Beaumont.

Mr. C B B Clee, ICS, to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay from 11th April 1935, vice Mr. I H Taunton.

Mr. S R Deshpande, B Litt. (Oxon.), Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, is granted on average pay without medical certificate from the 19th February to 7th March 1935 and leave on average pay on medical certificate from the 8th March to 31st May 1935.

Mr. H F Knight, ICS, Secretary to Government, General and Educational Departments, on relief, to be Secretary to Government, Home and Ecclesiastical Departments, vice Mr. C H Bristow.

During the absence on leave of Dr. R V Mone, Civil Surgeon, Bijapur, and Superintendent and Medical Officer, Bijapur District Prison:—

Mr. R P Kurulkar, Jailor, Bijapur District Prison, to hold charge of duties of the Superintendent of that Prison, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. R D Deshpande, Subordinate Medical Service Officer, Bijapur District Prison, to hold charge of duties of the Medical Officer of that Prison, in addition to his own duties.

The temporary post of Second Grade Deputy Collector in Sind is extended for a further period of one month, and Mr. Hussain Bakhsh Rahim Bakhsh Shaikh to continue to hold it.

Mr. Y R Parpia, ICS, to officiate as Collector of Kolaba vice Mr. S Aminuddin, ICS.

Mr. S Aminuddin, ICS, on relief, to officiate as Collector of Nasik vice Mr. E W Perry.

Mr. N A Faruqui, ICS, to officiate temporarily as Collector of Nasik from the date on which he took over charge from Mr. E W Perry, till relieved by Mr. S Aminuddin.

Mr. Mohamed Ismail Kakezai is confirmed in the post of Deputy Superintendent of Salt and Excise with effect from 1st August 1934 vice Mr G R G Shipp confirmed as Superintendent of Salt Revenue for Sind.

Mr. V G Gokhale, Professor of Agriculture and Principal Agricultural College, Poona, is granted leave on average pay out of India for seven months from 23rd April 1935, with permission to prefix to it the Easter holidays from 19th to 22nd April 1935.

Mr. C H Bristow, ICS, on relief to be on special duty in the Finance Department of the Secretariat and thereafter to officiate as Private Secretary to the Governor of Bombay, vice Mr. G F S Collins.

Mr. H K Kirpalani, ICS, on return from deputation, to officiate as Secretary to Government, General and Educational Departments, vice Mr. H F Knight, ICS.

Major S L Bhatia, Professor of Physiology and Histology and Dean Grant Medical College, Bombay, is granted leave from 4th June.

Dr. R C Motwani, Professor of Anatomy, Grant Medical College, Bombay, to officiate as Dean of the College, in addition to his own duties vice Major S L Bhatia.

Dr. D M Telang, MD, (Bom.), to officiate as Professor of Physiology vice Major S L Bhatia, IMS.

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO Y. M. C. A.

Hopes Jubilee Year Would Mark Era Of Fresh Success

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay was entertained at an 'At Home' at the Wellington Gardens, the Cooperage, on Wednesday on the occasion of the annual general meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, Bombay. There was a fine display of indigenous games and various forms of physical exercise on the occasion by youngsters.

While placing the year's record of work of the Association before the gathering, Mr. C. G. Freke, its President, pointed out that this was the jubilee year of the Y.M. C.A. He stated that in addition to the normal activities of the Association, it managed, at its four different branches in the city four hostels, nine welfare centres, three municipal playgrounds and employment bureau for ex-sepoys.

The President further stated that the Association had been able to overcome its financial difficulties to a great extent, by launching a scheme of financial reconstruction which involved the sub-letting of portions of its buildings and a curtailment of some of the amenities of some of its branches. He thanked all those who had assisted in so many ways the work of the Association both by donation and by personal interest and service.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in his speech said that it seemed to him that at the end of sixty years the Association showed no symptoms of age, but was more vigorous in its activities, broader in its outlook, and took a larger share in the civic life than at any other period of its history.

His Excellency trusted that this Jubilee Year of the Association would be the beginning of a fresh era of success in the work which lay ahead.

FOOTBALL IN GREAT BRITAIN

Portsmouth Defeat Birmingham By 2 Goals To 1

LONDON, April 10.

The following are the results of football matches played in the League to-day.

FIRST DIVISION.

Derby 0, Preston 3.
Portsmouth 2, Birmingham 1.
Manchester City 1, Sunderland 0

SECOND DIVISION.

Barnsley 1, Bolton 1.

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTHERN SECTION.)

Southend 0, Bournemouth 0.
Swindon 1, Bristol City 0.

In the replay of the Scottish Cup semi-final, Rangers beat Hearts by 2 goals to nil.

In the replay in the Scottish League Ayr beat Falkirk by 3 goals to 1.

St. Johnstone 3, Hamilton 1.—Reuter's Special.

JUBILEE DARBAR CANCELLED

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

At the last meeting of the General Committee of the Silver Jubilee Fund His Excellency the Governor said that he intended to hold a Durbar on May 6 to which 5,000 persons would be invited. It was thought that a Durbar would form an appropriate occasion for the presentation of the Jubilee medals to those persons to whom they have been awarded.

As, however, it has been decided by the Government of India that these medals cannot be worn on that date, His Excellency has decided to cancel the Durbar and arrange for the presentation of the medals on some other occasion.

Bombay Provincial T.U.C.

The meeting of the representatives of the Bombay Unions affiliated to the A. I. T. U. C. will be held at 6-0 p.m. to-morrow (Saturday) in the Head Office of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union in order to consider several important items to be discussed at the forthcoming annual session of the A. I. T. U. C., to be held at Calcutta.

The list of Subscription to "His Majesty The King Emperor's Silver Jubilee Fund," Patiala, upto 4-4-35 was as under: Subscription upto 28-3-35 Rs. 58,048-9-0; Subscription from 29-3-35 to 4-4-35: Rs. 861-12-3; Net Receipts of Lucky Bag: Rs. 3,333-8-3, making a total of Rs. 62,243,13-6.

WORLD'S SWIMMING RECORDS

(Special Cable).

CHICAGO, April 11.

World's swimming records were established to-day when Jack Medica with the time of three minutes four and four-tenths seconds for 300 yards beat Gilhula's time of three minutes six and eight-tenths seconds; and sixteen-year old school boy Adolf Kiefer 400 metres backstroke, time five minutes seventeen and eight-tenths seconds shattered his own time of five minutes eighteen and three-tenths seconds.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended the Ladies' Hockey Match in aid of the Silver Jubilee Fund on the Bombay Gymkhana ground on Thursday.

NOMINATED MEMBERS FOR STANDING COMMITTEE

The following four persons have been nominated by the Bombay Government to the Improvements Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation:—Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot, Mr. G. E. Bennett, Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavale and Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole.

The following four persons have been nominated by the Bombay Government to the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation:—Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthhot, Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy and Mr. S. C. Cambata.

Good Health means Happiness

Dr. De JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN
COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

Little's Oriental Balm In Three Sizes

Annas Four As. Eight Re. One

To gain lasting relief from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Backache, Neuralgia, Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp and Muscular pains, use Little's Oriental Balm; this time-proved remedy will not fail you.

Made in India (Madras City) for Half a Century

LITTLE'S Oriental BALM

The World Renowned Relief for Aches and Pains

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 9, 1991
Muslim: Mohurrum 8, 1353
Parsi: Avan 8, 1304
Sunrise: 6h 24m
Sunset: 6h 55m
High Tide: 6-53 20-07
Low Tide: 1-49 13-00
National Week: 6th day.
Ram Navami: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
Bombay Presidency Amateur Boxing Federation, Boxing Tournament, 9-30 p.m. Half proceeds to Silver Jubilee Fund.

SATURDAY, April 13.

Jallianwalla Baug Day.
Municipal Standing Committee, 12-40 p.m.
S. S. Strathaird with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Corps of St. John Ambulance Brigade, overseas, Inspection by Governor, Elphinstone School compound, 5 p.m.
Silver Jubilee Ball, Taj Mahal Hotel, Governor and Lady Brabourne attending.

MONDAY, April 15.

Municipal Corporation, Special Meeting 4-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, April 16.

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

WILSON COLLEGE

A meeting of students of the 1935 class (B.A. and B.Sc.) will be held today (Friday) at 5 p.m. at Wilson College Hall.

PRATHIVADHI BAYANKAR MUTT

His Holiness Jagad Guru Prathivadhi Bayankar Ananthachariya Maharaj will continue his address on "Aim of Life" in Hindi in the New Hall today (Friday) between the hours of 9-10 a.m.

CHUNILAL KARSANDAS AND CO.

Messrs. Chunilal Karsondas and Co. will celebrate its 10th anniversary on Ramnavmi to-day (Friday) from 5-30 p.m. to 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the firm's office premises, Empire Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

MARWARI COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

The anniversary and prize distribution ceremony of the above school will be held to-day (Friday) at 3 p.m. (S. T.) in its own building in Gazdar Park, Chira Bazar, Girgaon Road under the presidentship of Seth Puranmalji.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed mails for Singapore, Penang and Japan per s.s. 'Taijin Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-30 p.m. on Saturday the 13th instant.

Superscribed mails for Mauritius and Reunion per s.s. 'Jehangir' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Saturday the 13th instant.

"BAYAKANCHE BUND"

A new drama called the "Bayakanche Bund" written by the well-known dramatist Sjt. K. P. Khadilkar will be staged to-day (Friday) at 3-30 p.m. at Bombay Theatre, Grant Road. There will be music by Star Gandharva Miss Sulochana, Palkar and Pandit Nagarkar, with violinist Prof. Shankerrao Siniwale of Poona.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Sequoia" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Tropical Express" Daily at 6 and 9-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Happiness Ahead" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Chhatrapati Sambhajee" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan" Daily at 6-15, and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—Prabhat's Chandra-Sena. Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Extra Matinee show at 3 p.m. on Saturdays, Sudays and Holidays.
EMPIRE—"Music In The Air." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Rang Bhoomi" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Vengeance is Mine" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
GLOBE—"Sansar Leela" Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Barrister's Wife" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Great Gabbo" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Cuckoos" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
EXCELSIOR—"Red Ensign". Time as usual.
PALACE—"The Little Giant." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Friday 12th Morning at 10-30 a.m.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. Talk: "Freedom" 8-05 p.m. Yascha Krein and his Gipsy Orchestra, Gladys Marice (Soprano) 9-0 p.m. A Musical Tour of Britain The B B C Empire Orchestra, Leader, Daniel Melsa. Conductor, Eric Fogg 10-0 p.m The News and Announcements 10-20 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra. Leader A. Rossi, Under the direction of Emilio Colombo. Relayed from the Hotel Metropole, London. 10-45 p.m. Troise and his Mandoliers with Don Carlos (Tenor). 11-15 p.m. Close down.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the above Society, Mr. S. G. Warty, M.A., will give a public lecture on "Adult Education" at the Prarthana Samaj (Ram Mohan School Hall) Girgaon, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m (S.T.) Rev. John McKenzie M.A., D.D., will preside.

PROF. K. T. SHAH'S LECTURE

Prof. K. T. Shah will deliver a public lecture on "My Impressions of the Assembly in Session," in the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, on Sunday the 14th instant at 6-30 p.m. under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood.

BRAHMIN SABHA

The annual general meeting of the Dakshini Brahmin Sabha will be held at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Friday) at the Karandikar Hall, Shankerwadi, Girgaum, when Report and Balance Sheet for the year 1934 will be adopted.

KANARA SARASWAT'S 'AT HOME'

The President, Vice-President and Members of the Managing Committee of the Kanara Saraswat Association will be 'At Home' in the Saraswat Co-operative Buildings, Gamdevi, Bombay to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to meet Messrs. V. N. Chandavarkar, H. Shankar Rau and D. V. Nadkarni.

VAISHYA SAMAJ

The annual general meeting of the Vaishya Samaj, Bombay, will be held to-day (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. in the compound of the Dave Building, opposite Gold Mohur Mills, Dadar Main Road, to adopt the annual report and to elect the new Executive Committee for the ensuing year.

Immediately after this an extra ordinary general meeting will be held at the above place to chalk out the future policy of the Samaj.

BY SRI NIGAMANTHA MAHA DESIKAN SABHA

Under the auspices of the above Sabha, the Sri Ramanavami Uthsavam will be celebrated to-day (Friday) between 7 to 9 p.m. in the Sabha premises at Visrani Nivas Outhouse, Matunga, G. I. P.

AT CHINCHPOKLI

Pt. Laxmanrao Oghale will conduct the Gita classs in the Laxminarayan Vyayam Shala (near Chinchpokli Station). Havan and Sandhya prayer will be taken first.

THE CAPITOL

2nd Demand Week!
DAILY 2 PERFORMANCES
At 6 and 9-30 p.m.
NOW AT POPULAR PRICES:—
Rs. 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 and As. 9.
(including tax.)
Special Accommodation for Rs. 5|12|- seats

Prof. W. DOORLAY'S
TROPICAL EXPRESS
NON-STOP REVUE
45 ARTISTS!
101 DIFFERENT TURNS!
20 BEAUTIFUL GIRLS!
Plans open at the Theatre.

Free List Suspended.

"MY FACE IS MY FORTUNE...."

Few women to-day can face their mirrors with confidence—and assure themselves—like the pretty maid of the old English nursery rhyme—"My Face is My Fortune."

Yet every woman acknowledges the power of beauty, she knows that the possession of a fair, velvet-smooth complexion excites masculine admiration and attention. Indeed, if a census could be taken in this country of feminine opinion upon the most prevalent beauty bane, women would unanimously bewail their complexions. Sallow sun-scorched skins with premature lines and wrinkles do not make for beauty—and the women who suffer from these afflictions have themselves to blame. In this trying climate Nature very often needs a helping hand in *removing* the dead cuticle. Insufficient exercise or wrong diet may hinder her in performing her duties and then the complexion suffers. If your natural beautiful complexion lies concealed beneath a swarthy shrivelled skin, then you can assist Nature by using a fragrant wax to remove this outer skin invisibly. Ask your chemist for Mercolized Wax—and smooth a thin film of this beauty magic over face and neck nightly. In a very short time you will observe a vast improvement in your complexion, for the wax absorbs the faded outer skin with all its blemishes—revealing the natural beauty that lies beneath. Give this treatment a brief ten-day trial, and you will be delighted with the improvement in your appearance

Syed Ibne Hasan Rizvi Georchwi, Professor, Jamia Millia, Delhi, is now in Bombay and is delivering sermons every night at Mahfile-Haidari, Khoja Mohalla, in connection with the Mohurram celebration. His sermons are very popular.

INDIANS DO MAKE GOOD SAILORS

Commander McClement On Navigation

Under the auspices of the "Society for the Promotion of Shipping Knowledge", Commander R. C. G. McClement, Nautical Surveyor to the Government of India, delivered a lecture on Navigation' on Thursday evening at Sudama House, Ballard Estate. Mr. Chandavarkar presided.

The various technical aspects and instruments used in Navigation, aid of the Mariner's Compass and Celestial Navigation were described at length by the lecturer.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar remarked that he was greatly interested in Navigation and was gratified to hear from the lecturer that Indians did make as good sailors as the British who are a sea-faring race.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TREMINUS

Trains.	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	13 55
Poona Fast Passenger	15 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 10
	Departures.
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona Fast Passenger	11 50
Madras Express	13 55
Poona Mail	15 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 50
Punjab Mail	18 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 45
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

	Arrivals. H. M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
*No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8 30
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail (on Saturdays)	8 35
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 20
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 55
Departures from Bombay Central	
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13 25
No. 1 Bown Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 45
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	H. M.
*On Saturday only Passengers going to Europe	8 50

Committed To Sessions On Murder Charge

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, April 10.

The Kalyan Taluka Magistrate has committed Kamalya Bama Mahatre (22), an Agri youth, to stand his trial at the Thana Sessions on a charge of murdering Sitaram Govind Chinchore, a mechanic of the Gograswadi at Dombivli on February 1 last by smashing his head with cast iron pipe. Cihnchore died the same day in the Kalyan Dispensary.

The prosecution story is that Mr. Shanbar Waman Datar, a trustee of the Gograswadi at Dombivli, had presented a well pump. Mr. V. B. Dhavare, manager of the Gograswadi sent Sitaram Govind Chinchore, a mechanic, to remove the pump. Mahatre, the servant of Mr. Datar, questioned the mechanic as to under whose orders he had removed the pump. In the altercation that ensued Mahatre is alleged to have dealt a blow on the head of the mechanic.

BOMBAY'S RESPONSE TO DETENUS' CALL

Rs. 2,257 For Relief Of Families

The following has been received from the Bombay Congress Socialist Party:—

The total amount collected on Monday for the Flag Day for the relief of Detenus' families by the Bombay Congress Socialist Party was Rs. 2,257. This amount represents the collections made in the City and suburbs of Bombay.

The Executive Committee of the Party desires once again to thank all those who helped on that day in making the collections and those who subscribed for their cooperation in achieving this result.

RAMANAVMI CELEBRATIONS

The "Sri Rama Navami Mahotsavam" of the South Indian Bhajana Samaj, G.I.P., Matunga will be celebrated as usual for 10 days from April 12 to April 22, in the New Premises of the Samaj at Telang Road, Matunga (G.I.P.) according to the following programme:—

To-day (Friday) 8 to 9 a. m. Avahanam, 10-30 to 12 Noon Avathara Utsavam, Ramayana Patanam and Prasada Viniyogam, 4-30 to 6-30 p.m. Nayana Kacheri, 9 to 10 p.m. Music.

Saturday, (13th) 4-30 to 6-30 p.m. Discourse in English on "Principal Characters in Ramayana" by M. R. Ry T. V. Krishnaswami Rao Avl, 9 to 11 p.m. Harikatha Kalakshepam by Mr. R. Raghunatha Pattrachariar.

Sunday, (14th) 4-15 to 7-15 p.m. Nayana Kacheri.

Monday, (15th) 4 to 6 p.m. Manjal Kunkumam and Music, Violin by Mrs. Dharmambal Ramanan (For Ladies only), 9 to 10 p.m. Music.

Tuesday, (16th) 4 to 6 p.m. Manjal Kunkumam and Music (For Ladies only), 9 to 10 p.m. Music.

Wednesday, (17th) 9 to 10 p.m. Music.

Thursday, (18th) 10 to 12 p.m. Marathi Natak Mandali of Dadar.

Friday, (19th) 4-30 to 7-30 p.m. Harikatha Kalakshepam.

Saturday, (20th) 4-30 to 6-30 p.m. Music, Vocal by Mr. T. V. K. Sundaram and Violin by Mr. Parthasarathi Iyengar.

Sunday, (21st) Seetha Kalyanam 8 to 9 a.m. Unchavrithi, 9-30 to 12 Noon Kalyana Utsavam, 12-30 to 1-30 p.m. Brahmana Bhojanam, 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. Mangala Arathi. 7-30 to 12 p.m. Procession, 12 to 4-30 a.m. Hasyakelika and Pavalimpu Utsavam.

Monday, (22nd) 4-30 to 6-30 p.m. Religious Discourse, 8 to 10-30 p.m. Anjaneya and Vidayathi Utsavam. Feeding of Narayanas, Sundry, (28th) 9 a.m. to 12-30 Noon.

By Ramana Sachidananda Samaj

The members of the above Samaj will celebrate Sri Ram Navami from to-day (Friday) for ten days upto 22nd instant in the Pandal specially erected on the top floor, Gasswalla Building, Parel. To-day (Friday) there will be a music concert by Sriman Sankaranarayana Bhagavathar of Vaikom (Vocal), Rama Murti Bhagavathar of Kumbakonam (Violin), and Natesa Mudaliar (Mridangam).

Ramnavmi programme, to-day (Friday) 9 to 11 a.m, Avathara Utsavam, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. Poor Feeding. 5 to 7 p.m. Physical Feats. 9 to 11 p.m. Nadaswaram.

At Gopi Tatao

The annual Ramnavami Utsav of Shree Kashi Vishweshwar Temple at Gopi Talao, Matunga will be held at the temple to-day (Friday). There will be a Harikirtan performance between 10-30 a.m. and 1-0 p.m. by Haribhaktaparayan Trimbakbuwa.

At Kalyan

Under the auspices of the Andhra Association Kalyan the above festival will be celebrated in the Association Hall at 11-30 hours to-day (Friday).

There will be Harikatha Kalakshepam at 8 p.m. in the same hall by Srijut C. M. Jivanrao Garu on "Rama Janma."

At Arya Samaj

Shri Ram Jayanti Mahotsava will be celebrated in the Arya Samaj Mandir, Kakadwadi, Girgaum to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m., when Swami Omkarsatchitanandji, Pt. Dwijendranath Shastri, Pt. Pardhubhai Sharma, Pt Vijayshankerji, Shri Ranchhodlall Jani, Shri Vallabhdas Mehta will deliver speeches on life of Bhagwan Ramchandraji.

By South Indian Bhajana Samaj

The South Indian Bhajana Samaj will celebrate Ram Navami for ten days commencing from to-day (Friday) in their new premises at the Samaj at Telang Road, Matunga, (G. I. P.)

A special programme of music, discourses, and Harikathas has been arranged for ten days.

Nagaswaram Subramanian, well-known piper of South India, and party have been engaged for the season.

By Mysore Association

To-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Association premises.

Dr. Khurshed Jehangir Cursetji has been elected Chairman of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee for 1935-36.

KHADI IN NATIONAL WEEK

A. I. S. A. Secretary Complains Of Poor Public Response

Bombay, April 11.

Purshottam Kanji, Secretary A. I. S. A. Bombay Branch writes:—

Average sales of Khadi during the National Week for last 3 years amount to Rs. 45,000. Sales of Khaddar during the National Week for the last year amounted to Rs 34,000 while sales upto 10th April for the current year amount to Rs. 12,000.

What does this show? It shows that the response given by the public of Bombay and Suburbs is not satisfactory. People have, no doubt, realised the importance of Khadi in National Life but have not made Khadi their one and only cloth.

Statistics of cloth imported from abroad show that foreign countries are dumping their cloth in India. In Khadi is our self-respect and national dignity.

Is it therefore, too much to expect from the public to raise the present year's sale figure to that of the annual average figure i.e. to Rs. 45,000? Let us see how Bombay responds?

BHULBHAI DESAI TO SPEAK

To-morrow's Meeting At Mandvi

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Mandvi District Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting tomorrow (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at Kharak Bazar, Mandvi at which Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai will preside and Sjts. K. F. Nariman, K. M. Munshi and others will speak. Loud speakers will be installed. This meeting will conclude the programme of the National Week.

'F' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

National Week Programme

To-day (Friday), public meeting at Lal Baug Maidan, 5-30 p.m.

Saturday, April 13: (1) Public meeting near Bazar, Sion, 5-30 p.m.

(2) Public meeting at Nappoo Hall Maidan, Matunga, (G. I. P. Railway), 9 p.m.

HARIJAN DAY AT DHARAVI

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the opening ceremony of a Congress Harijan School at Dharavi will be performed by Smt. Zaveriben Jamnadas at 9 a.m. and a meeting will be held on the open ground before the school building called "Bagicha Building" which will be addressed by Sjts. Nagindas T. Master, S. K. Patil, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, I. S. Patel, Yusuf Meherally, P. R. Lele, Dr. P. G. Solanke, M.L.C. and Mr. Keroba Chougule. After this meeting, leaders will go round to inspect the Harijan quarters and record their grievances.

Public Meeting At Rambag

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m at Rambag (C. P. Tank) to celebrate the 'National Week.' Sjt. Yusuf Meherali will preside. Shrimati Lilavati Munshi, Messrs. Masani, Mulraj Karsandas, Bhagwandas Kapadia, Urendra Mehta, Chhotubhai Shah, Lalji Asher and others will speak.

Public Meeting At Dadar

Under the auspices of 'G' Ward (Dadar) District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. at Dhuru Hall Maidan, when Sjt. I. S. Patel will preside and Nagindas T. Master, S. K. Patil, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Yusuf Meharali, Lilavati Munshi, Avantikabai Gokhale and Shantabai Vengsarkar will speak on "National Week." Place will be reserved for ladies.

MAHYAVANSHI (KSHATRIYA) VANKARS' MEETING

Under the auspices of the Mahyavanshi (Kshatriya) Sabha a public meeting will be held at 10-30 p.m. at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-day (Friday) to discuss the question of the celebration of the Silver Jubilee of Their Majesties.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Provincial Industries

Business magnates in the city and the province will be, for some time to come, engaged with the prospecting of various industries in the Presidency, one of them very near the city of Bombay. But few people realise that the foundations of much of the prospective business are laid by a few, unassuming officials in a department with the most prosaic name. To some the full significance and importance of the Department of Industries may not be apparent. Much less would it be in the case of the research section of the Department. The efforts of Dr. S. M. Patel for more than three years have been responsible for finding out the sources of at least three mineral products. The discovery that abundant bauxite ores are lying near Thana is also due to Dr. Patel, Industrial Chemist to the Government of Bombay. The third mineral product on which Dr. Patel is working, is still a matter of secret and of considerable scientific research and investigation, before a verdict can be given regarding its industrial possibilities.

Houses For Workmen

With a view to provide cheap housing for the workmen, the Improvement Trust built several cottages to be let at a rental of Rs. 7 per cottage. An enquiry by the Municipal Commissioner shows that none of the tenants residing in these cottages at present are workmen. They consist of fitters, clerks, photographer, petty contractors and advertisement agents. One occupant has engaged three rooms. He is not a workman as will be seen from the fact that his monthly income is Rs. 264. Another tenant, who is a clerk with an income of Rs. 132 per month, has engaged two rooms. Since the cottages cost only Rs. 7 per month these people find it convenient to occupy them. Some of them even make money by letting them to others on "pugri" or bonus system. This thing came to light as the present occupants agitated for lowering the rent and on enquiry it was found that they were not workmen at all for whose benefit the cottages were built. The Improvement Trust will do well to let these cottages to real and deserving workmen.

LATE PROF. ABHYANKAR

Condolence Meeting

Under the auspices of the Indian States Peoples Conference there will be a public meeting of States people to mourn the sad demise of Prof. G. R. Abhyankar to-morrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Blavatsky Lodge near French Bridge.

GHODBUNDER ROAD CLOSED FOR TRAFFIC ON SUNDAY

The Immersion day of the Mohurrum festival falls on Sunday next. Taboots will be taken in procession through Bandra Town and for this purpose Ghodbunder Road immediately north of Mahim Causeway will be closed to Vehicular traffic from 3-0 p.m. onwards.

The police will make special arrangements by which North bound and South bound traffic respectively will be diverted through side streets to the West and East of the main Ghodbunder Road.

WARNING TO BASRAH-BOUND PASSENGERS

A telegram from the Director-General of Health, Baghdad states that Iraq Government requires all passengers by sea from Bombay to Basrah to be in possession of official smallpox vaccination certificates. In other words, the passengers should be in possession of certificates of vaccination performed at Government or Municipal institutions or by official medical officers or vaccinators. The cholera restrictions imposed against Bombay and Karachi have however been withdrawn by Iraq authorities except in the case of deck passengers who must still be inoculated.

SHRI RAM NAVAMI CELEBRATIONS

By Parel Ramayan Series

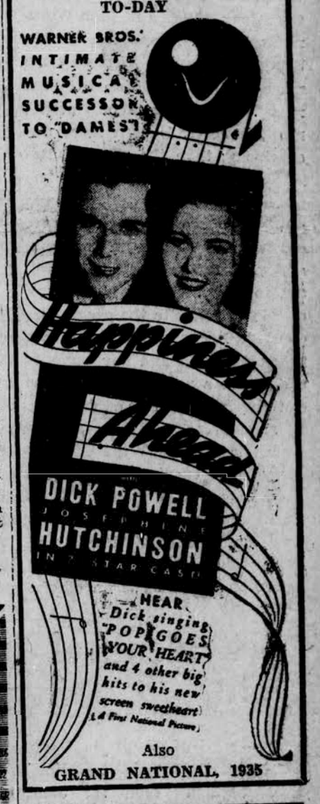
The Ramayanam Harikatha Series conducted by Brahma Sri S. Vadiraja Bhagavather of Kumbakonam at Parel, Bombay, will conclude with a Hari Katha on "Sri Ramapattabhishekam" to-day (Friday) at 8 p.m.

THE REGAL
LAST DAY
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SEQUOIA

Also
LAUREL-HARDY
latest scream.

TO-MORROW
"BIOGRAPHY OF A "BACHELOR GIRL"
With
ROBERT MONTGOMERY
and
ANN HARDINGE

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
FINAL PERFORMANCES TO-DAY
WARNER BROS.' INTIMATE MUSICAL SUCCESSON TO "DAMES"


Happiness Ahead
DICK POWELL
JOSEPHINE HUTCHINSON
IN A STAR CAST!
HEAR
Dick singing POP GOES YOUR HEART and 4 other big hits to his new screen sweetheart
A First National Picture

Also
GRAND NATIONAL, 1935

ONE WEEK ONLY
COMMENCING APRIL 20
1935
COMPOSITIONS
NEW DANCE CREATIONS
UDAY SHANKAR
And his company of Dancers and Musicians
Popular Rates: Rs. 5-12, 3-6, 2-4, and 1-2
PLEASE NOTE THE TIMINGS:—
Saturday, 20th at 6-30 p.m.
Sunday, 21st at 6-30 p.m.
Monday, 22nd at 6-30 p.m.
Tuesday, 23rd at 10 p.m.
Wednesday, 24th at 10 p.m.
Thursday, 25th at 6-30 p.m.
Friday, 26th at 10 p.m.
Plans open at the Theatre
THE EXCELSIOR
(Near Bori Bunder)

Telephone No. 22652, Telegrams "Chronicle."
Post Box No. 232. Registered No. B-1052.

The Bombay Chronicle

Rod House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1935

GOVERNMENT'S DUTY

Though the adjournment motion by Raja Ghaznafar Ali in the Council of State on the Karachi tragedy was talked out, the general trend of the debate on the motion makes it clear beyond doubt that even this notoriously pro-Government House was utterly dissatisfied with Government's decision not to institute an inquiry and with their one-sided report on the subject. Raja Ghaznafar Ali's criticism of Government was plain-spoken, though restrained. He plainly called it a "tactical move" for Government to have issued their statement just a day after the Assembly had adjourned "sine die." If the Assembly had a chance to discuss the official report, an unqualified condemnation of it was a dead certainty. However, even in the absence of a formal condemnation by the Assembly or the Council of Elders, there can be little doubt that the country as a whole has received the official report with profound dissatisfaction.

Amazing Dictum

Mr. Hallet, the Home Secretary, and Sir Henry Craik, the Home Member, attempted to supplement the official report in answer to the strong criticism of Raja Ghaznafar Ali, Mr. Khaparde and Mr. Sapru. But Sir Henry alone made any real addition to the report. His defence of Government, however, is even more unconvincing than the report. Regarding the demand for an impartial enquiry, he said, "it was difficult to secure an impartial committee" This is an amazing statement for any responsible person to make. It is, indeed, a calculated insult to the people. Or does Sir Henry really mean that it is difficult to find any committee to give a verdict acceptable to Government? He also stated:

"Moreover, the Government must keep in view the effect of any such enquiry on officials who might in future be faced with similar circumstances. It was an established principle of law enshrined in the Penal Code that nothing is an offence done by persons who are bound by law to do so. Thus the soldiers fired under command."

It is difficult to imagine a more perfunctory defence or one more dangerous, if held valid. Sir Henry practically means that when once officials do a technically lawful thing, there should be no enquiry into it because, forsooth, such enquiries may embarrass future officials. Now, we shall not discuss here the legality of the conduct of the Karachi authorities. But even then one may question, as we certainly do, the wisdom of that conduct. As regards the soldiers who fired, they certainly did their duty under command. But was the command wholly right? The people are entitled to ask such a question on occasions, and it is a dangerous principle to say that the conduct of the military should be above criticism or inquiry. As regards embarrassment to future officials, only those who are accustomed to be irresponsible will fight shy of the practice of inquiries on special occasions.

Hold Enquiry

Sir Henry airily dismissed the plea of public opinion by saying that "there are fifty public opinions on a matter like this." If public opinion is really so divided as he makes it out to be, that very fact is a decisive argument for an impartial inquiry Government will do well not to make light of public opinion in such a matter. The resignation of Shaik Abdul Majid of his seat in the Legislative Council, the naturally bitter tone of his letter of resignation, and the attempts of the Karachi Tragedy Committee to organise a non-official inquiry, all, but feebly indicate the intensity of public opinion. In the circumstances it will be wise for Government to respect such opinion and appoint an independent committee of inquiry without any further delay. The more they shirk an enquiry, the more might people suspect that there is something that Government wish to suppress.

Identical In Essence

A great deal of noise has been made over the publication of a die-hard circular by certain members of the Bengal Civil Service. It has been vigorously repudiated and even Sir John Anderson has had to take a hand in the matter in an attempt to explain that the reactionary views expressed therein were not representative of the I.C.S. in Bengal which, in fact, was bound by the official memorandum submitted to Sir Samuel Hoare. But there is little difference between the two from the point of view of India. The speech of Mr. J. C. French who addressed the other day members of both Houses of Parliament presumably as a spokesman of the official I. C. S. view, proves it. It is animated by thorough distrust of the ability and even honour of Indians and by an ill-concealed desire to preserve the position of power and privilege that has hitherto been enjoyed by the so-called "Indian" Civil Service. The I.C. S. memorial is admitted by Mr. French himself to be based on the assumption that an Indian Minister will lack a sense of justice and fairplay. That is why the memorial considers that the work of the Civil Service in Bengal will be doubly dangerous and arduous in the future. And that is why these servants of India have had the audacity to demand one-third representation in High Court Judgeships. What is the essential difference between the die-hard who speaks with blunt impudence and Mr. J. C. French and his constituents who are guided by the same principles but speak with comparatively polite indirectness?

Save The Bhils

We cordially endorse the appeal made by Mr. Laxmidas M. Shrikant for funds to dig wells for the benefit of the Bhils in Dohad and Jhalod talukas. Owing to insufficient rainfall the poor Bhils have little to feed upon and cannot get even good water to drink. Mr. Shrikant points out how a District officer was so moved at the sight of a Bhil woman drinking dirty water from a rivulet that he instantly ordered a "kutcha" well to be dug on the spot. That was very kind of the officer. But what of the hundreds of Bhil men, women and children whose condition is equally pitiable? The Taluka Board is attempting to dig more wells but has not got enough funds for the purpose. It is the duty of the Government to help the Board with a special grant. The Bhil Seva Mandal, too, has undertaken to dig more wells, but this body has no adequate funds of its own. We hope, however, that as its work is both beneficent and urgent, the public will promptly contribute the small sum of Rs. 5,000 needed by it.

RAM NAVMEE

(BY RAM SUMER SINGH, B.A.)

'Great souls that lead us out of the encircling gloom into the promised land are not accidentally born. They come at a time when the world is waiting for them in eager and anxious expectations.' Ram, the son of Dasharath, was one of these souls. He was born on this day, 'Chaitra Shukla Navmee.'

Time was when the world was under the evil influence of devils—the Rakshasas. Sin and treachery were the order of the day and goodness had no scope at all. At such a critical juncture mother earth called upon the gods for her purification. Shiva, the destroyer of evils, said, "God is omnipresent. By sincere and constant prayer we can get him here." And so they prayed. And the Heavenly Voice said, "I shall take birth at King Dasharatha's". And so as Ram He appeared.

Ram is the ideal man in every walk of life—the paragon of virtue. An attempt to desoribe His achievements as a man would be nothing but a mockery of words. He is the embodiment of stern duty, the emblem of bravery, and the very soul of affection, which lubricates now and then the whole machinery of His hard life in the Ashram, in the jungle, on the throne, and where not!

Let us learn from Him those lessons of life, which contribute to that mental joy, the monopoly of the fortunate few, the contented comrades of the Commonwealth of free souls, detached from the bondage of ordinary joys and sorrows of human existence. At an early age of sixteen, when the princes are the joys of their parents, Ram had to perform the stern duty of protecting sage Vishwamitra's 'Tapovan' —the hermitage, from the demons. Is it not a great sacrifice to abandon the loving care of an emperor and embrace the risks of facing the wild animals of the jungle and that, too, at such an age? And that was not all. He had to undergo a hard test in archery at 'Sita-Swayamvar.' Sita was won but only to be banished for fourteen long years along with her husband. Without the least hesitation Ram exhibited His infinite love for His brother by renouncing the empire. He thus not only satisfied the requirements of His step-mother "Kaikeye'; but also maintained Dasharatha's dignity like a true 'Raghuvamshi,' famous for their traditional strictness in keeping their word.

"Raghu Kul niti sada chali ai,
Pran jahi Varu Vachan na jahi."

In an unfortunate country like ours, days like 'Ram Navmee' receive least attention, which fact is really distressing but not so wonderful; for, slaves are we after all. We are all busy after careers but miss the greatest career—the right conduct of life. Ram is the Panacea of life. He saved humanity at large from great calamities at different periods of his life until at last He left us happier, brighter and more enlightened for many a century to come. He is yet fresh in the minds of many of us with the same lustre and glow; but alas! how few of us care to remember Him.

Ram! Ram!! Ram!!!

Liquor In Britain

The statistics given by Mr. A. B. Wilson, consulting secretary to the United Kingdom Alliance, relating to Britai's drink bill in 1934 show that a sum of £229,029,000 was spent on alcoholic liquors against £224,845,000 in 1933, an increase of £4,184,000. Of the total expenditure on liquor £94,691,000 was absorbed by taxes. Brewery profits were £18 millions. The average adult expenditure on a population of approximately 30,500,000 persons of twenty years and over, including total abstainers, was about £7 10s. per head. 'The year 1934' states Mr. Wilson, 'like its predecessor 1933, 'has been one of increased spending power, increased beer and wine drinking, and increased drunkenness.' If the number of the unemployed had not been so large the nation's drink bill would probably have been higher. As it is it worked out, in terms of Indian money, at about Rs. 300 crores. Can such a large expenditure on spirits promote or contribute to national efficiency, physical as well as intellectual? It was only possible because Britain is so rich.—"Leader."

CONGRESS & ASSEMBLY

Dr. Ansari's Association With The Parliamentary Board Is Essential At The Present Juncture

By K. F. NARIMAN II.

Shortly before Dr. Ansari's resignation from the C. P. Board an astounding and sensational report of certain alleged serious differences, appeared in a recognised Nationalist paper of some standing. Though that report has been unofficially and informally contradicted by another press report, still the resignation, coming shortly after such a report, is bound to leave a wrong impression in many minds. Close friends and colleagues of Dr. Ansari know very well that for some time past he has been straining and exerting himself against medical advice and at great personal risk, but unfortunately the real inner situation is known only to few. The very large section of the public, not being aware of the real state, would naturally be inclined to be sceptical and apprehensive and may attribute this step in addition to his ill-health also to the existence of some internal crisis. I have heard several sincere and good friends suggest, that in spite of his weak state of health, Dr. Ansari would have continued, as he has done so for a considerable time, but for some serious internal disagreement. A section of the public was already in a subdued state of jurking mystery, making all sorts of silly surmises and drawing all sorts of fantastic inferences. Just then came the news of this resignation, like a bomb-shell, to dispel all their doubts on that subject. At a time when public confidence and support are the principal, almost the only valuable, asset of this newly-created Parliamentary Board, such an atmosphere of distrust and uncerfainty in an important and friendly section, is most undesirable and deplorable. For that reason alone even the nominal continuance of the present President, at least for some time more, is essential and necessary.

Need For His Lead

The real strength of the Party lies, not merely in securing a large number of votes within, but in retaining the popular support and public confidence outside. There was a wonderful demonstration, of both its popularity and strength during the Assembly elections. Nothing should be done, at least during the period of initial growth, to impair or harm that moral stronghold. The resignation of Dr. Ansari at this juncture is bound to have some adverse reaction and should be averted at all cost.

By this attitude it is not suggested, that the Parliamentary Board is a one man's show or that one boss's resignation, would lead to the collapse of the whole organisation. There are other stalwarts who have played an equally important role and given an equally valuable contribution. It would be invidious to mention a few and omit others. They are undoubtedly capable of running this political institution on efficient lines, and keep up the high standard and level, in spite of unfortunate depletion in the ranks. But Dr. Ansari occupies a peculiar and unique position, both in Congress and the country. His unassailable nationalism and his uncompromising anti-communalism give a peculiar value to his association to all political organisations in general and to the Parliamentary Board in particular. With him at the helm, none dare charge the Board with communalist tendencies, and none dare attribute motives, even when mistakes are committed he is a strong link between the two great communities, and his nationalism and cosmopolitanism serve as an inspiring example to young political India, particularly of his own community, and also as an effective check to the growing canker of communalism, again particularly in the conservative and orthodox section of his own community. To remove both this inspiration and check at a time when both are most needed would be a suicidal and retrograde step, at a most critical juncture in the political history of this country. A general has no right to retire till the fight is over, and the rank and file can demand at least his association, if not active service, so long as the objective is not reached. Political excitement often serves as a tonic and incentive and at times, rejuvenates and revivifies, both body and mind, better than artificial chemically-prepared injections or enforced change and rest.

Adverse Reaction

We have known instances of sudden re-action and adverse effects, both on body and mind, due to enforced retirement and rest, particularly for an individual, who has been accustomed all his life to some exciting activities and engrossing, perplexing engagements. This isolation, detach-

(Continued on page 9).

Frankly Speaking

ITALY & ABYSSINIA.

Italy's comment on Abyssinia's appeal makes amusing reading. In essentials it bears a marked resemblance to typical bureaucratic statements and communique which are such a familiar feature of the political life of this country. The comment does not discuss but actually regards, as postulates needing no proof, Italian innocence and Abyssinian aggression. The essence of the comment is that "Italy, while negotiating with the Ethiopian Government on the basis of Article 5 of the Treaty of 1928, in accordance with the Geneva resolution of January last, obviously could not remain a passive witness of the Ethiopian military measures and was obliged to take certain preparatory defensive action."

DANGERS OF A BARGAIN

How delightfully naive the argument is, considering that Abyssinia has urged circumstances quite the reverse of what Italy claims. And since there is a direct conflict of assertions Abyssinia most reasonably demanded arbitration as to who was the aggressor and to what exactly her "military measures" and Italy's "certain preparatory defensive action" amounted. As was expected, however, the League of Nations has decided to put off, as long as possible, facing the obligations of its 'raison-d'etre.' In the meantime, Abyssinia, according to Italy, is, as usual, again guilty of deliberate acts of aggression precisely at the moment which is, tactically and psychologically, favourable to—Italy. Rome reports "further Italo-Abyssinian incidents" on the eve of Stresa. And Italy intends the whole affair to form part of the Stresa agenda. We have no doubt that Britain and France will not discourage Italian ambitions and activities. What we fear is that their active support may be exchanged in bargain for other things.

MUSLIMS AND CALCUTTA CORPORATION.

We understand that the Muslims of Calcutta have decided to put up Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq again as a candidate for the coming Mayoral election. We hope he will not be opposed on this occasion. We say so not on any ground of intrinsic personal merits of Mr. Fazlul Haq but only because no Indian who is at all concerned for the ideal of nationalism can possibly desire a repetition of the unhappy features of the election last year. Congressmen almost spit themselves into two camps with almost a callous disregard for the interest and prestige of the great organisation and they even refused to feel the humiliation of defeating a Muslim with the help of Europeans. That unsavoury history must be avoided at all cost. And we feel further that since the Muslims are going, rightly or wrongly, to put up Mr. Fazlul Haq as their accredited candidate he should be supported by Congressmen in the interest of Hindu-Muslim Unity.

STATUS QUO

The House of Commons in Committee, having disposed of that portion of the India Bill which deals with India proper, has comfortably passed on to the part dealing with Burma, assuming, of course, that Federation in India and the separation of Burma are only questions of time. But with regard to the regulation of Indo-Burmese trade and the emigration of Indian Labour to Burma, Sir Samuel Hoare announced on Wednesday that the Governments of India and Burma had agreed to maintain the "status quo" for a period of five years from separation. The decision seems to be due largely to the difficulty of settling the thorny questions of trade and emigration without the consent of the people concerned and the difficulty also of consulting the people on these questions when the larger question of separation is proposed to be solved by Government irrespective of the wishes of the people of Burma or of India. The people, however, refuse to regard either Federation or Separation as settled facts.

—PRESS VIEWS—

India For The Services.

It is clear to one and all that the whole question of Indian reforms is approached from the services' point of view and, of course, from the angle of the British commercial interests. That is why the Bill has been universally condemned in India and the feeling that the future is being made safe for the services is gaining ground. Services, certainly. But not at the costs of the vital interests of India. It is a strange political philosophy that places the civil servant above all else; it is a still stranger experiment in democracy which will sacrifice all, the prosperity of a whole sub-continent, for the sake of a few individuals.—"Daily News."

Die-hards' Embrace

It is really funny to see Sir Samuel Hoare arguing that though he was in the same lobby as Mr. Churchill on a definitely anti-Indian move, it was for different reasons. The Secretary of State is reported to have said that the member for Epping was against change at any time. Mr. Churchill promptly denied it. He is only against change in his time and Sir Samuel agrees with him. To those who believe that the India Bill is going to be a solution of the Indian political struggle for at least a considerable time, all these backslidings of the British Government are sure to give rise to a feeling of despair. But, the bulk of the Indian people have emerged out of this doctrine or helplessness. In spite of their immediate weakness, they have become converted to the doctrine that only through a long and unremitting struggle can India shake off her political bondage. The embrace of Sir Samuel and Mr. Churchill will strengthen them in this faith and make them totally discard all politicians who subscribe to the creed of perpetual mendicancy.—"Indian Express."

Futile Sympathy

Sir Frank Noyce was very sympathetic with unemployed young men of the middle class in this country. But sympathy even though it emanates from such an august source as the Government of India will not help these unfortunates. All that the Government in their kindness have done is to institute enquiries and suggest educational reconstruction so that hereafter more young men might not be thrown on the streets by inefficient educational institutions. "An attempt was made at the 1931 census to obtain figures of unemployed graduates but it did not yield any results." Why? In Great Britain and other countries it is possible to get unemployment figures from week to week for all classes. In India unemployment figures for rural populations have repeatedly been dismissed as too uncertain for scientific reduction to statistics; and this excuse has been admitted by a public grown tired of hearing the same argument. Why should the collection of data relating to such a small and definite class as educated young men not employed be also impossible? —"Hindustan Times."

As a protest against the Government communique on the Karachi firing Shaikh Abdul Majid has resigned membership of the Bombay Legislative Council.

Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah and Seth Abdullah Haroon are rumoured to be of two though very strong minds. They have not yet decided whether it would be more effective to resign themselves to their membership of the Legislative Assembly or to protest against Shaikh Abdul Majid's action.

* * * *

Defending in the Council of State the refusal of an inquiry, Sir Henry Craik referred to the alleged pre-conceived prejudices of Shaikh Abdul Majid and "some speakers" in the Council of State and "as against that he had," he declared, "received dozens of representations thanking the local authorities for the steps they had taken and holding that an inquiry was undesirable."

So full was the poor old gentleman's mind of these innumerable —we mean these "dozens of representations" that the Legislative Assembly, to take only one instance, was simply and naturally crowded out of it.

But we wish he had published the details about his "dozens" and damned all criticism and protest.

* * * *

Raja Ghazanfar Ali, the mover, considered it a tactical move on the part of the Government to have issued their statement just a day after the Assembly had adjourned 'sine die'.

Sir Henry Craik apparently decided that the best answer to the attack would be to keep quiet about it. And Bori Bunder at least agreed by deleting the passage, among many others, from the report.

* * * *

The honour of talking the motion out goes to Mr. Yamin Khan who rose at a few minutes to six and succeeded in having his very particular say which constituted advice to Government "to go thoroughly into the matter of firing on a crowd by officers of the Government whenever such a case occurred."

And then the clock struck—no it wouldn't be quite correct to say that even the clock couldn't stand Mr. Yamin Khan any longer.

By the way, Mr. Yamin Khan is a nominated member who is credited with the belief that he deserves the Assembly vacancy caused by the death of that great patriot and indomitable fighter, T. A. K. Sherwani.

* * * *

ALL-INDIA MUSLIM LEAGUE

Next Session To Be Held In Lahore

—Headlines.

But we understand that both the Permanent President and the President-designate has—have advised indefinite postponement.

* * * *

In a serious motor collision in Lucknow between the cars of a Raja and a local judge "the drivers of both cars were," says a report, "seriously injured and the Raja's car was badly damaged."

The supremacy of the judiciary in the U.P. was thus fully vindicated.

* * * *

We read of Michael II of Poland, ex-King of the Gipsies who, during his kingship wanted territory for himself in India but obtained no support from the British authorities.

It is, of course, well-known that India offers peculiar attractions to all sorts of Gipsies and Giants who are moved by an intense desire to give this country or parts thereof the benefit of their suppressed administrative genius.

* * * *

PREVENTING PROFITEERING IN WAR.

—Headline.

Then what is the good of war?

* * * *

"My husband is mean; he's taken all the cash out of baby's money-box."

"My dear!"

"Yes, and just when there was nearly enough for the new hat I wanted."

"Elders" Launch Attack On Finance Bill

Gaznafarali Khan Charges Govt. With Vindictive Spirit

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The certified Finance Bill was discussed in the Council of State to-day. Non-official attendance was fair and a few members of the Assembly watched the proceedings from the gallery. Sir N. N. Sircar, the Leader of the Assembly, was also present.

Two officials, Messrs. A. C. De Williams and A. H. Lloyd, were sworn in.

In a brief speech Mr. Tallents, Finance Secretary, moved the second reading. He referred to the delay in the passage of the Bill in the Lower House and drew attention to a goodly crop of amendments now tabled.

SAPRU'S PROTEST

Mr. P. N. Sapru entered a protest against the procedure adopted by Government regarding the Bill and wondered what the effect of the speeches in the Council would have on it. The fiat had gone forth that the Bill shall become the Law of the land.

The President intervening corrected Mr. Sapru's misapprehension and said it was open to the House to move amendments and it was still open to Government to accept such of them as were in their opinion acceptable. The mere fact that after certification the Bill came before the House showed that amendments could be moved and discussed.

GRIGG SHIRKS ANSWER

Mr. Sapru on the other hand feared that the language of certification did not encourage him in that belief for it was laid down that the passage of the bill in the form recommended was essential. Mr. Sapru asked if the Finance Member could state if Government was prepared to accept amendments of a reasonable and moderate character.

Sir J. Grigg said he did not wish to explain anything at this stage.

GOVT. RESPONSIBILITY

Mr. Sapru proceeding refused to share responsibility for the certified Bill and laid the responsibility for the deadlock created over it on the shoulders of Government. He contended that Government could have postponed restoration of the salary cut and made permanent surplus or utilised revenue surplus of 1934|35 for reducing the burden of taxation as desired by the Lower House. Or better still Government could have convened a conference with party leaders of both Houses and accepted the most essential demands before resorting to certification.

ENCOURAGING DISBELIEF

Government had instead ignored the views of every party whether obstructive or non-constructive, including even the European group, and thus encouraged disbelief in constitutional action and parliamentary methods of Government. Mr. Sapru criticised the statement of Sir J. Grigg in the Lower House and said it was a dangerous statement for any responsible Minister of Government to make from the constitutional point of view. Even if one political party was obstructive, why should responsible Government be obstructive.

ACCUSATION AGAINST GOVT.

Proceeding Mr. Sapru said that they had come to discuss measures on their merits. They could not surrender individual judgment and individual conscience. If by co-operation (which Government demanded) Government meant surrender of individual conscience and individual judgment then he had no hesitation in saying he was a non-co-operator (voice: Everyone of us). He criticised the army and exchange policy of Government as also their commercial policy and accused Government of lack of co-operation and irresponsiveness. If Government followed a policy which public opinion advocated there could still be financial equilibrium.

PLANNED ECONOMY

It was no use having a balanced budget or even a surplus budget, if that prosperity was not reflected in the condition of the masses. He advocated the establishment of a central economic council to work out a scheme of economic development from time to time.

Coming to the Finance Bill the speaker wanted reduction of salt duty, exemption of tax on incomes below Rs. 2,000 and reduction in postal rates. If the Finance Member was not prepared to accept these suggestions he would have no alternative but to vote against the Bill at this stage and the subsequent stages.

LAW MEMBER EXPLAINS

The Law Member, Sir N. N. Sircar, rose to remove the impression created by Mr. Sapru's speech that Government had intended a slight on this Council by adopting the procedure of certification. He gave instances of recommendation and certification; resorted to since 1923 in regard to the Finance Bill and in case of the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Bill in 1925. It was only in 1923 that before the Finance Bill was passed by the Lower House and in view of certain amendments accepted there, that Government came up before the Council of State and suggested certain amendments which were accepted here and then the amended Bill as passed was returned to the Lower House.

The latter did not accept it and the Bill was then certified. In all other cases, however, the procedure adopted was exactly the same as now followed, namely, for Government to recommend amendments before the Lower House before the Bill left that Chamber and if that Chamber refused to accept the amendments as recommended then for Governor-General to certify the Bill and bring it before the Council of State. Any other course would have led to further waste of time and further acerbity by Mr. Sapru. Then the Assembly would have charged Government of departing from practice. From the point of view of practical commonsense also Sir N. N. Sircar held that the present practice was in order.

IN DEFENCE OF GRIGG

Referring to Mr. Sapru's remarks about Sir J. Grigg's speech in the Assembly Sir N. N. Sircar said that Sir J. Grigg never refused to accept the decision of the Assembly because the Opposition was prompted by methods of obstruction. On the other hand, Sir James made it clear that he was not accepting the decisions of the Assembly, because in his opinion they were unjust on the merits of the case. On the question of co-operation Sir N. N. Sircar advised Mr. Sapru to read the speech of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai that British rule had ruined India and, therefore, the Opposition there would not do anything to help that rule (the present Government of India). The sole desire of the Opposition in the Assembly was to create situations which would render resort to emergency powers necessary and that in the name of "exposing the naked autocracy of the Government."

Mr. Shantidas Askuran was deeply disappointed at the certification of the Finance Bill which step he felt should never have been taken until Government had exhausted all other means of convincing the representatives of the people. He hoped that in future Government would show a greater spirit of accommodation.

BILL UNDER X-RAY.

As a businessman Mr. Askuran subjected the financial proposals to searching examination and declared that it was not enough for Sir James Grigg to balance his own budget by compelling the provinces to increase their taxation and to curtail their expenditure on nation-building programmes. He enumerated numerous fresh taxation in provinces, particularly Bombay, in which the budgets of millions of taxpayers were thrown out of balance and warned the Government of India that unless they reduced their demands on the pockets of the taxpayer the new constitution in the provinces would be based on financial insecurity.

Referring to taxation proposals the speaker felt that the raising of the income-tax level to two thousand and the reduction of the postal rates would have been welcomed throughout the country with widespread approval and Government had no right to give complete relief to the public services at the expense of income-tax and super-tax assesses. He criticised Government's silver policy and pointed out that while Government purchased silver at a very high price it commenced selling silver when prices had reached the bottom although at that very juncture America started buying silver and there was every reason for anticipating a rise in the price of silver. He estimated that the total loss on this transaction would be several crores.

LOW HEALTH

He protested against the sweeping statement made by Sir James that the industrialist in India was fattening at the expense of the consumer. Mr. Askuran finally discussed the army budget and quoted the opinions of high military officials and said that actually the expenditure of the army was not 44 crores but 48 crores and Government must reduced it to suit the standard and capacity of the masses of this country. There was a serious deterioration in the health of the people and an urgent need for expanding the nation-building activities and it was manifestly unfair to the poorest people in the world that they should be asked to meet the cost of British troops considerable portion of which were admittedly maintained for imperialistic purposes.

EUROPEAN ATTACK.

Mr. Gladstone (Chamber of Commerce) supported the motion for consideration of the certified Finance Bill. But he criticised Government attitude in not accepting any of the amendments accepted by the Lower House. Sir James Grigg's attitude amounted to this: "I am satisfied that the budget I have drawn up is the best possible for you, if you think otherwise, you are mistaken and, in that case, I do not intend to listen to you." If the budget was such a good one, why did it undergo such a disastrous passage in the Assembly? Sir James Grigg was no doubt an expert in his line of business but his unbending attitude towards all forms of counter suggestion was not one which would promote an atmosphere of co-operation. The European group believed that Government could have accepted some of the amendments passed by the Assembly without affecting the budgetary position and in the best interests of the existing and the future Government of the country.

PUSA TRANSFER.

The Maharajah of Dharbangha strongly protested against the transfer of the Pusa Agricultural Institute from Pusa to Delhi and quoted the views of Mr. Sachidananda Sinha and Sir Sultan Ahmed against the arbitrary and unjustifiable decision and appealed to Kunwar Jagdish Prasad to reverse the decision of Sir Fazli Hussain. He also appealed to the Government to remove the surcharges completely in the next financial year.

INSULT TO HOUSE.

Mr. Mehrotra said that it was an insult to the House to bring in a certified measure. The position in 1931 was quite different. Government had accepted a reduction of about one crore out of two crores forty lakhs made by the Assembly. He would not have raised any objection if by their attitude Government were in any way improving the condition of the country.

Mr. Suhrawardy said that the Bill could have been welcomed if the emergency taxation had been reduced and relief given to the peasants.

Sardar Jagannath Pandit said he did not agree with the Congress in reducing tax after tax, nor with Government in not reducing any tax at all. Non-official opinion was clearly in favour of reduction of at least the salt duty and the postal rates.

SPIRIT OF VINDICTIVENESS

Raja Ghaznafar Ali feared that Government had bungled over the Finance Bill by ignoring every single amendment passed by the Assembly. In 1931, Sir George Schuster, in order to placate the Assembly's feelings, agreed even to allow 90 lakhs to remain uncovered as a deficit and also made certain cuts in the Army expenditure. Now a different attitude was in evidence. He described it as a spirit of vindictiveness, which did not become a responsible Government. He did not agree that the Congress Party was obstructive in its attitude in the Assembly, for so many bills were approved by that party without calling a division. Was the Independent Party obstructive? Was the European group obstructive? It was time that the Government reflected on the lessons of the Assembly session and change their policy.

Referring to Sir Henry Craik's speech yesterday over the Karachi firing, Raja Ghaznafar asked whether it satisfied anyone except Government members and nominated members on whom conviction was thrust.

LEADER EXPLAINS.

Kunwar Jagadish Prasad, the new Education Member and leader of the House, defended the Government's position in a brief maiden speech at the conclusion of which he was cheered. The objection from some members had been not to certification powers but that those powers had been applied against every amendment made by the Assembly. It was, therefore, not a case of insult to the members of the Legislature but a question of discretion.

If the Legislature did not force Government to use their emergency powers occasions for such deadlocks would be less.

"A DEAD HORSE"

Mr. Bannerjee said this year the House was being asked not even to dissect but to carry the carcase of the Finance Bill to the usual destination. The Bill in the recommended and certified form was nothing but a dead horse. To discuss the merits of such a bill was nothing but waste of time. The present form of administration was not only unworkable but was most hackneyed and was best suited to the antediluvian age and, therefore, required changing lock, stock and barrel.

Sir James Grigg said he had very little to add to what the Law Member and the Leader of the House had said earlier.

Referring to the amendments made by the Assembly to the Finance Bill the cost of which ranged from six lakhs to three hundred twenty-five lakhs each, Sir James pointed out that the Chancellor of the Exchequer in any democratic Government could not but have adopted the course he had followed. Any proposal to levy an export duty on gold would have ultimately fallen on the seller, who as a rule was a poor person who had a small stock of gold.

Mr. Yamin Khan also spoke.

The Council meets again on Tuesday, 16th April when the Bill will be further discussed.—A.P.

NOT AFRAID OF HIGH PRICES

U. S. Prepared To Dominate Silver Market

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, April 10.

Following a conference with President Roosevelt, Mr. Morgenthau announced that the United States would meet any price set for silver in the world market. If a further rise occurred, the United States would raise its price to that level.

TREASURY PRICE RAISED.

President Roosevelt has increased the price the Treasury pays for newly mined silver from 64-1|2 to 71 cents per ounce. The new rate will take effect immediately.

WHAT INCREASE MEANS.

It is estimated that the increase would mean an additional outlay of over 1,00,000,000 dollars to the United States in fulfilling the provisions of the Silver Purchase Act, which would eventually compel the nation to acquire a further 1,950,000,000 dollars worth of silver.

The new price was reached by reducing the previous seignorage tax from 50 per cent, on the legal monetary value of silver, namely 1.29 dollars per ounce to 45 per cent.

SPECIAL POLICE FOR STRESA

STRESA, April 10.

About 3,000 special police have been drafted in Stresa to guard the Island of Isola Bella on Lake Maggiore where the Italian, British and French conversations open at 10-30 a.m. to-morrow.

Signor Mussolini who was the first of the senior delegates to arrive landed on Lake Maggiore in a three engined seaplane which was piloted by himself.

Stresa is en fete for the conference. Large numbers of flags of the three nations are flying everywhere.—Reuter's Extra Special.

NO MUSIC OR PROCESSION ON ROADS

Ramnavmi Precautions Include Ban On Sale Of Liquor

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 10.

In the course of certain instructions which the Commissioner of Police, Hyderabad City, has issued in connection with the Mohurram, he points out that although music has been stopped, Sri Ramanavami synchronises with the Mohurram and that therefore ordinary music can be held within private residences. No procession should be taken out on public roads

The sale of intoxicating liquor is prohibited from the 11th to the 14th April.—United Press.

EUROPE'S PASSION FOR PACTS

Germany Watches Britain To See If She Will Join System

(SPECIAL CABLE).

BERLIN, April 10.

On the eve of the Stresa Conference efforts apparently being made in official quarters to make clear Germany's attitude on the problem of Europe's pacification, is more positive than made to appear after Sir John Simon's Berlin visit. A Diplomatic correspondent suggests while there must be many changes in the League before it becomes an effective substitute for Europe's passion for pacts, Germany especially desires to see the problem of pacification settled definitely.

He adds that if there is to be any hope of a new spirit of peace and co-operation on a basis of equality, the coming Geneva League meetings on April 15 ought to give some hint of this.

Geneva has now one more chance which it is hoped the League will recognise and utilise.

Discussing the Franco-Russian draft convention "Angriff" says France goes to Stresa with her hands tied with one pact in her pocket and a further bunch of military agreements with the Little Entente Turkey and Greece, in the hope of inducing hesitant Great Britain to join the system of pacts.

LINER RUNS AGROUND

Passengers Landed By A Tender

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 11.

The strenuous efforts of nine tugs steaming at full speed at high water at 4-10 a.m. failed to refloat the liner "Aquitania" which ran aground in the Thorne Knoll mudbank at the entrance to Southampton Water yesterday afternoon, when returning from a Mediterranean cruise with 300 passengers aboard. She was turning into Southampton Water when she caught a 35 miles per hour wind, which drove the stem gently into the mudbank eight minutes before high water. The engines were immediately put at full speed astern. Seven tugs summoned by wireless did the utmost, but she stuck fast. The passengers were later landed by a tender, and meanwhile the tugs stood by and concentrated on preventing the stern from swinging round and blocking the channel while the vessel was lightened by pumping out the oil fuel from the tanks and water was pumped from forward to aft to lighten the bows. But she is still aground at 5 p.m. after high water was passed.

NEXT GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF AUSTRALIA

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 10

Lord Trenchard is being mentioned in political circles as the next Governor-General of Australia. At the office of the High Commissioner in London, the only comment is that nothing definite has been done.

(Continued from col. 7).

unanimous vote of thanks was accorded to Mr French.

Tariffs Against Britain

After much discussion Clause 298 was adopted. During subsequent proceedings a number of clauses were agreed to without discussion, or with drafting amendments by Sir Samuel Hoare.

High Tariffs

Mr. S. S. Hammersley, (Con.) inquired if Sir Samuel Hoare envisaged the continuation of the present high tariffs against Britain.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied that the basis of arrangement was the continuation of "status quo" between India and Burma. If there was a field in which the imports to Burma did not compete with the Indian imports, there would be latitude for negotiations, but in the case of competing imports the position must be left as at present for the interim period.

When the interim period ended, British Government would be free to make whatever arrangements it could with the Government of Burma.

Sir Samuel Hoare added the agreement was not ratified. He had not received the final details. It would come before the Commons in the form of an Order-in-Council.

With regard to the migration, Sir Samuel Hoare said efforts were being made to try and tide over the interim period with the arrangement of leaving the migration conditions between India and Burma substantially as at present.

Bengal Civil Servants Worried

Fear Future Doubly Dangerous Due To Terrorist Movement

The terrorist movement was particularly bad in Bengal, and "dangerous and arduous as has been the work of the two chief Services in the past, it would be doubly so in the future."

This was the gist of the memorial submitted on behalf of the I. C. S. (Bengal) Association to both Houses of Parliament on Wednesday by its accredited representative Mr. J. C. French, and presided over by Lord Salisbury.

LONDON, April 10.

There was a large attendance of members of both Houses of Parliament in the Committee Room of the House of Commons at a meeting summoned by Lord Salisbury and Sir Robert Horne to hear the address by a former Bengal civilian, Mr J C French.

Among those present were the Duke of Atholl and Lords Amphill, Home, Peel, Lamington, Linlithgow, Selborne, Stanley, and Wolmer, Mr. Somerville, Lt-Col. R V K Applin Mr J C C Davidson, Mr Duff Cooper, Capt D Euan Wallace Mr H V A M Raikes, Sir J S Wardlaw-Milne, Major Edward Cadogan, and Captain Cazalet.

The proceedings were private.

Lord Salisbury presided at the meeting, after which a communique was issued stating that Mr. French a retired I.C.S. and accredited representative of the I.C.S. (Bengal) Association in England addressed a meeting of the Conservative supporters of the Government of both Houses.

Mr French started by explaining that as the spokesman and representative of the Indian Civil Servants, the rules of Civil Service prevented him from expressing publicly his views on political matters. The rules and traditions of the I.C.S. were quite as strict as those of the English Civil Service. He must, therefore, confine his remarks entirely to the printed memorial already received by the Secretary of State. Mr. Frenon begged his hearers not to asw him to deal with matters of which it was improver for him to speak at that meeting.

Dangerous And Arduous

Mr. French pointed out that the memorial was supported by the I.C.S. Association for All-India and the Indian Police. He said the reason why the I.C.S. Association of a single province in Bengal should have taken upon themselves to submit such a memorial is to be found in the fact of the terrorist revolutionary movement which was particularly bad in the Bengal. In their memorial they state: "Dangerous and arduous has been the work of the two chief services in Bengal in the past, it would be doubly so in the future."

Mr. French proceeded to examine in detail certain requests in the memorial which were not inserted in the bill. Two of the most important of them were, first that the existing statutory proportion of one-third highcourt judges being I.C.S. should be continued which request had been refused

Usual Practice

The memorial remarks in this connection: "While we recognise that the appointments are made by His Majesty we presume the usual constitution practice will be followed, namely, that His Majesty will make such appointments on the advice of the Ministers—in this case the Indian Ministers—who may well be swayed more by the influences we mentioned than by a strict regard for the administration of justice."

Run The Risk

Secondly Mr. French drew attention to the memorialists' request that the pay and provident fund of the civil service should be fixed at the rate of 1/6 per rupee and pointed out the hardship that would be incurred by the civil servants who had to meet the educational and other family charges in England if the value of the rupee were depreciated. In reply to the question whether the services would not be adversely affected if the value of the rupee appreciated, Mr. French stated that they were ready to run that risk. Other points were the request that the pensions payable outside India should be safeguarded in case of default; that the invalid pensions should be on the same scale as the proportionate pensions; and that half the members of the Public Service Commission should be men of official experience.

Mr. French was asked several questions by the members. One of them was whether the existing civil servants in India approved of the Government of India Bill.

Mr. French replied that it would not be proper for him to answer such a question at that meeting. He was also asked whether the Secretary of State received him and other representatives from Bengal as requested in the memorial.

Mr. French replied that the Secretary of State did not receive any gentlemen mentioned but received representatives from the All-India Association instead. He had every confidence they presented the case very ably.

Indian Problem.

At the end of the meeting Lord Salisbury said he was sure that everyone present irrespective of their views on Indian problem, would appreciate and sympathise with the burden that would be thrown on the I. C. S. (Cheers). A

(Continued in Col. 5)

KHADI || REMOVES POVERTY ALLEVIATES MISERIES HELPS THE POOR

KHADI IS || CHEAP BEAUTIFUL DURABLE

PURCHASE KHADAR

During

The National Week

Reductions Ranging from

6¼ p. c. to 50 p. c. on

Cotton, Woollen and Silk Varieties

(1) A. I. S. A. KHADI BHANDAR
396, Kalbadevi Rd. BOMBAY 2.

(2) KHADI PRINTING AND DYEING WORKS.
95A, Girgaum Back Rd. BOMBAY 4.

Karachi Tragedy And Congress

A SUGGESTION TO RAJEN BABU

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—So the cat is out of the Bag! The Bureaucracy in Karachi have so bungled and blundered so meddled and muddled, that they could not stand an open investigation.

If they had acted judiciously, and their action was justifiable, why did the Home Members evade the Assembly and Council Members, and plead lack of full information?

And when details are available, and the Officers are said to be innocent of any act of commission or omission, why is a Public Inquiry burked?

It is high time, that Rajen Babu and Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel proceed to Karachi to investigate matters. That will convince the Sindh Muslims, that Congress is with them in their hour of trial.—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Bassein Municipality

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Bassein Municipality as it is constituted to-day consists of 21 Councillors, 17 of whom are elected by the people and 4 nominated by the Government. Of the nominated members, one is a salaried servant of the Government, the Mamlatdar of Bassein generally selected as ex-officio member.

This year's nomination to the Bassein Municipality came as a surprise to many who are interested in the activities of that body. As usual, the Mamlatdar of Bassein is one of the members nominated, the remaining three members selected being two Christians living about three miles away from Municipal limits and one Mr. Chananshah a Punjabi-Hindu having business connections in Bassein, but owning no landed property and having no house of his own.

One fails to understand the principle upon which persons living outside the Municipal area and persons who have but very limited interest in the municipal working are nominated to the Municipality. Do not Government realise that such a nomination is altogether unfair to communities within the Municipal limits (especially to backward Hindus whose population is more than that of Christians) as it deprives them of a proper representation on the Municipality? I think this is against the principles laid down in Section 10 of the Bombay District Municipal Act III of 1901, and comments thereto. Can persons nominated from outside the Municipal limits be reasonably expected to be in touch with the needs of the people in matters directly affecting the prosperity of the area administered? What interest can such persons have in the task in hand? How then can their presence in the Municipality promote its efficiency and foster that pride in the efficiency of the Municipal institution which is so very essential to the growth of Local Self-Government?

Will the Minister of Local Self-Government kindly enquire into the matter?—Yours, etc.

CHITRAGUPTA.

"Unwanted Liquor-Shop In Gorai

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am one of those who favour Temperance. I am, however, for imparting this habit by educating the people and not by bullying them. A good deal of intemperance in this country is due to ignorance, as many think that drinking strong spirit is manly and necessary for strength. Forcible prohibition, as they have formed out in America, is harmful and encourages crimes of the worse description, such as gangsterism, grafting, illicit spirits, which are poisonous, and so forth. Many in this country are rightly advocating temperance and are doing their best to discourage the sale of spirit and so forth. As stated above, I belong to this class. While such is my disposition, I must strongly condemn the campaign that has been raised by certain people against a new licensee in Gorai. I hope that in the name of fair-play for which your paper is well-known, you will allow me to expose the machinations of certain people in Gorai who have a personal spite against that licensee. In your issue of the 10th instant, "Justice" for instance, makes a great noise against the liquor shop of the new licensee on the ground of "religion." Accordingly to him the religious sentiments of the people are wounded on account of the proximity of the same to the Church, the schools, etc. Now, Sir, this is all greatly exaggerated. Most of the people of Gorai are Catholics, who are all addicted to strong drinks. There is not a festival here where people do not indulge in spirits. In fact, they would be miserable and unhappy without the same. Let "Justice" bring any other objection he may imagine against the situation of that liquor shop, but not the religious objection. He unmasks himself when he does so and exposes his spite and hypocrisy which is un-Christian.—Yours, etc.,

JOSEPH VOY.

Bhyndar, April 11.

"Godrej Soap"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Referring to an article entitled "Godrej Soap" appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 2nd instant containing reference to certain statements alleged to have been made by the Chemical Analyser of the Mysore State Soap Factory to a representative of the Swadeshi Marketing Committee. I am directed to inform you that there has been no officer styled the Chemical Analyser to the Mysore Government Soap Factory and that no such statements as have been attributed to him were made by any officer of the Soap Factory to the representative of the Swadeshi Marketing Committee or to anybody else.

I am therefore to request you to kindly cause these facts to be published prominently in your paper to remove any misapprehension that may still exist.—Yours, etc.

M. VENKATRAMAPPA.
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.
Bangalore, April 19.

Enquiry

ZAMINDAR ARRESTED

Sequel To Demonstrations At Delhi Against Kapurthala Durbar

KAPURTHALA, April 11.

Sardar Hari Singh, President of the Central Zemindar League, Kapurthala State, who returned from Delhi yesterday on the termination of the demonstrations aiming at land revenue reduction in Kapurthala, was arrested to-day.

The Police also raided the Zamindar League office and took away its records. Sardarji refuse to furnish bail and left the following message for the zemindars:

"Only sacrifice and endurance can redress the manifold grievances of the State zemindars paying crushing land revenue. I hope my arrest will not in any way enrage the zemindars, but they will go on with the movement quite constitutionally and peacefully."—United Press.

NEW AIR RECORDS

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 11.

Notwithstanding the unfavourable flying conditions, De Havilland Comet machine knocked fourteen minutes off the London-Paris record and accomplished the journey between Croydon and Le Bourget control towers in 53 minutes with an average speed of 220 miles per hour.

Pilot Hugh Buckingham carried a passenger in the machine which is the same as piloted by Waller and Cathcart Jones in the England-Australia air race and did the return journey in a record of thirteen and half days and which is being delivered to the French Government.

For the second time this week a new record was put up by a Dutch passenger-carrying air liner on the Croydon-Rotterdam route which accomplished the journey of 203 miles in 55 minutes.

NASIK TO HONOUR RAJEN BABU

NASIK, April 11.

The Nasik Municipality at its quarterly meeting decided to present an address to Babu Rajendra Prasad when he visits Nasik in June.

Nominated and Sanatanist Councillors supported the proposal.—A.P.

ACCUSED TURNS ACCUSER

Sun Tobacco Co. Case

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, April 10.

Arguments were heard by Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, after the accused Mr. Padamshi Shivji put in his written statement to-day at the resumed hearing of the case in which Mr. Manordas Narandas Narielwala, Managing Director of the Sun Tobacco Co. Ltd., (now in voluntary liquidation) is prosecuting the Company's two Directors Padamshi Shivji (Chairman) and K. S. Mali (Manager) and its Secretary, Ranchhoddas, on charges of cheating in respect of two sums of Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 155, misappropriation and abetment thereof. The present trial is against the first accused only, as the other two are still not traced.

Mr. P. V. Patil with Mr. S. I. Dave appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Frank Oliveira with Messrs. S. R. Oka and M. N. Patankar appeared for the defence.

The accused Mr. Padamshi Shivji, denying the charges brought against him characterised the complaint as false frivolous and vexatious.

After narrating the circumstances in which the complainant chose himself to be the Managing Director, the accused stated that the complainant was aware that in pursuance of the terms of agreement reached on June 21, 1932 a sum of Rs. 2,000 was to be paid by Mr. K. S. Mali on behalf of the Company to Mr. Abdul Hussein Mulla Ahmedalli in consideration of his share in stock-in-trade and for the goodwill of the business within one month. Because Mr. Abdul Hussein wanted a guarantor, the accused stood a surety for the payment of Rs. 2,000 at the suggestion of the complainant who was anxious to expedite the formation of the Company. The complainant was also fully aware that by the subsequent agreement (of June 23, 1932) all the liabilities of the old Company were taken over by the new Limited Company.

The accused further stated that the liability of Rs. 2,000 was confirmed along with the other items by the resolution passed at the meeting of directors held on July 8, 1932 at which the complainant was present. The amount was paid on July 25, 1932 and receipt obtained from Mr. Abdul Hussein Mulla Ahmedally. The new Company was under an obligation to pay Rs. 155 when a demand for godown rent in arrears for five months (February to June 1932) was made. The cross-cheques were signed by the complainant as Managing Director. The complainant had the office of the Sun Tobacco Co. Ltd. brought from Santa Cruz to Bombay and lodged in the same building next to the office occupied by his firm as their sub-tenant. He signed the share certificates and made application to the Imperial Bank for opening account of the Limited Company. He credited various sums to his own firm including two sums of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 3,626-8-6 realised by the sale of raw tobacco to Mr. Chhotalal Velsey. He kept the account books and had them audited by Messrs. N. S. Gubby and Company.

His letter of December 17 clearly indicated the part he played in the management, complaining that owing to the worry and trouble as Managing Director his life was shortened. In the face of these facts, his statement on oath that he was a "dummy managing director" was a deliberate perjury.

The accused then enumerated the several statements made by the complainant on oath which he alleged to be false.

After praying that he might be discharged, the accused submitted that the complainant might be dealt with for making a false complaint against him under the provisions of Sections 250 or 476 Cr. P. C.

Arguments were then heard.

Further hearing was then adjourned to April 27.

PROTEST AGAINST E.I.C. ASSOCIATION RAID

Cotton Brokers' Staff Union Urges Action Against Those Responsible

"This meeting of the Managing Committee of the Cotton Brokers Staff Union expresses its strong protest against the behaviour shown by the police on the 9th instant inside the Trading Ring of the Eat India Cotton Association and has appealed to the East India Cotton Association to take necessary strong steps so that persons responsible for this humiliating incident be given befitting punishment."

BHULABHAI RETURNS TO BOMBAY

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly, returned to Bombay from New Delhi on Thursday morning.

SIKHS CLOSE UP THEIR RANKS

Agreement Reached At Lahore Will Be Ratified By Akalis

LAHORE, April 11.

Continued efforts of the well-wishers of the Sikh community to bring about peace between the two factions of the community, are reported to have been crowned with success.

It is understood that at a Conference of the Akali leaders at the residence of Sardar Harnam Singh, Advocate, a final agreement putting an end to party strife was reached, which is now being ratified by the different Akali organizations. An arbitrator with power to deal with all disputes arising hereafter was appointed.

It may be stated that party squabbles between the adherents of Master Tara Singh and Giani Shersingh reached such a stage as would make any joint action, even in matters of common wrongs, such as the Communal Award, impossible. The first peace efforts started, in fact under the aegis of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya last yerr.—United Press.

SYMBOL OF NATIONAL RENAISSANCE

Khadi Brings Bread And Beauty To People, Says Mrs. Naidu

LAHORE, April 10.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu visited the Parimahal Khaddar Bhandar yesterday and gave the following message to the Nation for National Week:—

"I have always maintained that Khaddar is a symbol of national renaissance. In its simple fashion it speaks for every form of national expression that brings both bread and beauty to the people. From Assam to Malabar, from Orissa to the Sind desert the spinning wheel and the weaving loom producing fabrics of cotton, wool or silk fibre are busy proclaiming the new gospel as enunciated by India's great apostle, Mahatma Gandhi; and yet is the immemorial message of all the ages and all the countries of the world—bread for the people and beauty born of beneficial labour that brings bread."—United Press.

NO PLOT OF LAND FOR HARIJAN COLONY

U. P. Govt. Refuses Application Of Seva Sangh

ALLAHABAD, April 11.

It is reported that the U. P. Government have rejected the application of the Allahabad Harijan Seva Sangh for a plot of land for making the scheme for a Harijan Colony for which Mahatma Gandhi had given his approval.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has promised the entire expense for building a hospital in the Colony. United Press.

AIR MAIL AT KARACHI

KARACHI, April 11.

The Airmail from Croydon arrived at 10-10 p.m. and will leave for Singapore at 2-45 a.m.—A.P.

Director Of S. A. Gold Mines Resigns

(Special Cable).

LONDON, April 11.

Mr. John Howeson has resigned the directorship of the Consolidated Gold Fields of South Africa.

SOLE REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIAN PEOPLE

Support Congress By Becoming Its Members

MR. NARIMAN ON 'SIGNIFICANCE AND SACREDNESS' OF NATIONAL WEEK

"The Indian National Congress had proved to be the sole representative of the people of India. Its prestige as the organisation of the masses has been recognised by the Government in no uncertain measure. It is, therefore, the duty of everyone to strengthen the premier organisation by becoming members of the Congress," declared Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay, presiding over a meeting held on Thursday at Tamba Kanta in connection with the National Week.

PEOPLES' REPRESENTATIVE

Mr. Gajendra Sarma on behalf of the C Ward District Congress Committee in proposing Mr. Nariman to the chair, observed that Mr. Nariman as the President of the B.P.C.C., had been the unquestioned representative of the people and it was only in the fitness of things that he should be elected as Mayor. (Applause). On behalf of the C Ward D.C.C., he offered the congratulations on Mr. Nariman's election as Mayor.

THEIR PAST SACRIFICES

Mr. Nariman in a stirring appeal, referred to the great sacrifices of the people in the name of the Congress for the sake of their country. Referring to his election as Mayor, Mr. Nariman said that it was not a matter over which Congressmen should feel over-jubilant. To him the Indian National Congress had always remained the supreme organisation, the sole representative of the people, under the banner of which he had always tried in his humble way to serve the cause of the country and the people. If they wanted to congratulate him, he said the occasion had not yet come when he would deserve their compliments fully. That. after Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel, the Mayoralty of Bombay should pass into the hands of a Congressman might, perhaps, be a justification for their offering congratulations to him. But he made it clear, he accepted the office not to enjoy the honours and privileges of such a position. On the other hand the sole objective before him was the service of the citizens of Bombay both rich and poor, without any distinction and at all times. He was always ready and willing to render whatever service demanded of him.

A POIGNANT REMINDER

As regards the National Week, the audience were well aware, Mr. Nariman said, of the significance of the observance of this week in April every year. He recalled the Jallianwalla Baug tragedy and the Martial Law Regime in the Punjab. It was not with a view to cherish and sharpen any feelings of enmity or bitterness, that the week was being observed all over India, declared Mr. Nariman. On the other hand, the whole incident was a poignant reminder of the helplessness of a country which was under subjugation. If the Indians had a sincere desire for Swaraj and freedom, they should strive for unity and strength of organisation. If one could recall the Jallianwalla Baug tragedy, one would feel a burning desire in his heart for national freedom. If one could recall the tremendous sacrifices, the nation had to make in the struggle for freedom in the past, one would realise the significance and the sacredness of the National week.

In the last struggle for freedom, continued Mr. Nariman, thousands of people, men, women and children faced the situation bravely, thousands went to jail and thousands of others faced the lathi. After that storm there might be a lull in the country.

NO SIGN OF WEAKNESS

But the present lull, said Mr. Nariman, was not a sign of weakness. The Congress was as influential an organisation as ever. Though the Government often repeated that the Congress had lost its prestige with the masses, they did not appear to have felt sincerely so. On the other hand, the Government had fully gauged the popularity and power of the Congress. Hence their vigilance, their eagerness, to accommodate the villagers by a grant of one crore of rupees. All those showed that the Congress was a great organisation fully backed by the masses. It was the supreme duty of every Indian to support the Congress and become Congress members. Beyond doubt,

(Continued in col. 5).

(Continued from Col. 7)

every Indian loved the Congress as he or she loved the motherland. But the real strength of the Congress lay not merely in loyalty but also in organisation, for this reason, he appealed to the residents of the C Ward to become members.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

Referring to khaddar, Mr. Nariman said that it would be a matter of pity, if after 15 years of propaganda and appeals, the Indians did not take to khaddar with all sincerity and earnestness. He hoped that the appeals of Mahatma Gandhi and hundreds of women volunteers who hawked khaddar from door to door would not go in vain. The work of the Congress did not end with the Council-entry. The work outside the councils and in the country was immense. For this reason, it was essential that every one should join the Congress to effectively carry out the Congress programme.

Mr. Ganpat Shankar Desai, Secretary of the B.P.C.C. appealed to the residents of the Bhuleshwar Ward to join the Congress in large numbers.

SAVE DROUGHT-STRICKEN BHILS

Mr. Laxmidas Shrikant's Appeal For Funds

The following appeal has been issued by Mr. Laxmidas M. Shrikant, Vice-President, Bhil Seva Mandal, Dohad.

In the Bhil tract of Dohad and Jhalod Talukas, on account of poor rainfall much less than the average the "khariff" crop of maize in some places was unsatisfactory while the Rabi crop of wheat and gram was very poor on account of shortage of late rains. Frost filled the cup of misery of the poor Bhils to the brim. Prices of grain and cereal are going down and the "Shahukars" getting nervous about the recovery of their dues have carried away the maize stored by the Bhil for a rainy day, to the market for sale. Bereft of the means of livelihood Bhils are sustaining themselves on roots of lotus dug out from ponds and on Mahura flowers.

On account of poor rains specially in Dohad Taluka water in rivulets and tanks and wells has begun to dry up and there are at least two months still for the rain to come. Bhils to-day are getting their drinking water from such dirty rivulets from where the cattle are also drinking water. The Bhil has got himself used to famine and semi-starving condition. But he is powerless against the misery of drought.

NEED FOR WELLS

The story goes that the District Officer while on tour in these parts came across a Bhil woman drinking dirty water from a small rivulet. The officer was moved, human as he was, and ordered a "katcha" well to be dug on the spot. This may be a rare sight for a District Officer, but it reflects the present state of things in these two Talukas. There are very few wells in this tract is a patent fact which Government Records cannot deny.

The Taluka Local Board has a balance of Rs. 500 at the most to be spent for the digging and repair of Katcha wells. Local Board institution which has been made to starve of funds by the Government cannot cope with this want of the Bhil tract. Applications for digging wells are pouring in upon me as the President of the Taluka Board and as such I have sent a letter to the authorities concerned for giving to the T. L. B. Rs. 3,000 as a special water grant and requesting them to treat it as urgent. Let us hope that the Government may be moved to do so something in the matter before monsoon. The District Officer who was moved while touring in these parts may be expected to move in the matter and not forget what he saw after leaving this tract.

DUTY OF PUBLIC.

Grant of money asked for may or may not come from the Government. "M Bap," the duty of the public and the public institution of the place is quite clear. The Bhil Sewa Mandal has taken in hand their scheme of digging "Katcha" wells costing about Rs. 3,000 (three thousand). The work will commence in the middle of this month. In order to meet with the present calamity not less than Rs. 5,000 are required. I appeal to the generous public to extend their hand and send contributions to the Bhil Sewa Mandal. Dohad. for the immediate relief of the drought-stricken Bhils. Detailed report of the relief work will be published for public information. I hope. the appeal will catch the ears of those who are providing facilities for water in summer and consider it a meritorious act.

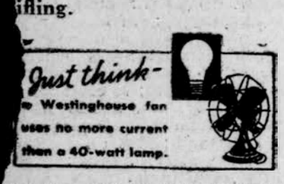
BEWARE
OF LEAD-POISONING
ALEMBIC
BORO-THYMOLIN
Antiseptic
TOOTH PASTE
STRENGTHENS GUMS
CLEANSES CREVICES
WHITENS TEETH
AND DISINFECTS MOUTH
Packed in pure Tin Tubes
ASK FOR THIS Free GIFT
MAJORITY OF TOOTH PASTES IN THE MARKET ARE BEING PACKED IN LEAD TUBES—which impart LEAD POISONING —with most HARMFUL EFFECTS.
TO ENSURE SAFETY against this DANGEROUS LEAD POISONING INSIST on ALEMBIC TOOTH PASTE —PACKED IN TIN TUBES ONLY.
BORO-THYMOLIN destroys evil germs and cleanses the mouth beautifully. An excellent safeguard against caries, pyorrhoea and other dental worries. You are sure to love this delightful dentifrice.
Alembic
TOOTH PASTE
ALEMBIC CHEMICALS,
Bombay, Baroda, Madras.

"HOT" did you say?

Not if You have a Westinghouse Fan

This is the 16" Fan. 8" and 10" Fans sizes also available

Surely, it's hot. There's nothing you can do about the weather. But you can have a refreshing breeze to cool you off, by merely flipping the switch of a Westinghouse Fan. A real hot weather necessity—but not an expensive one. When you think that a Westinghouse Fan will go on giving you hot weather comfort for years and years, the cost per hour of cooling breezes is trifling.



1935 WESTINGHOUSE silent running fans are fitted with non-metal Micarta blades which will stand up to Monsoon dampness. The special Capacitor motor gives a current consumption 40 % less than ordinary fans whilst displacing 10 % more air. There is a WESTINGHOUSE FAN available from Rs. 14/8/-.

Westinghouse

Westinghouse Electric Co. of India, Limited, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

CONDY'S makes food safe for baby

A feeding bottle sterilised with Condy's Fluid is as safe for baby as science can make it. For Condy's is the supreme destroyer of germs, and the purifier par excellence for all domestic uses, odourless, and quite harmless except to bacteria.

CONDY'S FLUID

Proved by generations of use in Hospitals and in Millions of Homes.

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars throughout India. If any difficulty, from Wholesale Agents:—WALTER WHITE, Manhar Buildings, Princess Street, Bombay; INTERNATIONAL TRADING COMPANY, Manhar Building, Lohar Chawl, Bombay; and FRANK ROSS & CO. LTD., Wholesale Chemists and Druggists, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

GUARDIAN OF GOOD HEALTH

G 7 (Regd.) SPECIFIC

This invaluable, scientifically tested medicine relieves the pain of urinary disease within two doses. Amazing results have been worked on the most obstinate and chronic cases.

Price Re. 1 only.
V. P. Charges extra.

Dr. REHMTULLAH SULEMANJI
Corner of Grant Road (75)
BOMBAY No. 7.

Temples Of Animal Sacrifice

I Would Not Touch Them Till It Is Stopped, Says Mahatma

MADRAS, (By Mail).

"No doubt temple reform is a separate question. Entry of Harijans into temples cannot await reform. But I would draw the line at temples where animal sacrifices are offered. I would not touch these temples till animal sacrifices are stopped. Inward corruption in temples cannot affect the devotee, who knows nothing about it. But with the animal sacrifice every worshipper is intimately connected."

Thus writes Mahatma Gandhi in the course of an article under the caption "Priesthood and Untouchability" appearing in yesterday's "Harijan."

He continues:

"A correspondent writes from Sibsagar:

'The following extract from my diary will speak for itself. The pathos of the scene, which I had the misfortune to witness ten days ago, has cut itself deep into my heart and impels me to acquaint you with the facts. But let my diary speak:—

INSOLENCE OF PRIESTHOOD.

"As we had time enough and to spare, we made a detour and visited the temple at Dergaon, only a mile from the Trunk Road, midway between Jorhat and Goalghat. I had never before seen this temple, which stands on a knell and lords it over the surrounding region mostly tea gardens. The smooth green slopes all around quite captivated me. Far off could be seen the white sands of the Brahmaputra and long stretches of mustard blossoms on its banks. A long slowly rising flight of stone-steps leads up to the temple grounds. After ascending the stairs as you proceed towards the temple through an avenue of bel and palm trees, you are greeted by monkeys scrambling for the fruit that you have thrown to them, the bolder among them even snatching things from your hands.

The temple grounds are sadly neglected, covered with brambles and unsightly jungle. In vain one looks for beautifully laid-out flower-gardens around the temple; how they would set off the beauty of the place! The temple itself, though not much cared for, is a beautiful structure of stone and brick, not very high but possessing certain features which are not to be met with in other temples in Assam. Besides the central dome dedicated to the worship of the "Lingam, it has, wrought into it, more miniature dome dedicated to four different gods. The stone figures on the outer walls are fine specimens of workmanship.

"The beauty and charm of this heritage of our glorious past, the holy atmosphere of this abode of the gods, is, however, marred by the rapacity greed and insolence of the priesthood. How could the gods, I wondered within myself, reside in a place which the greedy priests have turned into a veritable market-place and where there is a bar to the entrance of the lowly and humble, the beloved of God?

SCENE OF ANIMAL SACRIFICE.

"On the day we visited the temple there were crowds of worshippers clustering at the entrance-mostly tea-garden labourers and Miris. Scenes such as are to be met with in a bazar were going on in front of the temple. One devotee was offering a pair of pigeons, and the priests were demanding 2 annas as the price of the offering. Another devotee who had a goat to offer, was being asked 4 annas more, the rupee he had laid before the priest being insufficient to make his goat-offering acceptable to the deity. These simple, innocent holders of the Hindu faith had evidently fallen among thieves. They were squatting or kneeling outside the temple door, their envious glances following those walking freely into it, their wonder-lit, and eyes peering into the dark gloom inside in the vain hope of catching a glimpse of the image.

"I went away with a heavy hearet from this scene of irreligion and deception. My mind revolted, and I made up my mind.....to give wide publicity to this crime as against God and humanity and leave no stone unturned to have the temple thrown open to Harijans.'

SIMPLE FOLK EXPLOITED

"It is perhaps not unknown to you that most of the public temples in Assam are open to every section of the Hindu community. The temple at Dergaon is the only exception I have so far come aross. Tea-Garden labourers and ex-labourers and Miris are frequent temple-goers and pay the bulk of the temple's income. Needless to say, the religious fervour and ignorance of these simple folk are exploited by the priests.

"Situated as it is in the vicinity of tea gardens and Miri settlements, this temple is of growing importance to Harijans. The removal of the bar should stir the minds of these depressed people and create an atmosphere for the initiation of uplift work amongst them."

COOLIES OR UNTOUCHABLES

When I was touring in Assam last year in the Harijan cause, I had understood that the tea-garden coolies were regarded as untouchables and that the Miris were also almost so regarded. Be that as it may, it is a serious question whether, where the priests exploit the superstition of the people and where innocent birds and animals are offered as sacrifice, it is right to agitate for the entry of Harijans to such a temple.

CITADEL OF KALI WILL FALL

"No doubt temple reform is a separate question. Entry of Harijans into temple cannot await reform. But I would draw the line at temples where animal sacrifices are offered. I would not touch these temples till animal sacrifices are stopped. Inward corruption in temples cannot affect the devotee who knows nothing about it. But with animal sacrifice every worshipper is intimately connected. For, he or she has to offer such sacrifices. And a Harijan admitted for the first time in such a temple would naturally be expected to bring some poor bird or animal as sacrifice. He may or may not be a meat-eater, but who will make himself responsible for the sin teaching an unsophisticated Harijan that God expects His worshippers to propitiate Him with the blood of innocent dumb animals who have never sinned, who have no sense of sin? I wish that the leaders of Assam will purge the Dergaon temple of the stain of bloody sacrifice. Let no one retort that the beginning should be made, not with an unknown temple like that of Dergaon, but it should begin with the temple of Kali. Most reforms have had their origin in small beginnings. The citadel of Kali will fall by its own weight, if the minor temples wash themselves clean of innocent blood."—United Press.

WOMAN TORTURED

Dacoits Shoot Her On Failure To Get News About "Hidden" Wealth

ALLAHABAD, April 11.

A woman was tortured by a gang of dacoits in an attempt to make her disclose the whereabouts of her husband's cash and valuables. Her limbs were forcibly burnt and she was finally shot read. The incident is reported from Magalpara village in Bijnor (United Provinces).

The cries and shrieks of the woman brought other villagers to the scene and in a free fight that followed one of the decoits was wounded.

Finding it difficult to take away their disabled companion the other dacoits shot him dead leaving his body behind in a mutilated form so as avoid identification.—A. P.

LIMBDI RULER'S SILVER JUBILEE

LIMBDI, April 10.

Several prominent persons have arrived here to witness the celebrations in connection with silver jubilee of the Sir Daulatsinhji.

These include Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, Sir Prabhashanker Pattani, Hon'ble Mr. C. Latimer, Agent to the Governor-General in States of Western India and several ruling chiefs.

The Maharaja of Dhrangadhra laid the foundation stone of the Baluba Maternity Home.—A. P.

RESEARCH INTO HOLY KORAN

Gaekwar Takes Special Interest.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, April 10.

To encourage research into the Holy Koran the Maharaja has specially ordered to include Doctor Jefferey's book "Linguistic Sources of Koran in the Gaekwar Oriental Series"

The doctor is an accredited authority on Koran. The Oriental Institute has published 'Sarikhimubbarkhshahi', translation, "Ahranutwwarikh" and other books and this will be an interesting addition to the Muslim Literature works in series.

The Jam Saheb of Nawanagar sailed for England by yesterday morning's Italian boat "Victoria" to participate in Their Majesties Silver Jubilee Celebrations.

Our Dharwar Letter

KARNATAK POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Reception Committee Arrangement

(From Our Correspondent).

DHARWAR, April 9.

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the 8th Karnatak Provincial Conference was held at Mangalore last week. Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, presided over the meeting Owing to the shortness of time the idea of holding the Swadeshi Exhibition during the Conference week was dropped and several sub-committees were appointed to undertake various activities to make the Political Conference a success. Sjt. Timmappa Shetti was selected to take charge of the male volunteers and Mrs. Talcheri of the women volunteers.

It was also decided in the meeting that the Political Conference should be opened by Rajen Babu whose Karnatak tour has been arranged at that time and this decision was conveyed to the K.P.C.C. office at Dharwar. It is understood that the tour programme cannot be disturbed and that it is not possible for Rajen Babu to be present at Mangalore on the 7th May to open the Conference.

DESHPANDE RELEASED

Mr. B. Y. Deshpande who was convicted for 2 years and 3 months in C.D. movement was released from Belgaum Central prison last week after serving a full term of his imprisonment.

STATES SUBJECTS' CONFERENCE

Political Conference of Jamkhandi State subjects will be held at Jamakhandi on the 20th and 21st April. It is understood that Sjt. Narayanrao Joshi of Belgaum has been requested to preside over this Conference.

CONGRESS & ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 6).

ment and enforced rest and inactivity, were our main complaints and grievance against political incarcerations in jail. Many a healthy body and vigorous mind, had grown languid and frail, because of their supposed 'rest' and 'peace' and 'calm change.' Will not Dr. Ansari's sudden transformation to the opposite extreme of complete political detachment and isolation, the sudden change from extreme pressure of work to inaction and rest, have a reactionary psychological effect, and thus further impair his health? We should not presume to tender advice to an eminent doctor on questions concerning his own health, but we can humbly point out our own recent experiences gained behind the dead walls of cruel Indian jails. Under no circumstances would we endanger or risk that valuable life that is still a national asset to the country. We should not appear to be so selfish or attempt to extort service from him at the cost of his health.

A Via-Media

But these humble suggestions, this appeal for a via-media is made on the definite understanding that first this course should commend itself to him as harmless to his health; then alone the other aspect of national need and urgency can be considered. Even at the time of the formation of the Board he was unwilling to assume the new responsibility and burden, precisely for the same reason of ill-health. I was one amongst many of his colleagues, to whose fervent appeal he then yielded. Hence I have ventured again to make this second appeal to him publicly, to allow only his name to be associated, at least for some time to come, on a distinct and definite assurance and understanding from his other colleagues on the Board, that he should be completely relieved of the actual burden and responsibilities of his high office, by creating a new post of Deputy President, his advice and guidance being reserved only for a few rare important and urgent occasions. This via-media may serve both the purposes. It will enable him to have rest and thus re-coup his health, for which we all will fervently pray, and at the same time, avoid possible harm and set-back caused by the reactions and misunderstandings, due to his sudden and complete severance.

Will the Parliamentary Board and Working Committee consider this suggestion? And will Dr. Ansari respond to this appeal?

A. I. HINDI SAHITYA SAMMELAN

Arrangements For 24th Session Nearing Completion

1 LAKH TO BE PRESENTED TO GANDHIJI

The Secretary, Publicity Dept., writes:—

The arrangements of the Reception Committee for the 24th Hindi Sahitya Sammelan are nearing completion. The Reception Committee has made lodging and boarding arrangements for about 600 deligates. All institutions interested in the advancement of Hindi are requested to forward the list of their deligates to the Office of the Reception Committee as soon as possible. Five big Dharmashalas have been requisitioned for accommodating the deligates.

The Household Department of the State is extending every facility to the Sammelan authorities. Shamianas, Utensils, carpets, Darts and all sorts of furniture are being supplied freely. Enrolment of volunteers is going on briskly. The purse committee too has begun to work in right earnest. Contracts for water supply connections and electric fittings have been already given. The Reception committee is going to remove its office to the Hukumchand Nagar on the 8th instant. Telephonic arrangements have been made in the enquiry office. Dr. Pandit and Kunwar Kalyanmal Bapna are touring Central India States for collections.

Meanwhile news from Allahabad states that the standing committee of the Sammelan has approved of the Reception Committee's proposal to present a purse of one lac rupees to Mahatmaji.

SCOUT PROGRESS IN BARODA

Glimpses Into Annual Report

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, April 9.

The annual administration report of 1933-34 about scouting in Baroda, shows how the movement is growing in popularity day by day.

During the year, two new club packs have been registered, and at the end of the year there were 83 troops and 209 club packs with 10,738 Scouts on roll as against 9068 in the preceding year.

Mr. B. S. Dave, Scout Commissioner of Baroda State, dealt with the growth of the Scout movement in Baroda State, while presenting a report at the rally of Scouts held at Amreli on the occasion of the visit of Sir V. T. Krisnamachari, the Dewan of Baroda, last week.

Another useful step in the organisation of the movement is the publication of a quarterly magazine known as "The Baroda Scout."

HARIJAN SANGH'S APPEAL

The President of Baroda Sevak Sangh has issued an appeal to the public to help the Harijans of village Manjusar of Savli taluka, whose houses were burnt. Three families have been rendered homeless.

DEPUTATION ON BARODA DEWAN

On the Dewan Sir Krisnamachari's recent visit to Amreli, a deputation of peasants had met him demanding more relief to the needy agriculturists. It is understood that the Dewansaheb has replied that he will look into their case sympathetically.

The annual celebrations of various institutions of Kareli Bag, including Arya Samaj, will be held from 11 to 13 May, 1935, for three days.

A meeting of the leading Hindu members of the Hyderabad (Dn.) Bar was held, when the Hindu Law Society was formally brought into existence, with the object of amending the Hindu Law whenever necessary, and to do away with divergencies in its administration.

Old is Gold, No Doubt

BUT

NEW IS ALSO NECTAR-DEW!!

The above saying will now be proved by

THE WONDER PICTURE

"CHANDRASENA" created by the same Prabhat Film Co. who produced the

RECORD-BREAKING "AMRIT MANTHAN"

PRABHAT'S "CHANDRASENA"

GRAND GALA OPENING

AT 12 NOON TO-DAY

The AUSPICIOUS Day and the AUSPICIOUS Hour WHEN SHRI RAMCHANDRA WAS BORN!

प्रभात चित्र

चंद्रसेना

TO-DAY 5 SHOWS:

At 12 noon, 3, 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p. m.

"Chandrasena"

is depicted from A GOLDEN LEAF IN RAMAYANA which portrays the Thrilling Incidents in

"NAGA-LOK" (Under-world)

PRABHAT'S ART-DIRECTOR S. FATEHLAL has designed

Such MARVELLOUS "NAGA-LOK" settings as will gain WORLD-FAME. See the "Naga-Lok" Atmosphere and also Hear the

NOVEL TYPE of BACKGROUND MUSIC!

In this "NAGA-LOK" Picture

NALINI TURKHAD is at her best, supported ably by SURESHBABU, GULAB, BOASAHEB, KELKAR, MANE & Others

Remember that "CHANDRASENA" is ably directed by that Renowned Director

V. SHANTARAM

The Director of "Amrit Manthan" Old "Amrit Manthan" is real gold but the NEW "Chandrasena" is also as Precious as Nectar-dew!

SPECIAL NOTE:

(1) Complementary List is entirely suspended
(2) No Half-Tickets for children

MINERVA TALKIES LAMINGTON ROAD

Direction: WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, LIMITED

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW 3 SHOWS of PRABHAT'S RECORD-BREAKING EPIC JEWEL

"Amrit Manthan"

Running continuously for the Last

TWENTY-SIX, 26 WEEKS

Attend MATINEE SHOWS to avoid crowds.

DAILY 2 SHOWS: 6-15 and 10 p.m. KRISHNA TALKIES, DUBASH THEATRE.

Extra Matinee at 3 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.

Latest Commercial News

SHARP RISE OF 35 POINTS IN NEW YORK COTTON

Good Foreign Buying And Short Covering

GOLD BETTER AND SILVER VERY STRONG

Grains And Metals Firmer And Jute Steady

BOMBAY, April 11

On Thursday, cross rates moved bothways.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton was firm following the silver announcement. There was good foreign and commission house buying and heavy short covering. There was speculative selling and profit taking at the advance.

GOLD BETTER AND SILVER STRONG

London gold was better and silver was very strong.

WHEAT AND LINSEED PRICES IMPROVE

Wheat and linseed prices improved further to-day in sympathy with a sharp rise in silver.

METAL FIRM AND JUTE STEADY

Metals were firm and Jute and rubber were steady.

IMPROVED DEMAND IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange was inactive in the absence of any important enquiry. Giltedged securities showed some activity on improved demand.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(July 1935.)

New York, April 11

Previous closing	11.29
To-day's opening	11.54
Difference	+.25
To-day's closing	11.64
Difference	+.35

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(July 1935.)

Liverpool, April 11

Previous closing	6.23
To-day's opening	6.32
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.37
Difference	+.15

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August ..... Rs. 232-8

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, April 11

Cotton staged a bright recovery today following the silver announcement which is expected to revive the inflationary mentality but the uncertainty surrounding the continuance of Government loans checked bullish enterprise.

As a result of the increased silver price, considerable buying from foreign interests ensued and prices rose sharply early in the session while increased commission houses purchases were also in evidence. However the rise encountered some profit taking and some speculative selling although the undertone remained very steady.

Trading in July commenced at 11.54 i.e. 25 points higher than the previous closing. Prices steadily advanced on good foreign buying and commission houses buying together with higher Liverpool cables but thereafter prices suffered a slight setback on profit taking and liquidation with July falling to 11.51.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.64 with a rise of 35 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 11

The following were the opening ranges

May (11.29/11.28) 11.46/11.44
July (11.35/11.34) 11.55/11.52
October (10.99/10.98) 11.14/11.13

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 11

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.30) 6.31
American July (6.24) 6.25
Egyptian March (8.05) 8.05
Egyptian July (8.04) 8.03

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 11
10-45 p.m.

Broach July-August moved between Rs. 231 and Rs. 232-12 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 232-4 with New York futures 22 points up.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 11

Silver opened very steady at Rs. 70, 77/4 and 70/9. The general activity followed news from Washington regarding an increase in silver resulting in a good deal of speculative buying and covering while as London cables also showed improvement renewed buying set in with rates steadily rising. Prices closed steady at Rs. 71/2, 78/6 and 71/11 after rising to Rs. 71-7, 78-11 and 72-2.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/13, 35/13/9 and 35/14/9. There was very little interest in the absence of any important developments abroad while weakness in franc induced selling. Prices closed steady at Rs. 35/12/6, 35/13/3 and 35/14/3.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, April 11

Previous closing	4.84 5/8
To-day's opening	4.83 5/8
To-day's closing	4.84 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, April 11

Previous closing	4.84 9/16
To-day's opening	4.84 1/4
To-day's closing	4.84 7/16
Difference	—.00 1/8

FRANC RATE

London, April 11

Previous closing	73.46
To-day's opening	73.34
To-day's closing	73.40
Difference	—.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 11

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.84-1/4 and then slightly improved to 4.84-7/16 but thereafter steadily fell to 4.83-11/16 subsequently again appreciating to 4.84-1/4.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.84 7/16.

Franc opened at 73.34 and advanced to 73.41 but eventually eased to 73.29.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 73.40.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 11

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	28 15/16d.	29 11/16d.
Spot	29 1/16d.	29 13/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 11

Gold per ounce (£7-3-6) £7-3-11 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, April 11

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 p.c.) 5/8 to 3/4 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, April 11
3-30 p.m

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.55 7/8) 5.52 7/8
New York on Bombay (36.56) 36.63
Berlin on Bombay (0.90 3/4) 0.91
London on Shanghai (1-6 3/4) 1-6 7/8
London on Milan (58.40) 58.28
London on Kobe (1-2 1/16) 1-2 1/16

Mohorrum Procession Passes Off Peacefully In Lahore

LAHORE, April 11.

To-day's Moharram procession in Lahore was marked by differences between the orthodox and the reformist sections of the Shias on a question of allowing a certain class of women who are segregated in the Hiramandi area to join the procession on religious grounds.

What might have developed into an ugly situation was averted by the timely intervention of the police when these women blocked the passage of the procession with a view to obtain permission to join it.

The police made a cordon round the picketers and let the procession pass, stipulating that the women could not accompany the procession beyond the Hiramandi area.

The picketers dispersed from the place peacefully.—A.P.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 11

Liverpool wheat opened firm with May at 66-1/2, July 68-5/8 and October 70-3/4. The market displayed a good deal of activity on foreign and local buying with fairly good business passing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 11

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.98-1/4. Prices improved sharply on active buying by commission houses and foreign interests following inflationary construction placed on the silver announcement.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 11

The following were the rates at 3.30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (£223 1/4 buyers £223 3/4 sellers Quiet) £225 1/4 buyers £225 1/2 sellers. Firm

Lead (£12 1/16 buyers £12 1/8 sellers Steady) £12 3/16 buyers £12 1/4 sellers. Very steady

Electrolytic Copper (£35 to £35 1/2) £35 1/4 to £36

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-9 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (0-11 1/2) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6) 2-6

JUTE

Crop April-May (£17 11/16 buyers) £17 3/4 buyers
Dunlop April (£20 1/4) £20 1/4
Lightning April (£18 3/4) £18 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (5 1/2) 5 5/8
April-June (5 13/16) 6

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay April-May (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April-May (£11 1/2) £11 9/16
Linseed La Plata (£9 1/2) £9 1/2
Groundnuts Coromandal (£14 9/16) £14 9/16

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, April 11

	Rs. a p
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6 11 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 12 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	6 12 9
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 13 6
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6 13 6
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6 13 9
Rates at 9-30 p.m.	6 13 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 11

	Rs. a p
Wheat May	4 6 9
Linseed May	6 13 9

The tone was quiet.

JUTES IN NERVOUS MOOD

Calcutta Share Market Report

CALCUTTA, April 11.

Jutes were in nervous mood though improved little at close. Coals were easier. Teas were unchanged. Miscellaneous were featureless. Government securities were weak. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities: 3 1/2 per cent paper 89/14; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 104/2.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1313 small lot; Imperial Bank conty 377; Reserve Bank 117.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 2/8; Kesoram 3/3.

Coals: Aldih 2/8; Bengal 238; Equitable 37; Mundulpore 5/12.

JUTES

Anglo India ordy 447; Bally ordy 207/8; Barnagore ordy 157; Budge Budge 290; Champdany 171; Clive ordy 29/7; Fort William 284; Gourepore ord 590; Howrah ordy 53; Hukumchand ordy 13/4; India 375; Kamarhatty 511; Kanknarrah ordy 435; Lansdowne 152; National 23; Nuddea 50/8; Orient 181 small lot; Presidency 4/14; Standard 314.

Miscellaneous: Benares electric 14/8 Indian Iron and Steel 6/4; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 56/4, B I Corporation ordy 2/15; India Paper Pulp 152; Rohtas Sugar 11/4; Samastipore 9/2.

Teas:—Hattikhira 23/4.—A. P.

BANK RATE UNCHANGED

BOMBAY, April 11.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.—A.P.

Jamnagar & Dwarka Railway Officers and Staff presented an address to His Highness the Maharaja Jam Shri Digvijaysinghji Saheb Bahadur on the occasion of his wedding on 30th March.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT IN GENERAL TONE TOWARDS THE CLOSE

SHARP ADVANCE IN CABLE AND WIRELESS ISSUES

Cotton, Tin Silver All Very Firm

New Highest Price Level In Silver

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 11

The Stock Exchange remained very quiet but after being dull, the general tone improved slightly. The outstanding feature was the support and sharp advance in Cables and Wireless issues owing to the belief that the coming annual report would be very favourable.

Among Commodities, wheat was strong in sympathy with America. Cotton advanced sharply owing to reports of dust storms in United States and rumours that loans would be continued. Tin also was strong but a feature had been silver which at 29 11/16d. touched the highest level since 23-7-26 and good business was reported, speculators being encouraged by an increase in the American price of newly mined domestic silver.

Wall Street opened steady. Silver shares were supported.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 11

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £92 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, April 4, £93
Friday, April 5, £92
Monday, April 8 £92 3/4
Tuesday, April 9 £93 1/4
Wednesday, April 10 £92 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 11
3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were very quiet. Giltedgeds were dull at first but prices improved afterwards. Industrials were generally quiet. The general tone was rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£86 3/4) £86 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 3/4) £106 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113 1/8) £113 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 3/8) £117 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/8) £106 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/4) £115 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c Preference cumulative (27-9) 27-9
Marks and Spencer Splits share (5 1/8) 5 1/8
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/8) dol 3 1/8
Musical Industries (28-9) 27-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (38-9) 38-9
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (103-7 1/2) 104-1 1/2
Realisation 1930 (87-0) 87 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (48-7 1/2) 48-7 1/2
University Ordinary (27-3) 27-3
Ford Motors (31-6) 31-6
Cables and Wireless (5 5/8) 5 5/8
British American Tobacco (112-6) 112-6
Camera A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (135-7 1/2) 135-0
P and O S N Co Defd (17-0) 17-0
Distillers (91-3) 90-9
Bred and Dyers (7-6) 6-9
British Celonese (9-4 1/2) 8-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (63-9) 63-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9
Western Ltd Ordinary (10-0) 10-0
Inter Nickels (26-0) 26-0
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-3) 5-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£110 1/2) £109 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 11
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84) £83 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/2) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114) £113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 (£117) £116 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108) £108
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£116) £116
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105) £105

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-4 1/2) 20-0
Donaro Tea (41-0) 40-9
Empire of India and Ceylon (33-9) 33-9

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£15) £15

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-1 1/2) 22-9
Gula Kelampong (20-0) 20-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-1 1/2) 29-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-7 1/2) 55-0
Burma Corporation (8-6) 8-6
Rio Tintos (£16 3/4) £16 3/4
East Rand Proprietary (51-6) 51-6
Rand Mines (158-9) 158-9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (42-6) 41-10 1/2
Anglo Dutch (50-7 1/2) 50-0
Burma Oil (75-0) 75-0
Mexican Eagle (3-3) 4-0
Shell Transport (53-9) 53-1-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£20 5/8) £20 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (49) 49
L M Ford (18 3/4) 18 3/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Southern Dutch (£23 1/4) £23 1/4
London Pass 5 per cent (£131) £131
London Board G Stock (£98 1/2) £99

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (280-0) 275-0
Goddar New (217-6) 215-0
Moddar New (80) 80
Sub Nigel (283-9) 280-0
Union Corporation (158-9) 156-3
Spring Mines (200-0) 195-0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 11

General Motor (dol 28 1/2) dol 29 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 11) dol 11 1/4
U S Steel Common (dol 31 3/8) dol 30 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 78 3/4) unquoted.

WARNER SUCCEEDS SIR STANLEY

Selection Committee For Test Teams Appointed

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 11.

The Cricket Board of Control has appointed Mr. Plum Warner, chairman, with Messrs. Percy Perris and T. Higson as the selection committee for two seasons to choose the test teams to meet South Arica and India.

Mr. Warner succeeds Sir Stanley Jackson.

BRYANT FOR RUTTLEDGE EXPEDITION

(Special Cable)

WELLINGTON (New Zealand), April 11.

Mr. L. V. Bryant, member of the staff of the Palmerston North Boys School, has accepted the invitation to join the Ruttledge Everest Expedition.

Mr. Bryant is a member of the Alpine Club, London, and recently did five weeks' mountaineering in Switzerland.

CRICKET BOARD INVITES W. INDIES

To Tour India In Winter Of 1937—38.

NEW DELHI, April 11

The Board of Control for Cricket in India have extended a cordial invitation to the West Indies to tour India in the winter of 1937-38. It is understood that this matter will be discussed by India's delegates to the Imperial Cricket Conference with the representatives of West Indies in London this summer.

DRAW FOR 1935-36.

The draw for the Cricket Championship of India 1935-36 is now available. Matches in each zone will be played off simultaneously at Lahore, Calcutta, Madras and Poona. The different Associations have been asked for suggestions as regards the minor details. The semi-finals will be played North versus West at Amritsar and South versus East at Madras from 27th to 30th December.

The final and the festival matches will be played at Bombay from 12th to 15th and 18th to 20th of January respectively.

Shipping News

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS

Nil.

DEPARTURES

S.S. Jalavijaya, Capt. F T W Lewis, Agents Scindia Steam N Co., Ltd., for Karachi.

S.S. British Viscount, Capt. W C Smith, Agents Anglo-Persian Oil Co. Ltd. for Abadan.

S.S. Havildar, Capt. C R Harrison, Agents Amritlal Okha & Sons, for Akyab.

S.S. Dalgoma, Capt. P H Beaching, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., for Dunkirk, via Aden.

S.S. Vasna, Capt. J Rowe, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. for Basra via Karachi.

LOADING.

S.S. Col-di-Lana for Italian Ports
S.S. City of Canterbury for Europe via Karachi.
S.S. Rahmani for Jeddah via Aden.
S.S. Aden Maru for China, Japan via Marmagoa.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, April 11.

S.S. Rawalpindi for London:—370 bags myrabollams K Tricamji; 924 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 13 bales skins I F Levy; 2000 bags masoor T S Thadani and Son; 1800 bags linseed oil cakes Swastik Oil Mills; 150 bags turmeric S M Rajgor & Co; 52 cases bristles D Abraham & Sons; 12 cases leather D Abraham & Sons.

For Venice:—1276 bags castor seed L Dreyfus and Co.

For Marseilles:—2800 bags castor seed Cotton Agents.

S.S. Cal-di-Lana for Genoa:—2074 bags linseed R Ratilal & Co; 4173 bags castor seed A Poder & Co; 3807 bags groundnut Ralli Bros; 400 tons cast iron G Gabriel; 278 bags linseed K Devchand and Co; 2372 bags linseed M Bhuta & Co; 4200 bags castor seed Cotton Agents; 220 bales cotton raw A Podar and Co; 55 bales cotton raw B Harakchand & Co.

For Marseilles:—680 bales mustard seed Volkart Bros; 1340 bags castor seed K Devchand & Co; 2560 bags groundnuts K Devchand & Co; 100 tons manganese ore S Syndicate Ltd.

For Syra:—100 bales cotton raw S Karamshi and Co

For Barcelona:—50 bales cotton raw N Rajaram & Co.

S.S. Alipore for Melbourne:—24 bales cotton twist M Chandulal & Co; 123 bags myrabollams G Jivanlal & Co.

For Kobe:—500 bales cotton raw A Khimji and Co; 200 bales cotton raw Kotak and Co; 354 bales cotton raw C Parakh & Co; 250 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Osaka:—400 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

S.S. City of Canterbury for Liverpool:—134 bales cotton twist M Narottamdas and Co; 24 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 125 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co. Ltd

For Manchester:—150 bales castor oil Gujarat Oil Mills Co; 145 bales cotton waste M Narottamdas & Co; 69 bales cotton fly M Narottamdas and Co; 375 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co; 250 bales cotton twist M Chandulal & Co.

S.S. Nagato Maru for Kobe:—100 bales cotton raw M Amersey & Co; 300 bales cotton raw N Nagshi and Co; 200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Osaka:—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Yakkaichi:—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S.S. Anya Maru for Hongkong:—98 bags gum B Jaffer and Co; 102 bags gum E Mavji and Co; 98 bags gum E Mavji & Co.

S.S. Tajan Maru for Osaka:—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S.S. Argun Maru for Kobe:—100 tons steel scrap G Gabriel.

IMPORTS

Bombay, April 11.

S.S. Nizam, Agents T M & Co., from Calcutta:—5812 tons Bengal coal; 161 tons coke; 75 bales B. twills; 17 cases soap.

From Coconada:—31 cases greasy oil mix.

From Madras 15 bottles quicksilver.

From Cochin:—275 chests tea; 96 cases rubber.

From Calicut:—165 chests tea; 1204 bales cotton; 450 bags coconuts; 400 jottas mangoes.

From Alleppey:—80 bales rubber.

From Marmagoa:—385 bundles gunnies; 245 bales sacking; 20 bales hessian cloth; 19 cases soap.

S.S. Anya Maru, Agents N Kaisha from Yokohama:—185 cases silk yarn; 195 cases silk goods; 125 bales P. paper; 350 coils tr. conductors.

From Shanghai:—100 cases silk yarn; 12 bales raw silk; 248 bales cotton yarn; 163 bags ground beans.

From Osaka:—25 cases silk yarn; 45 cases rubber goods; 20 cases toys; 68 cases provision; 325 cases glass ware; 1040 kegs paints; 30 cases slates; 395 cases C.P. goods; 225 bales cotton shirting; 589 cases brass circles; 125 bags glass bottles; 65 cases glass bangles; 25 cases stationary; 851 barrels coal pitch; 45 cases glass ware; 55 cases enamelled ware; 37 cases hardware; 50 cases woollen yarn; 82 bales straw boards; 150 bales cotton; 163 bales grass leaves.

From Tokyo:—1968 kegs clocks; 120 cases cotton yarn

From Moji:—382 cases glass; 254 bags soda ash; 100 bags bicarbonated soda.

From Canton:—250 bundles cassia:

From Kobe:—185 cases silk yarn; 25 cases silk goods; 36 cases green tea; 40 bales ropes; 666 bags sugar; 119 cases artificial silk goods; 235 bales straw boards; 30 drums dyestuff.

From Nagoya:—418 bundles boxes in shoow; 125 cases clocks; 275 bales C. shirting; 55 cases gramophone parts; 120 cases earthen ware; 245 cases earthen tiles; 225 cases porcelain. 225 cases P. ware; 65 cases bangles.

From Singapore:—100 bundles pine apples; 1557 bags sago flour; 767 bags betel nuts; 30 bags pepper; 796 pieces plank and rafters.

From Penang:—300 bags tapioca; 260 bags betel nuts; 100 slabs tin.

NASIK RATH PROCESSION DISPUTE

High Court Rejects Sanatanists' Application

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Broomfield at the High Court rejected the application of Ganesh Ramchandra Pujari and Ramdas Kashinath Pujari, both of the Kalaram Temple, Nasik, against the order of the District Magistrate proposing to prohibit the Ramnavmi "Rath" procession intended to be taken out by the Sanatanists on the 14th inst.

The applicants stated that for a century the procession used to be taken out every year by the Sanatanists except during the years 1931 to 1934 when it was prohibited owing to the civil disobedience movement. Last year it was taken out as usual.

SATYAGRAHA.

This year as the Depressed Classes threatened to offer Satyagraha against the procession, the first applicant applied to the District Magistrate to take the necessary action against them. But the District Magistrate issued an order that he proposed to prohibit the procession altogether under Section 141 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Thereafter he held a conference of the leaders of the Sanatanists and the Depressed Classes to ascertain their views.

The applicants stated that the District Magistrate did not enquire whether the action of the Depressed Classes in the threatening Satyagraha was lawful or not and whether there was a threatened breach of the peace as required by the Section, and, therefore, his order was illegal. Further he had no jurisdiction to make such an order.

Mr. G. N. Thakore instructed by Mr. V. N. Chatrapati appeared for the petitioners.

All-India Medical Licentiates' Conference, Indore

The 27th annual conference of the All-India Medical Licentiates' Association will be held at Indore on the 17th, 18th and 19th instant under the presidentship of Lt. Col Sir James Roberts. There will be an exhibition along with the conference which will be opened by His Highness the Maharaja Saheb Holkar.

Delegates attending the conference will please inform Dr. G. V. Motiwale, General Secretary, Reception Committee, M. T. Hospital, Indore.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 11.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/16 ready
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 April
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 May
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8 Ready
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 Mail
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 May
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 276 3/4 Nominal.
Banks selling T T 274 3/4 Nominal.
Banks buying T T 272 Nominal.
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 550
Banks buying D D 560
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 53 5/8
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 5/8
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 Nominal.
Banks buying T T 77 1/2 nominal
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 140
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 105 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 1/2
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 88 3/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.84 5/8 10th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/6 13/16 11th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/16 11tth inst.
Java/London 7.17 1/4 11th inst.
London/Paris 72.46 10th inst.
London/Belgium 28.59 10th inst.
London/Switzerland 14.96 1/2 10th inst
London/Italy 58.37 10th inst.
London/Berlin 12.02 1/2 10th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/4 10th inst.
London/New York 4.84 9/16 10th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.17 1/4 10th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-4-1 1/2 9th inst. £7-3-6 10th inst
Silver London Ready 28 13/16 9th inst. 28 15/16 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 28 15/16 9th inst. 29 1/16 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 63 3/8 9th inst. 64 to 65 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 mos. 5/8 p.c. 9th inst. 5/8 p.c. 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 mos. 3/4 p.c. 9th inst. 3/4 p.c. 10th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos 2 3/4 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.
Bombay, April 11.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 89/12/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 89/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 104
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 104
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 115/7
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 115/6
TAX FREES
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 104
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 115
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 104/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/9
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).
3 per cent 1941 100/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 100/12
4 per cent 1943 105
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 109/8
5 per cent 1939/44 107/4
5 per cent 1940/43 108/4
5 per cent 1935 100/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 107/14
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T b 101/8
CORPORATION LOANS TAXABLES
4 per cent B P T 1974 101/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 101
5 per cent M Deb 1959 112
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 123
6 per cent K P T 1956 123
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105
Note.—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs 90/10 and advanced to Rs. 90/14. At this level there was heavy selling which depressed prices to Rs. 89/12.
Later on there was further selling and prices were quoted at Rs. 89/10 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 10.

3 per cent India Sterling Loan £84
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan £92 3/4
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1954/59 £105
4 per cent India Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 1/2
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1950/55 £114
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1958/68 £117
3 per cent India Sterling Loan 1942/47 £116
5 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1936/38 £105 1/2
6 per cent India Sterling Loan 1935/37 £102 5/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols £86 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion £106 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 3/4

PROCESSING TAX TO CONTINUE

Bombay, April 11.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have issued the following report:—
NEW YORK COTTON.
No change in Process Tax.
Market may be depressed for a short time because the administration is against suspension of process tax. Planting is delayed by unfavourable weather except in texas.
CHICAGO WHEAT.
Market looks like going higher. General reports are bullish. Yesterday two cents up due to Government report of small outturn winter wheat.
SILVER.
India bullish America bullish continent bullish China bullish.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, April 11.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market advanced during the early part of the day on general buying but later declined on bearish political news and long liquidation.

The market took a constructive view of the probable result of the Work Relief Bill but President Roosevelts statement that the Work Relief funds will not be substituated for the processing tax had a depressing effect. "Between now and Saturday" the Administration will definitely announce the continuance of the twelve cent loans during 1935. Thus remarked Senator Smith, the Chairman of the Senator Agricultural Committee after a conference between President Roosevelt and Congressmen. to-day. The former is a bearish factor as the processing tax is doing harm to the textile industry but Government loans will help orderly marketing of the crop. Latest weather reports are unfavourable and the year is expected to experience serious drought in several parts.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points with July 11.34. There was steady buying during the first hour and July improved to 11.42 which was the highest level. Later on reports of continuation of the Processing Tax influenced long liquidation and prices declined 15 points from the highest level. The market closed quiet at a net decline of 3 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 11.50c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly active but later on prices declined on realising and closed at a decline of 6 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices closed 4 points down at 11.61c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N Y July Highest (11-08 a.m.) 11.42+10
N Y July Lowest (1-30 p.m.) 11.27—05
Liverpool July Highest (10-1 a.m.) 6 26+07
Liverpool July Lowest (2-45 p.m.) 6.22+03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—
New York:—Market reacted on reports President favours continuance processing tax.
New York.—The President, it is reported, is disinclined to remove process tax. Attitude towards loans on next crop is doubtful. Trading market. Prefer buying on declines only.
New York.—Market may be depressed for a short time because the Administration is against suspension of process tax Planting is delayed by unfavourable weather except in Texas.
Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents:
11-41 a.m.: Tone not so good.
8-39 p.m.: While sentiment friendlier removal of Process Tax indefinite
Messrs. Breul and Co., have received the following cable from Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson their Liverpool friends.
Cotton.—Think political situation in America improved and prices may go back to 12 cent level."
Copper:—Irregular at the present level; would buy on any decline, trade demand inspiring. £31—1s—3d.
Rubber.—Ratification Siam accepted as solidarity of scheme; market ready to improve; restrained by shadow of strike in America and weakness of guilder. Present prices unremunerative and recommend purchases forward. April/June 5 3/4, 5 13/16. July/Sept. 5 7/8, 5 15/16.
Wheat.—Definitely staging strength Australia; supplies insignificant if Argentine continue shipping present rate envisages strong position by July. May 5/7 3/8.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Apl. 10.

May 1935	11.20—06
July 1935	11.29—03
October 1935	10.91—04
December 1935	10.96—06
January 1936	11.01—04
March 1936	11.09—03
Middling Spot	11.50—05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, April 10.

May 1935	11.16—07
July 1935	11.24—06
October 1935	10.86—09
Middling Spot	11.61—04

NEW YORK.
New York, April 10.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
May 1935	11.27
July 1935	11.38
October 1935	11.03
New York, Noon Call—	
May 1935	11.27
July 1935	11.35
October 1935	10.99

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Apl. 10.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	Nil
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	5,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, April 11.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 7 points with July 6.26 on Wednesday. There was Continental and general buying which met with scattered hedge-selling and anticipatory straddle selling. Later on there was straddle buying of distant positions and trade calling followed by May liquidation and hedge-selling. Prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points and finally closed at a rise of 4 to 5 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 6.54d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 5 points. At the close May was quoted 5.73, July 5.71 and October 5.70.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was scattered selling in Egyptian cotton ring which in the absence of any important buying resulted in a decline of 4 to 5 points in Sakels. Spot Sakel prices also declined 6 ponits at 8.35. Uppers futures were irregular and closed at a decline of one point to a rise of 3 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a limited turnover. Sakels futures closed at a rise of one to two points and Ashmouni futures advanced 5 to 9 points.

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—High expectations of the removal of the processing tax caused an early spurt in prices but later a reaction set in on the statement of President Roosevelt to the Press Conference that money could not be found to make up the deficit in the bounties to farmers in place of the processing tax and the Public Works fund cannot be utilised in this respect. This means that the processing tax will be maintained until the revisional consideration comes up on 1st August. Senator Smith however made a statement after a conference with President Roosevelt that the administration will definitely announce 12 cent loan on new crop before Saturday. This announcement should clear any doubt about the administrations holding capacity and it is also stated that fresh proposals are afoot to expand exports by new methods. Immediately, a disappointment over the unremoval of the processing tax may cause a setback, but the anticipated announcement of 12 cent loan should check any substantial liquidation and we prefer to make purchases only on such setbacks.

Wheat. The expectation of a bullish American winter crop estimate caused a sharp advance in prices. After the close the estimate was published in line with expectations at 435 million bushels against the early anticipation of 500 million bushels and 405 million finally harvested last year. Prices in Liverpool also recovered on reports that Italy and Belgium are taking French wheat and also Italy is negotiating for a barter of wheat with Argentine.

Since these factors have been partially discounted in the present prices, we prefer purchases only on gold reactions.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Liverpool, Apl. 10. 10-12 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Price
April 1935		6.33+04
May 1935		6.29+04
June 1935		6.26+04
July 1935	6.26	6.23+03
August 1935		6.13+05
September 1935		6.07+05
October 1935		6.00+04
November 1935		5.96+04
December 1935		5.96+04
January 1936		5.96+04
February 1936		5.96+04
Middling Spot		6.54+04

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Apl. 10.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.66
Fine (Good Staple)	5.81
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.96
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.70
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.85
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.00
BENGAL—	
Good	3.71
Fully Good	3.81
Fine	3.91
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	3.81
Fine	3.91
Superfine	4.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Apl. 10.

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—	
May 1935	8.02
July 1935	8.01
October 1935	7.99
November 1935	7.96
January 1936	7.96
F. G. F. Spot	8.35

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934	1,647,097
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,551,990
Increase	95,107
Receipts into Bombay on 9th April	6,288

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, April 11.

The Share Bazar remained closed today for forward business. In the cash section there was good enquiry and Tata Steel 2nd Preference shares were in demand at Rs. 169.

There was considerable selling in Government securities and in the absence of any important buying 3 1/2 per cent paper declined to Rs. 89/12. It is reported that some Banks were selling securities.

Owing to heavy work the clearing is not yet over and the Stock Exchange has issued the following notice: "The Stock Exchange will be closed for May Settlement business on Saturday the 13th instant; but the cash section and Govt. Securities Market (both cash and forward) will remain open as usual."

Quotations in the cash section were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
India Bank	115 0 0
Baroda Bank	99 0 0
Central Bank	35 4 0
Eastern Bank	97 0 0
Imperial F P.	1505 0 0
Imperial P P.	877 8 0
Union Bank	5 3 0
Gwalior Cement	118 12 0
United Cement	79 8 0
Ahd. Electricity	153 12 0
Andhra Pref.	1325 0 0
Tram P.	77 0 0
Karachi Elec	223 12 0
Surat Elec. O.	198 2 0
Surat Elec. P.	133 12 0
Tata Hydro P.	135 0 0
Tata Power P.	1362 8 0
Burma New	115 0 0
B. Steam P.	287 8 0
B. B. Petrol	3 3 6
Indian Radio O.	497 8 0
Jupitar Ince	12 8 0
New India	40 12 0
Vulcan Ince	7 14 0
Scindia	10 2 0
Tata Steel 1st P.	174 6 0
Tata Steel 2nd P.	169 0 0

NEW COTTON CROP

Teji-Mandi Rs. 40

Bombay, April 11

Business in new Broach cotton crop for 1936 started to-day and ...tejimandi for April-May 1936 is quoted at Rs. 40.

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Cotton Broach J/A	18 0 0
Monthly	6 8 0
Silver Chaitra	1 6 0
Silver Vaishakh	2 8 0
Gold Chaitra	0 4 0
Gold Vaishakh	0 9 0
Cottonseed May	1 4 0
Castorseed May	1 4 0
Groundnuts May	1 14 0
Wheat September	0 7 6
Wheat May	0 2 3
Linseed September	0 11 6
Linseed May	0 4 0

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, April 10

March 12.26 plus 11
April 12.24 plus 05
May 12.37 plus 10

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, April 12.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0.9/16 per cent. to 0.5/8 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0.5/8 per cent. to 0.3/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2.1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.
Interest Day to Day Loan, 0.1/4 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loan, 0.1/2 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Apl 10.

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	12.02-1/2
Amsterdam	7.17-1/2
Brussels	28.59
Madrid	35.41
Milan	58.37
Berne	14.93-1/2
Paris	73.46
Prague	116.00
T. T. London on New York Closing rate	4.84-9/16

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Apl. 10.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe. parcels. April sellers 24/3
Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, April sellers 24/6.
Wheat, South Australian, parcels 27/9

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York April 10.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9-7/8.

LONDON RUBBER
London, Apl. 10.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb. sellers 5-5/8.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London, April 10.

Java Sugar Fins White Dutch Standard No. 25.
C and F Calcutta per cwt. 6/1-1/2 Apl./May nominal.
C and F Bombay per cwt. 5/10-1/2 Apl./May nominal.
C and F Karach per cwt. 5/10-1/2 April/May nominal

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 10

May 0.96 3/4 plus 1 5/8c
July 0.94 7/8 plus 2 3/8c.
October 0.94 7/8 plus 2 1/2c.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 10

May 6 5/8 plus 1 3/8d
July 6 5/8 plus 1 1/8d
December 6 5/8 plus 1 1/8d.

RISE IN N. Y. SILVER

New York, April 10

Spot silver prices were raised to-day by 1 1/8 cent to 64 1/8 cents on heavy buying the U. S. Treasury.

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, April 10.

May	65.00+1.50
July	65.50+1.30
September	66.30+35

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 11.

Following a sharp rise in New York silver prices, the local market ruled firm with active short covering and prices recorded a sharp rise. Shanghai T. T. on London opened at 1.6 13/16, and closed at 1.6 7/8. It is reported that President Roosevelt has asked the treasury to buy newly-mined silver at 71 cents. In the local market prices opened to-day at Rs. 77/4 for Chaitra delivery and sharply advanced to Rs. 78/2 on active short covering and buying by option dealers. Later on there was some profit-taking and prices declined to Rs. 77/12. The general sentiment is bullish and Bazar operators look for a big rise. The gold market was fairly steady.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	71 0 0
Chaitra delivery	78 1 0
Vaishakh delivery	71 5 0
Ready gold	35 13 0
Chaitra delivery	35 13 6
Vaishakh delivery	35 14 0

LONDON SILVER.
London, April 10.

Silver—Market steady.
Spot 28-15/16
Forward 29-1/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, April 10

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-3-6

LONDON METALS.
London, Apl. 10.

	£
Copper Braziers	45-1(4
Yellow Metal	37(1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands.	13-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots. Liverpool F. O. B.	223

BOMBAY METAL MARKETS
Bombay, April 11

Yellow metal sheets
4'x4'x21/Rs. 32/2 28 to 56/Rs. 30-8-0
63 to 112/Rs. 30-12-0
Copper sheets
4'x4'x21/Rs. 35-4-0 28 to 56/Rs. 35-8-0
63 to 112/Rs. 35-10-0
STANDARD COPPER LONDON
Cash (buyers) £31-10-0
Cash (sellers) £31-11-3
3 months £31-18-9
Settlement price £31-8-9
Electrolytic Copper £35-16-0
NEW YORK
Non Blue Eagle 7 1/2 cents
Market: Irregular.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 10.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotation of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	3
Amer. Forn. Power Gold D.	58
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	44
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	50
Columbia Gas	6 1/2
American Tel. and Tel.	106 1/2
Western Union Telg.	25 1/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	41
New York Central	15 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	10
National Distillers	28
Amr. Tobacco B.	79
International Harvester	37
Bethelehem Steel	25 1/2
United States Steel	31
American Smelting	35
Int. Nickel of Canada	25 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	11
Cerro de Pasco Copper	45
General Motor	29 1/4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	23
St. Oil of N. J.	30
Socony	13 1/4
Chase Bank	21 1/4
National City Bank	20 1/4
National Dairy	14 1/2

Total business 1 1/4 million.
Undertone of New York Stock Exchange is good

U. S. WHEAT CROP

Winter Wheat Bureau 435,000,000 Bushels. Market may be forced higher.

SEEDS.
London, Apl. 10.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton April sellers £9/10/0
Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton, April/May sellers £11/10/0.
Linseed, Bombay London. C.I.F. ton, April/May sellers £12/2/6.
Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton, Apr /May sellers £12/7/6.
Castorseed. Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton, May/Aug. sellers £11/16/3.
Cottonseed. Bombay Hull C.I.F ton No offers

PRODUCE RECEIPTS
Bombay, April 11.

	cwts.
Wheat	4,405
Linseed	15,969
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	1,009
Gingellyseed	204
Groundnuts	5,702
Castorseed	4,491
Rice	11,584
Myrabollams	6,647
Cottonseed	22,188
Gram	951
Joowar	2,314
Barley	94
Bajree	1,431
	tons.
Coal	3,968

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 11.

The Ring Committee of the East India Cotton Association Ltd. has decided to resume trading. Broach A/M. delivery was quoted at Rs. 231 Broach A/M. delivery opened at Rs. 226/8 and improved to Rs. 227 but there was some profit-taking which depressed prices to Rs. 225/12.

Trading in Broach A/M. 1936 delivery commenced to-day and the first transaction was done at Rs. 218. Later on there was heavy selling and prices declined to Rs. 214/8.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 4 points but it opened steady at a decline of one point only. In the local market Broach A/M delivery advanced to Rs. 233. Later on Liverpool was quoted 2 points up and prices improved further in the local market. Closing prices at 5-30 p.m. were as under:—

	Rs. a. p
Broach A/M	234 4 0
Broach J/A	229 8 0
New Broach A/M 1936	220 4 0
Oomra May	203 8 0
Oomra July	201 8 0
Bengal May	135 4 0
Bengal July	137 4 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, April 11

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U L	...	143	138	134	131
Panjab	...	143	138	134	131
Rajputana	...	144	139	135	132
Oomra No. 3	212	209	206	202	...
C P No. 1	230	227	224	220	...
C P No. 2	220	217	214	210	...
Broach No. 2	...	243	239	235	230
Punjab-Ame	...	273	269	265	260
Surat	...	323	319	315	310
Rajpipla	...	323	319	315	310
Navsari	...	328	324	320	315

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, April 11.

Bengal Superfine	152
Bengal Fine	142
Bengal F.G.	137
Sindh-Punjab Fine	142
Sindh-Punjab F.G	137
Wardha-Hingt	225
Nagpur Savner	227
Pundhurna	212
Yeotmal	211
Arvi	210
Ellichpur	208
Berar	202/204
Khamgaon	204/206
Mulkapur	200/202
Khandesh	197/200
Jalna/Sailu	197/200
Burwah Sanavad	207
Broach Fine	242
Punjab/American	270
Punjab/American mix	250
Cambodia	300
Compta Good	275
Kampala	362
Busoga	360
Jinjas	354

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, April 11.
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	1,097	207,243
Central India	681	82,148
Barsi and Nagar	717	85,760
Hyderabad-Gaorani	427	35,712
Berar	2,398	305,963
Central Provinces	1,113	74,153
Total Oomras	6,433	790,979
Dholera	984	123,650
N.-W Provinces	...	30,293
Rajputana	196	19,334
Sind-Punjab	895	272,375
Broach	1,495	103,884
Coompta and Dharwar	660	44,458
Westerns-Northerns	241	28,739
Cocoanada	...	106
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	331	36,307
Persian	...	2,446
American	6,022	21,255
Egyptian and African	2,144	192,059
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	611
Total	19,401	1,666,498

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 4th April.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	56	251,472
Japan and China	4,113	708,318
Coast Ports	100	19,403
Up-country by Rail	...	144,455
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	16,989
Total	4,269	1,140,637

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F P Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 10-4-35	4108000	6904000
Receipts yesterday 10-4-35	—	9000
Exports to date 10-4-35	3812000	6296000
Stock at Ports 5-4-35	2240000	3062000
Stock at Interior Towns 5-4-35	490000	1598000
Stock at Liverpool 5-4-35	792000	1088000
Visible Supply 5-4-35	5253000	7167000
Quantity in sight 5-4-35	7338000	10718000
Quantity out of sight 5-4-35	7403000	10104000

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.
New York—Liverpool:—
May 142. July 121 at Cross Rate 4.84 5/8.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 229/8—Liverpool May 6.25 Rs. 42 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Broach J/A 224—Liverpool July 6.19 Rs. 45 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 229/8—New York May 11.20 Rs. 27 at Cross Rate 4.84 5/8.
Broach J/A. 224—New York July 11.29 Rs. 34 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.84 5/8.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 10.

July	2.28—02
September	2.34—02
December	2.41—02
January	2.31—02

THUNDERSHOWERS IN KASHMIR

Bombay Seismograph Record Earthquake Shock

POONA, April 11.

There has again been local thundershowers in Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province and east and north Punjab, while a few falls occurred in south-east Punjab, Assam, south Bengal, Orissa, north Madras coast, Mysore and Malabar.

The temperature remains markedly below normal in the Punjab and the United Provinces.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL

Balasore one and a half inches; Barisal a quarter; Dalhousie one; Rawalpindi, Khushab and Drosh three quarters, Srinagar and Murree half; Lahore, Cherat and Parachinar a quarter; Cochin and Gopalpur a quarter.

FORECAST.

Rainfall will decrease in the North-west Frontier Province, Kashmir and east and north Punjab and scattered thundershowers recur in north Madras coast, Orissa, south and east Bengal and Assam.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1,550 miles away was recorded by the Bombay seismographs at 6/53 hours (I.S.T.) on Thursday, April 11.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 11-4-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +019 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.5 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.6 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.5 degrees 1.8 (below normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 73.5 degrees 2-0 (below normal).
Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 69 p.c.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 183 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 6
Earthquake report:—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1515 miles away, was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba observatory at 6h. 53m. (I.S.T.) on Thursday the 11th April 1935.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 11-4-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.04 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.84 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION
Bombay, April 11

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 31/12; Highest Rs. 32/2; Lowest Rs. 31/9/6; Closing Rs. 32/1
Castorseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 33/10; Lowest Rs. 33/2/6; Closing Rs. 33/9
Groundnut seeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 42/14; Lowest Rs. 42/3; Closing Rs. 42/13
Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 44/2; Highest Rs. 44/11; Lowest Rs. 43/13; Closing Rs. 44/10
Cottonseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 25; Highest Rs. 25/7/6; Lowest Rs. 24/15; Closing Rs 25/7
Cottonseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 26/5/6; Closing Rs. 26/14

MUSLIM LEAGUE SESSION POSTPONED

Sequel To Telegram From Jinnah

LAHORE, April 10.

The question of holding the proposed All-India Muslim League at Lahore in Easter has been thrown into the melting pot through the receipt of a telegram from Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President Designate of the League Session, favouring indefinite postponement. The Reception Committee of the Conference at a meeting on Sunday had fixed 21st and 22nd April for the session.

The Committee will now meet on April 12 to consider Mr Jinnah's suggestion and there is said to be a possibility that they will be guided by his advice.—A. P.

A Marsia Congregation

Under the auspices of Anjuman Ainae Kheyal, a grand marsia congregation will be held on the 15th instant at 9 p.m. (Bombay Time) near Minara Mosque (Mamen Mohalla) under the Presidentship of Maulana Syed Nazir Hussain Saheb Jamilul Qadiri of Delhi Maulana Sibgatullah Saheb Firanjimahal, Maulana Mahmood Israili, Maulana Saqui, B.A., Maulana Abu Bakr Musavir, President, Anjuman Miarut Adab, Maulana Arshi Sahib, Fakhrul-mulk Hakim Syed Hamid Ali Saheb, Prof. Naqvi, Prof. Zahooruddin, Qazi Syed Mahboob Shah Saheb Saquib will speak on the great martyrdom of Imam Hussain. Verses in the memory of this great event by distinguished poets will also be recited.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

JUPITER GENERAL
has a net work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

REGD. NO. B 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1935

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

Karachi Resents "Whitewashing" Report

Public Inquiry Into Firing Tragedy

Abdul Majid Authorised To Appoint Non-Official Commission

KARACHI, April 11.

The communique of the Bombay Government in connection with the Karachi firing was received with mixed feelings.

There was a meeting of the Karachi Tragedy League to consider the communique. It resolved to fix April 19 as 'Martyrs' Day' to be observed all over India when resolutions against the Government's decision denying an enquiry would be passed.

It reiterated its opinion that the firing was absolutely unjustified, condemning the Government for whitewashing and sheltering the officers concerned.

It authorised the Chairman Sheik Abdul Majid to appoint a non-official Commission of Enquiry. Enquiries reveal that Messrs Jayakar, Nariman, Jamshed Mehta, Dr. Choitram Gidwani and Sir Moulvi Abdul Rahim are being invited.—United Press.

Muslims And Silver Jubilee Celebrations

MOVE FOR BOYCOTT IF THERE IS NO ENQUIRY INTO KARACHI TRAGEDY.

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, April 11.

Silver Jubilee celebrations should be boycotted by Muslims if the demand for an independent and impartial enquiry into Karachi firing is not conceded by the Government is stated to be the view of a growing section of Muslim opinion according to well-informed responsible Muslim circles in touch with Muslim opinion in the country.

It is understood a larger section of Muslims has been pressing the view and it may find increasing and public expression ere long. Should the Session of the Muslim League or Muslim Conference be held in the near future a resolution to the effect will assuredly be pressed with a fair chance of success.

Mussolini, Friend Of India's Aspirations

Educated Italians Know Gandhiji And Evince Keen Interest In His Activities, Says Prof. Vittorio

CALCUTTA, April 10.

Every average educated Italian knew more or less about Gandhiji and evinced a keen interest in his activities, said Prof. Vittorio D Macchioro, visiting professor of the Italian Institute for the Middle and Far East, to a representative of the "United Press".

Deputed by the Institute to bring about between the two ancient countries Italy and India, a closer cultural relationship, the Professor has visited many important cities in Northern India including Benares, Allahabad, Agra, Lucknow, Bombay and Simla, where he had delivered lectures at various institutions. Almost everywhere he had found good and spontaneous response, the audience showing an agreeable readiness to know more about Italian culture and philosophy. He is at present at Calcutta and expects to stay in India for some months more.

ROLAND'S WRITINGS

Although, the professor added, the common Italian did not know very much of India, her culture social ronditions and ner struggle for freedom, Ramkrishna and Vivekanand were very much popular with them. This had partly been due to the writings of Romain Roland, the great French Savant, who seems to be the most favourite author in these days.

MUSSOLINI, INDIA'S FRIEND

Dr. Vittorio thought, unlike the Germans, the Italians had no sense of racial superiority. Indians were welcome in his country. In fact, facilities in the form of reduction of taxes and railway fares had been afforded to the Indian students in Italy. Signor Mussolini, who was a friend of India's aspirations had founded the Italian Institute for the Middle and Far East to make relations more intimate. The other day he received a number of Indian ladies in Rome and were photographed along with them.

As regards the claim put forward by the Germans of being pure Aryan blood the professor was of opinion that it was India who could have made that claim more plausibly since Indians had maintained the purity of their blood by keeping aloof from successive invaders.

PROSPECTS OF WAR

As to a war breaking out in Europe in the near future, he thought it was a possibility Abyssinian situation might clear rather than a probability. The away at any moment.—United Press.

SUBHAS BOSE'S SERVICES TO COUNTRY

Indians In England To Present Address And Purse

LONDON (By Air Mail).

An all party committee of about 20 Indian residents and visitors in Engand has been formed to offer a tribute to Sj. Subhas Chandra Bose for his services to the country. The tribute will take the form of an address and a purse.

Amongst those on the Committee are Dr. Vakil, Mr. Erulkar Dr. Mohamedi, Mr. Majumdar and Dr. Ranganathan. Nearly all political views and social affiliations are represented on the Committee.—United Press.

'INDIAN MATINEE' IN LONDON

Organised To Raise Funds For Women's International Congress

LONDON (By Air Mail).

An interesting function which brought India in a cultural light before the British public was held here in the afternoon of April 2.

It was the "Indian Matinee' at the Playhouse Theatre organised for raising funds for the forthcoming Women's International Congress at Istambul.

The Congress is designed to bring about a reunion of the women of forty countries and will, it is stated, be of great value in promoting the mutual understanding of East and West—so important at the present time.

According to a statement issued by Mrs. Seligman, chief organiser of the whole enterprise originally it was going to be an international pageant. But when the committee had before it the script of Savitri, they decided to have it as an Indian affair. "In order to support the Congress it did not seem out of place to take this legend, which impresses the high ideal of Indian womanhood as our theme." so runs the bill.

In the patrons' list are to be found the following names amongst others:

Lord Halifax, Sir John Simon, Sir Bhupen Mitter, Lord Allen, Lord Meston, the French, German Italian, Japanese and other Ambassadors and Ministers, Norman Anjell, Countess Asquith, Marquess of Zetland.—United Press.

ELECTION SUIT AGAINST SHAFI DAUDI

Notice Served Under Orders Of Tribunal

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, April 11.

In connection with the election suit filed against him questioning the validity of his election to the Assembly from Tirhut Division Mohammedan Constituency, Maulana Shafi Doudi was served, under orders from the Tribunal appointed to try the case, with a notice on the 7th instant at Purnea Muslim Conference directing him to inspect the documents filed at the residence of Mr. M. Yunus, Barrister at Patna on the 10th instant and to point out within 48 hours which of them he accepted. The case, it may be stated will be heard by the Tribunal in Patna High Court on the 16th instant.

The report that Mr K. L. Gaubas is coming to defend Maulana Shafi Daudi has absolutely no foundation.

PATNA BOMB EXPLOSION

Important Developments Imminent

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, April 11.

Important developments including several arrests may soon be expected in connection with the recent bomb explosion in Patna City in the investigation of which the police are making some headway. No political significance is however, attached to the occurrence. The chemicals and other materials discovered in the room where the bomb was alleged to have exploded have been sent to Calcutta for examination.

MADRAS' QUOTA OF RURAL UPLIFT FUND

MADRAS, April 11.

It is understood that the local Government expect to receive 14 lakhs from the one crore of rupees set apart by the Government of India for rural sanitation and water supply schemes.

They propose to spend 7½ lakhs for sanitation and the rest for water supply schemes.—A. P.

2 DEAD AND 4 INJURED IN BUS CRASH

MADRAS, April 11.

—A Madura message says that six persons including a woman were injured in a bus crash at Nagamalai.

The driver and two passengers later died in the hospital.—A. P.

FREE PRESS v. JERAJANI

Parties Reach Settlement In Receiver Motion

A consent order was passed by Mr. Justice Rangnekar at the High Court yesterday in the case in which his Lordships had appointed an interim receiver for the rotary machine used by the Free Press of India Ltd., on the 'ex-parte' application of Chhotalal V. Jerajani.

Under the settlement as recorded by the Court, the defendant company agreed to pay the plaintiff weekly instalments of Rs. 375 each on 3rd, 10th 18th and 26th dates of each month, towards the balance due on the loan of Rs. 20,000 advanced by the plaintiff, and the interim receiver appointed by his Lordship a couple of days ago is to be discharged.

In the event of default by the defendant Co., the notice of motion could be brought on board on 48 hours' notice to be given by the plaintiff to the defendants.

Pending the disposal of the suit, the defendants are restrained from alienating or disposing of the machine until further orders.

The suit should be fixed for hearing on July 1.

Bangalore Coffee-shop Burgled

BANGALORE, April 10

It is reported that the coffee shop attached to the British Military Barracks was burgled on Monday night and a sum of Rs. 3,500 removed from the desk. —A.P.

Under Rugby Union Rules on Wednesday Devonport Services beat Capt. Crawshay's XV by 10 points to 8.

At Liverpool in the Rugby League International on Wednesday England beat Wales by 24 points to 11.

(Continued from Col. 7)

and said that the councillors became wiser at the time of the general election and they were not likely to pass any resolution repugnant to city's interests as they had to face the electors then.

VOTE FOR 'STATUS QUO'

At this stage closure was moved and the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram was put to vote and carried by a large majority. When put to vote as a substantive proposition, it was thrown out amidst laughter, by a large majority. The Mayor then remarked: "Nothing then remains before the House."

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

Fundamental Change In Constitution

MASANI'S PROPOSITION IN CORPORATION LOST

The Bombay Municipal Corporation, after the elections of the Statutory Committees, settled down to serious work on Thursday. On the agenda was the proposition of Mr. M. R. Masani (Congress Socialist) which sought to make a fundamental change in the constitution of the Municipal Corporation.

Proposed Change

The change proposed was by amending a Section of the Municipal Act so as to empower the new Corporation to set aside the resolution of the previous Corporation.

Move Frustrated

Many councillors participated in the debate. By a large majority the House threw out the proposition.

Mr. M. R. Masani moved that Rule 46 of the Procedure Rules of the Corporation be amended to read as follows:

"No motion shall be entertained in regard to the question once disposed of, except after the lapse of three months from the date of such disposal. Provided that this rule shall not apply to a question disposed of on a date less than three months before the date for retirement of Councillors under section 7 of the Municipal Act."

SILVER JUBILEE AND CITY

Mr. Masani in moving his proposition said the new councillors who were in the minority desired to re-open the question of Silver Jubilee Celebrations. He wished that the resolution decided by the retiring Corporation should be reopened and reconsidered by the present Corporation. The new councillors should be given an opportunity to express their views on the subject. A sum of Rs. 25,000 had been voted, he said, for the celebrations of Silver Jubilee with which the majority of citizens do not agree and, therefore, he urged that a chance should be given to the new councillors, though they may be in a minority, to express their view point. After all, he submitted, if any resolution is to be set aside it would be only once in three years and not often.

MISS KARA'S SUPPORT

Miss Maniben Kara seconded the proposition, and congratulated Mr. Masani for bringing the proposition. The Ahmedabad Municpality, she said, had thrown out the proposition regarding the celebrations of Silver Jubilee and as representatives of the citizens it was their right to throw out the resolution passed by the last Corporation.

SEND IT TO LAW COMMITTEE

Sir J. B. Boman Behram moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Law and Procedure Committee. Sir Jehangir said the Corporation should not act on the spur of the moment, but should thrash out the matter fully through the Law and Procedure Committee.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin seconded the amendment.

'SAFETY VALVE"

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarakdas supported the amendment and said that the rule of not bringing any proposition before three months to set aside a disagreeable resolution, was like a safety valve against new comers who wished to change old order of things immediately. If Mr. Masani had any grievance, he should have brought it in some other way to ventilate it than by changing the constitution.

MORAL COWARDICE TO SHIRK ISSUE

Prof. K. T. Shah supported the proposition. He said that Mr. Masani was not at all wrong in bringing the proposition. The municipal election was not fought on party lines, otherwise they would have many more councillors to support the resolution. If, however, they shirked the issues, it would be tantamount to moral cowardice.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala asked the councillors to settle down first in the Corporation for a few months so that after gaining some experience, they could talk with some moral courage. He advised the House to summarily throw out the proposition as well the amendment.

J. M. MEHTA'S ADVICE

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta advised the House to accept the amendment of Sir J. B. Boman Behram. It would be, however, ridiculous if the resolutions passed by the Corporation for 33 months were respected and of the other three months not respected. Supposing, he said, the citizens agitated and demanded a big capital work which the Corporation passed after going through the Committee stages and it was thrown out by the incoming Corporation? What will be the result of such a scheme and how much the citizens would be inconvenienced? He, expressed, however, his willingness to investigate into the grievance of Mr. Masani in the Law and Procedure Committee.

SUPPORT FOR AMENDMENT

Mr. Mohanlal Desai also supported the amendment and said all important matters were passed after inquiry by Committees and a thorough debate in the House. He opposed the suggestion of passing the resolution immediately.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji also supported the amendment and said no good purpose would be served in deciding the question all at once.

WHERE REVISION IS NECESSARY

Mr. Mulraj Kursondas gave an instance of the Corporation of 1929 when a proposition giving contract for five years was decided in a hurry. He thought in a case like that it was better to revise the decision of the previous Corporation.

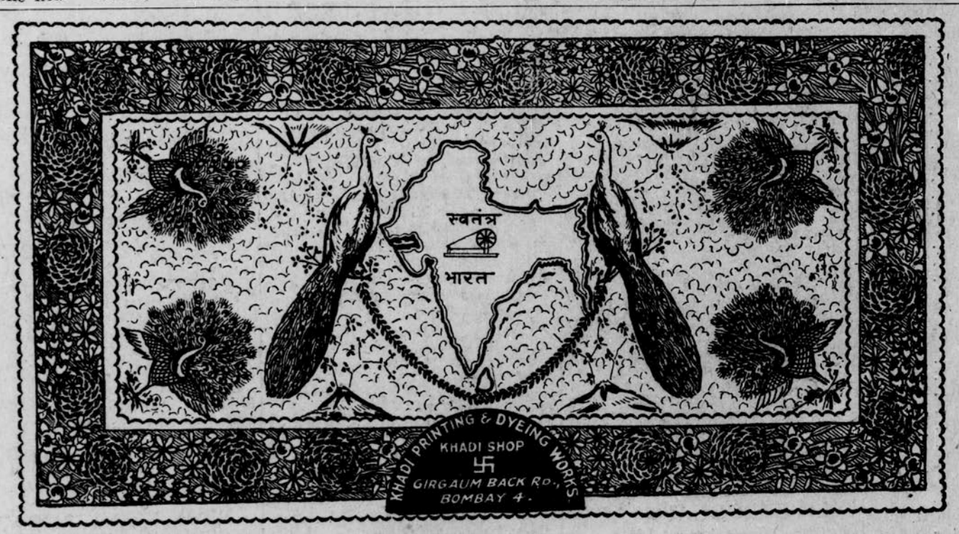
NOT A SENTIMENTAL ISSUE

Mr. S. K. Patil said that question was not a sentimental one, but one of constitution and, therefore, he hesitated to support him. He advised Mr. Masani to resort to some other methods to ventilate his grievance than that of changing the constitution. If the proposition was passed there would be always a fear in the mind of the councillors that their resolution would be set aside by the incoming Corporation if it had a majority.

Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy asked Mr. Masani as to why he opposed the Silver Jubilee celebrations. It was an occasion of joy in which they should participate. He enquired if Mr. Masani was not drinking to his own health on his birthday.

Prof. Sohrab R. Davar complimented Mr. Patil on his speech

(Continued in Col. 8)



A Beautiful Khadi Carpet Designed And Executed By The Khadi Printing And Dyeing Works

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.